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The illustrations in Mr. W. B.'s Catalogues have been carefully drawn and engraved by eminent artists, from plants introduced at great expense from their native habitats; the Catalogue has, therefore, been registered and the copyright is reserved, and any infringement will be proceeded against.

HELICONIA · AUREO-STRIATA.
For description and price, *vide* page 18.

DAVALLIA FIJIENSIS.

For description and price, *vide* page 17.

APHELANDRA PUNCTATA.

For description and price, *vide* page 15.

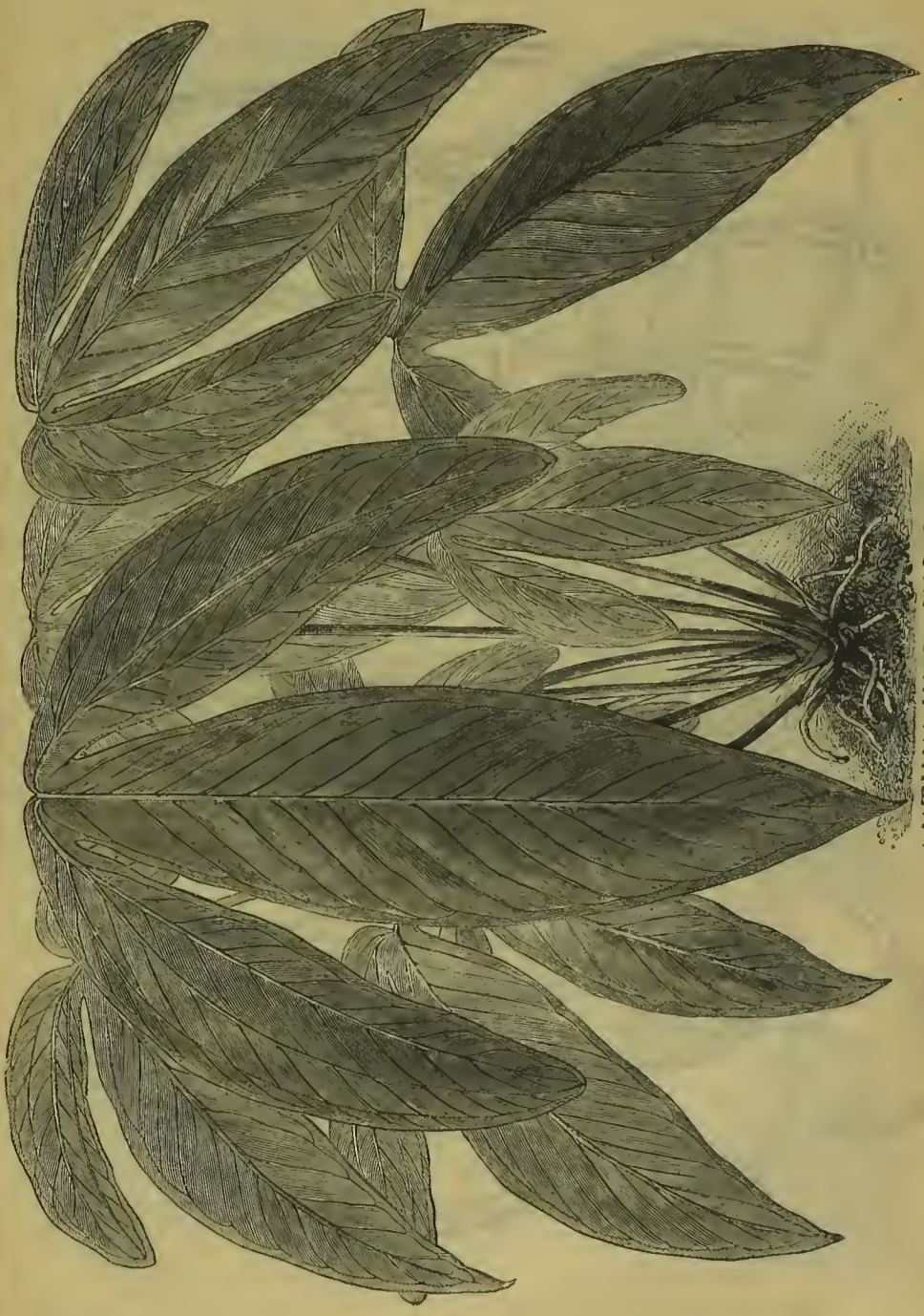
SCHISMATOGLOTTIS LONGISPATHA.

For description and price, *vide* page 20.

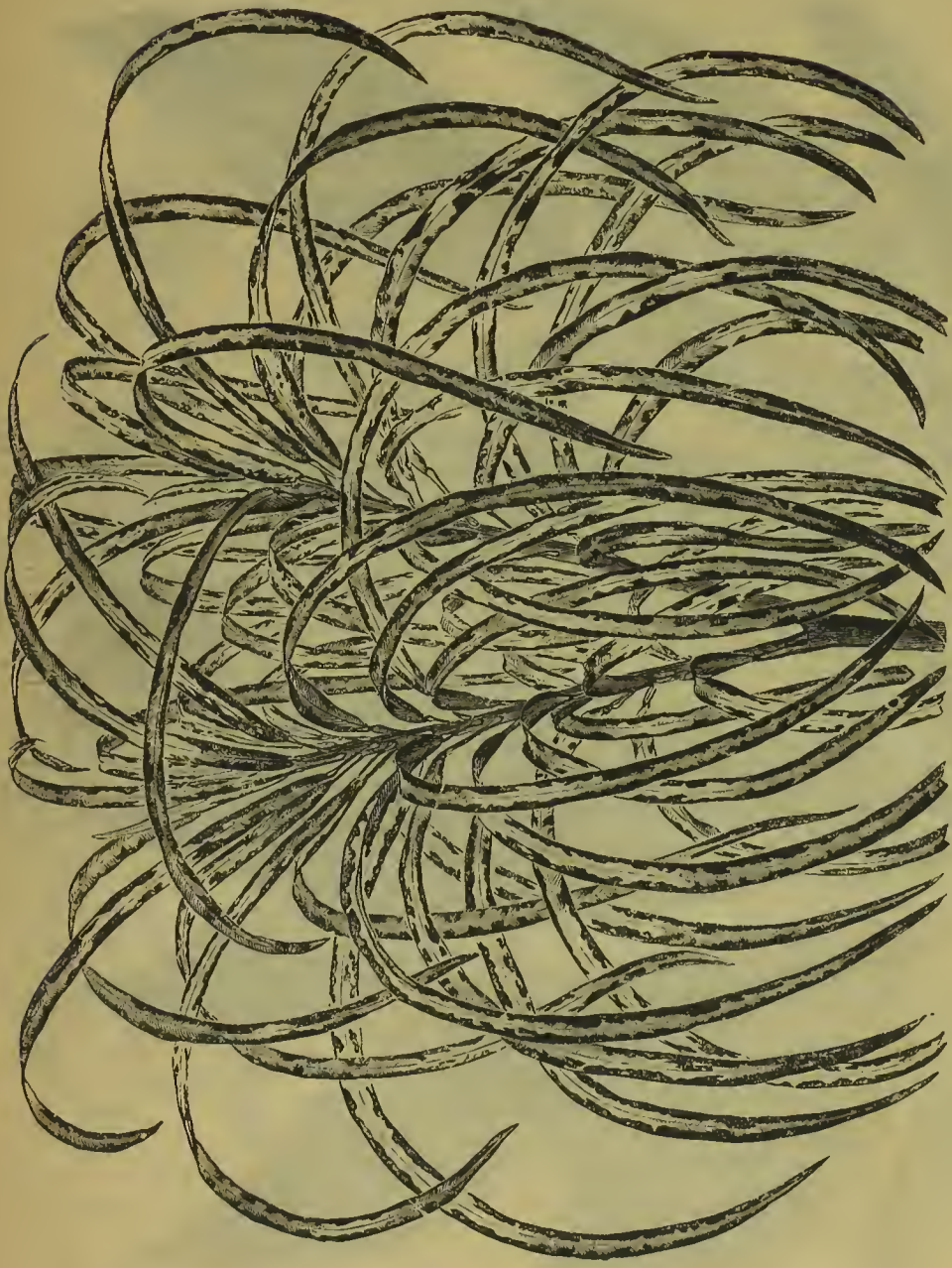
ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM MAXIMUM.

For description and price, *vide* page 15.

ADIANTUM ANEITENSE.
For description and price, *vide* page 15.



ANTHURIUM INSIGNE.
For description and price, *vide* page 15.



CROTON ELEGANTISSIMUS.

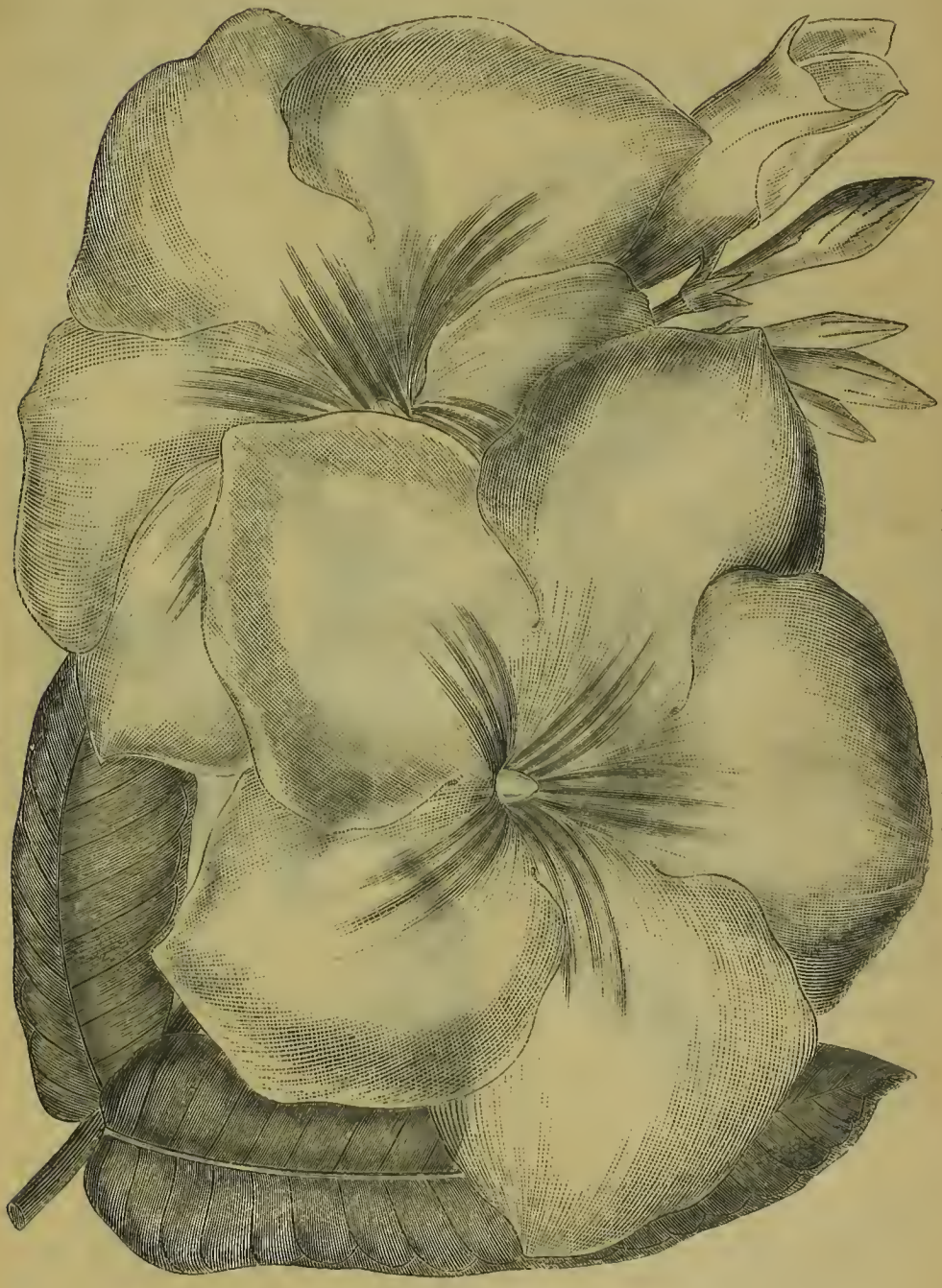
For description and price, *vide* page 16.

IXORA SPLENDIDA.

For description and price, *vide* page 19

POTHOS AUREA.

For description and price, *vide* page 19.



DIPLADENIA CARISSIMA.

For description and price, *vide* page 18.

PRITCHARDIA GRANDIS.
For description and price, *vide* page 19.

NEW PLANTS

ANNOUNCED FOR THE FIRST TIME

BY

WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.

ADIANTUM ANEITENSE.

A very elegant free-growing species of Maiden-hair Fern, introduced from the Island of Aneiteum. It has a creeping rhizome clothed with dark-coloured scales, and three or four times divided deltoid fronds. The numerous segments of which the fronds are made up are rhomboidal, nearly sessile, firm in texture, with a glabrous surface, subglaucous beneath, and shallowly lobed along the upper and outer edges, where the roundish-reniform sori are borne in the centre of the lobes. It is a distinct and ornamental evergreen stove Fern, and was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Great Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Kensington in 1880. For illustration, *vide* page 8. 10*s.* 6*d.*

ANTHURIUM INSIGNE.

A noble and striking Orontiad, imported from the United States of Colombia. The leaves have terete petioles, which are slightly sheathing at the base. The leaf-blade is three-lobed, deflexed at first, afterwards elevated, the middle lobe lanceolate, and the two lateral lobes semi-ovate, being most developed on their exterior edge; these lateral lobes have from three to five longitudinal ribs, and the central one is pinnately veined with a connecting veinlet running about half an inch within the margin. The young leaves have a bronzy tinge before taking on the full green of the mature foliage. It is a very striking plant, and one which should be found in all collections of choice novelties. This was one of the New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Ghent in 1878, and the First Prize at the Great Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Kensington in 1880. For illustration, *vide* page 9. 1½ guinea.

ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM MAXIMUM.

A magnificent variety of this attractive flowering plant, producing gigantic flower-spathes, which measure about nine inches in length by four inches in breadth, of the most brilliant scarlet colour. As a decorative and exhibition plant, this splendid variety will always occupy a foremost place. For illustration, *vide* page 7. 7 guineas.

ANTIGRAMMA BRASILIENSIS.

A simple-fronded stove Fern, with something of the habit of the *Bird's-nest* Fern, but, in a mature state, of a glaucous opaque green colour, and remarkable, in the young plants, for having a broad band of silvery-gray on each side the central costa, giving it a variegated appearance. The fronds are oblong-lanceolate in form, acuminate at the apex, the margin being entire or sinuate, and the surface smooth. The sori are elongate, occupying the long parallel veins which spring from the costa, and more or less continued along their reticulated apices. 10*s.* 6*d.*

APHELANDRA PUNCTATA.

A pretty South American plant, in which is combined variegated foliage and ornamental flowers. The erect stems bear opposite elliptic acuminate leaves. The green mid-rib is conspicuous in the middle of a white central band, which also extends beside the green veins, this silvery band breaking up on its margin into numerous small white dots, which produce a pretty and distinct form of variegation. The blossoms are produced in a decussate spike, composed of ovate acuminate bracts, which are spiny-toothed at the edge, of a bright chrome-yellow with green tips, somewhat spreading and recurved. The flowers are tubular, curved, widening upwards to the five-lobed spreading limb, and of the same bright yellow colour as the bracts. For illustration, *vide* page 5. 10*s.* 6*d.*

ARUNDINARIA KHASIANA.

An elegant Indian Bamboo, closely allied to *A. falcata*, but differing in the violet colour of the stem and branches, and also in having the leaves quite smooth on the under surface. The flowers are produced in panicles, the short branches of which are densely imbricated. It has been found in the Khasia Mountains at an altitude of 5,800 feet, and also in Assam. *5s.*

CARLUDOVICA WALLISII.

A handsome Palm-like stove plant belonging to the order of Cyclanths. It has erect semi-terete petioles, which support the spreading ovate blade of the leaf, which is two-lobed and plicate. Each division of the leaf is about a foot long and six or eight inches broad. It is an elegant plant, and produces roundish oblong heads of white flowers, which are remarkably sweet-scented. It has been introduced from the United States of Colombia. *15s.*

CHAMÆCLADON RUBENS.

A singular dwarf-growing Aroid, remarkable for the metallic appearance presented by its leaves. The plant is neat and tufted in its habit of growth, the leaves ovate, about four inches long, olive or bronzy-green, dotted over with minute stellate scales on the upper surface, and of a dull wine-red beneath, the young leaves being also purplish. The curious flowers are enclosed in small purplish spathes. It has been recently imported from Borneo. *7s. 6d.*

CŒLOGYNE CRISTATA ALBA.

An exquisitely charming variety; the flowers of pure snowy whiteness, without the least marking of yellow in the labellum; in form they differ somewhat from the type, the lip being larger and more concave, and the petals and sepals narrower. It may be truly considered one of the finest of the later additions to Orchids, and as it blooms profusely during the winter, its value for decoration cannot be over estimated; the chaste purity of its blossoms is simply lovely. Price on application.

CROTON BROOMFIELDII.

A richly-marked golden-variegated variety of great beauty. The leaves are nine or ten inches long, and about two and a half inches broad in the widest part. The green ground colour is very dark, but everywhere broken up by irregular yellow lines, spots, and blotches. The principal veins are more distant than in many forms, and more disposed to assume an irregular course, so that the lines of colour which they represent are less regular and formal than in some other kinds, while the variously shaped intermediate spaces are marked over with fine lines and dots. The mid-rib has a slight tint of red, which helps to set off the yellow central band, and the margins are similarly tinted. 1½ guinea.

CROTON EBURNEUS.

A remarkably elegant variety, distinct in character, neat in habit, and pleasing in its variegation. It has elliptic-lanceolate leaves, which are slightly recurved, about six inches in length and an inch and a half in breadth, the colour a deep green, with a broad central band, from a quarter to half an inch wide, of a clear ivory or creamy white, the white colour running out half-way to the margin in acute projections at the bases of the principal veins. 1 guinea.

CROTON ELEGANTISSIMUS.

One of the most charming and elegant varieties yet offered. The leaves are narrow, and of considerable length. The variegation is of a rich bright golden colour, frequently occupying the whole basal half of each leaf, but sometimes extending along the centre, and occurring in distinct blotches. Hence the whole of the coloration near the growing point is pure chrome yellow, and this, contrasting strongly as it does with the bright red tint of the petioles, produces a very pretty effect. This variety was raised in Mr. W. B.'s establishment, and cannot fail to become a favourite for all decorative purposes. It was one of the New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Brussels in 1876. For illustration, *vide* page 10. 1½ guinea.

CROTON FORMOSUS.

A remarkably handsome hybrid variety of moderate growth. The leaves are flat, lance-shaped, about a foot long and an inch and a half broad; the leaf-stalks crimson, the leaf-blade bright green, with a pale yellow central band running out into veins or small irregular blotches; the principal veins are yellow, enclosing oblong areoles, while the marginal veins, which are also yellow, are more closely reticulated, the surface being here and there sprinkled with yellow spots. These yellow portions take on at a later period a glowing crimson hue, the mid-rib and margin especially being of a bright magenta crimson. One of the finest of all the Crotons. It was one of the New Plants with which Mr. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Carlisle in 1877, and at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Preston in 1878. 1½ guinea.

CROTON KINGIANUS.

Probably the noblest and grandest form of this extremely varied and remarkably beautiful group of plants which has yet been obtained. It is indeed a magnificent object, which once seen would not be easily forgotten. The immense leaves are oblong-obovate, twelve to eighteen inches in length, and five to eight inches in breadth, brilliantly marked with golden variegations. The ground colour is a deep green, on which is displayed a series of coloured reticulations; the principal veins are distant, and pass from the mid-rib nearly to the edge, where they arch to meet each other, exterior to which they become more closely reticulated, and all picked out in gold. 1½ guinea.

CROTON ORNATUS.

An attractive and distinct variety. The leaves are oblong, and slightly undulated at the margin, nine inches long by about two inches broad; they are deep green with a narrow central band of creamy-yellow, and long parallel veins of the same colour, the surface being here and there marked by bold irregular blotches of yellow, the yellow parts becoming tinged with crimson. In some conditions the leaves are wholly of a bronzy green, with the lines and blotches rosy pink and the mid-rib of a deeper rosy crimson. 1 guinea.

CROTON VITTATUS.

A very handsome Croton of bold and striking habit. It has oblong leaves, nine to ten inches long and about two and a half inches broad, on longish petioles, which are yellowish at the thickened base and apex, and of a bright ruby-red between. The colour of the leaf-blade is a clear full green, with a broad half to three quarter inch band of creamy-yellow, which runs out laterally along the bases of the distant primary veins. The mid-rib in the older and more matured leaves takes on the same bright ruby-red as the petioles, which adds much to the brilliancy of the marking. 1 guinea.

DAVALLIA FIJIENSIS.

One of the most charmingly elegant of all stove Ferns, free in growth, firm and durable in texture, evergreen in habit, bright green in colour, and the most finely divided of the Davallias. The fronds grow two to three feet in height, and have a deltoid outline, the caudately elongated points of the fronds and of the pinnæ being gracefully deflexed; they are compoundly divided on a quadripinnatifid manner, the whole fronds being split up into lanceolate pinnules and pinnulets, and finally cut into narrow blunt linear or bifid divisions. Being of evergreen habit and remarkably elegant in its whole contour, so that it will take rank amongst the most ornamental of its race, it is not too much praise to say that it is the finest acquisition to its class, introduced for many years. It comes, as its name implies, from the Fiji Islands. This was one of the New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Ghent in 1878, and at the Great Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Kensington in 1880. For illustration, *vide* page 4. 1½ guinea.

DIEFFENBACHIA COSTATA.

A very handsome stove plant with ovate leaves, which are blunt at the base, undulated at the edge, acuminate at the apex, about nine inches long, of a deep velvety green, with distinct ivory-white mid-rib, and having scattered over the surface, more or less profusely, a series of oblong angular ivory-white blotches. It was imported from the United States of Colombia. 15*s*.

DIEFFENBACHIA INSIGNIS.

A bold-growing species, with a green stem and pale-green petioles. The leaf-blades are large, six inches or more in breadth, obliquely ovate, shortly acuminate, of a dark-green colour, with irregular angular blotches of pale yellowish-green, the blotches represented by white markings on the under surface. It has been introduced from the United States of Colombia. 15*s*.

DIEFFENBACHIA NITIDA.

A neat-growing stove plant, remarkable in the group to which it belongs for its glossy leaves. The stems are erect, the leaf-blade oblong-lanceolate, blunt at the base, and acuminate at the apex. Of a deep glossy green, marked with angular blotches of bright yellowish-green. The markings appear white on the under surface. It has been introduced from the United States of Colombia. 15*s*.

DIEFFENBACHIA TRIUMPHANS.

A very desirable ornamental plant, introduced from the United States of Colombia. The leaf-blades are sub-spreading, ovate-lanceolate, attenuately acuminate, fourteen inches in length, and between four and five inches in breadth, dark green thickly covered with large irregular angular blotches, of a yellowish-green, the variegation showing on both surfaces of the leaf. It is one of the most striking species yet introduced to cultivation. This was one of the New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Ghent in 1878. 1 guinea.

DIPLADENIA CARISSIMA.

A charming variety of this attractive genus of stove climbers, producing racemes of lovely flowers of a soft delicate blush-pink colour, with an open throat, marked opposite the centre of the oblique limb-segments, by radiating lines of bright rose. The flowers are about five inches in diameter, of good form and thick wax-like substance. From its distinct character, free habit, and the pleasing colour of the flowers, it will prove an excellent companion for the magnificent *D. Brearleyana*, and like it, will make a first-rate exhibition plant. For illustration, *vide* page 13. 1 guinea.

DIPLADENIA DELECTA.

An attractive variety producing finely formed flowers of good substance, and of a very pretty shade of rosy-pink; the mouth encircled with deep rose and shaded with violet, and the light throat shaded with yellow. 15*s.*

DIPLADENIA DIADEMA.

A beautiful variety producing pretty flowers of a soft pink colour suffused with rose, the mouth encircled with deep rose; light throat; the flowers are of large size and excellent form, with good broad limb segments. 15*s.*

DRACÆNA LINDENI.

The most distinct and striking Dracæna announced since my sending out *D. Goldieana*. In habit it is somewhat similar to the African species *D. fragrans*, but with the foliage handsomely variegated. I have imported this beautiful and attractive plant from Brazil. Its elegantly recurved leaves are lanceolate-acuminate in form, of a deep green colour, and are traversed their entire length by bands of creamy white and various shades of yellow; the diverse forms of the variegation and the blending of the colours render the plant of the highest value for decoration. 5 and 7 guineas.

ERANTHEMUM EBORACENSE.

A stove plant of neat growth, producing axillary white flowers; the corolla has a slender tube about an inch long, and a spreading limb of five blunt oblong segments over an inch across, each being about half an inch long. It is a native of Duke of York's Island. 5*s.*

HELICONIA AUREO-STRIATA.

A bold-looking stove plant of noble aspect, resembling some dwarf Musa in its general appearance. The stems, which are formed, as in Musa, of the closely enfolded sheathing stalks of the leaves, are striated with green and yellow, and become recurved at the top. The leaf-blade is elongate-ovate, cordate at the base, and cuspidate at the apex; deep green with the course of the parallel-curved veins, which run out from the costa to the margin, traced out by yellow lines producing a freely marked and very striking variegation. Though closely related to the stately Bananas, it is a comparatively dwarf plant, though one of bold and imposing character. It has been introduced from the South Sea Islands. For illustration, *vide* page 3. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

ISOLOMA HIRSUTA.

This pretty Gesneraceous plant has been introduced from the United States of Columbia. It is of free growth, producing in profusion attractive tubular flowers of a bright orange-vermilion colour; the upper lobes scarlet, and the lower lip and throat orange spotted with scarlet. 5*s.*

IXORA BELLA.

An exceedingly pretty and effective variety, producing fine trusses of flowers of a salmon-pink colour, shading off to light salmon. 15*s.*

IXORA EXIMIA.

This variety produces fine large trusses of pips with very long tubes; the colour on opening is buff changing afterwards to salmon-pink. 10*s.* 6*d.*

IXORA ILLUSTRIS

A splendid variety, producing immense trusses of flowers of a fine bright orange-salmon colour; extremely showy and ornamental. 15*s.*

IXORA ORNATA.

A remarkably free-blooming variety, producing good trusses of bright orange-salmon flowers in the greatest profusion. 10*s.* 6*d.*

IXORA PICTURATA.

An extremely floriferous variety ; the flowers on first opening are of a bright orange colour, which gradually changes to buff. 10*s.* 6*d.*

IXORA SPLENDIDA.

A magnificent variety producing profusely very large and handsome trusses of flowers of a rich bright orange-crimson colour ; remarkably showy and attractive. For illustration, *vide* page 11. 1 guinea.

LATHYRUS SPLENDENS.

A splendid perennial climber, producing a profusion of large and gay scarlet-purple blossoms in clusters of from ten to twelve. The individual flowers are one and a half to two inches in size, the keel almost an inch long, and half as deep, with large banner-like petals. The plant is allied to the common Everlasting Pea, but the blossoms are larger and more abundant, and their colour is much brighter. It is a native of the Mountains of Lower California. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MICROSTYLIS CHLOROPHRYS.

An extremely pretty little Orchidaceous plant introduced from Borneo ; its foliage presents a brownish or purple tint, the leaves being sepia-brown above, light purple beneath, and bordered with light green ; of oblong-acute form, and very much undulated at the borders. The peduncle is of a light rosy colour with purple ribs ; the flowers purple, with the ears of the sagittate lip ochre-coloured. 10*s.* 6*d.*

MICROSTYLIS METALLICA.

This charming little gem has been imported from Borneo. From the cylindrical bulbs are produced its beautiful leaves ; they are of a light rose colour underneath, and blackish purple above, with quite an exquisite metallic lustre ; the violet peduncle bears a long raceme of numerous rather long-stalked flowers ; the odd sepal yellow, the lateral sepals one side rose colour, the other yellow ; the petals and lip light rose-coloured. 10*s.* 6*d.*

MUSA URANOSCOPAS.

This new Queensland Banana will form a noble ornament for a warm conservatory. It has a thick handsome stem, formed, as in its allies, by the sheathing leaf-stalks, which support large broad leaves not unlike those of *Musa Ensete*. The flowers and fruit are borne in erect racemes, unlike those of the ordinary Banana, in which they are nodding. It is found on the scrub lands of the Johnstone and Daintree Rivers in Queensland. 1 guinea.

PITCAIRNIA BROMELIÆFOLIA.

An attractive stove plant, of graceful habit, with very long and narrow recurved drooping foliage ; it bears a tall branching spike of bright coral red blossoms ; the flowers individually are from two to two and a half inches long, in shape somewhat resembling those of a Salvia, and have bright yellow stamens, forming an effective contrast. 1 guinea.

POTHOS AUREA.

This remarkably distinct Aroid, which is of climbing habit, has been imported from the Solomon Islands. The leaves are strikingly variegated, heart-shaped, and unequal sided, of a dark green, boldly and irregularly marked by bands or fantastic-shaped blotches of creamy yellow, here and there suffused with pale yellowish-green. Being of free growth, and having a boldly marked variegation, it will be an ornamental object in the tropical plant stove, where it will find itself at home in clothing walls and artificial rockwork. For illustration, *vide* page 12. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

PRITCHARDIA GRANDIS.

As a new introduction, scarcely any plant has made a greater sensation than this remarkable Palm. When exhibited by Mr. W. B. at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Brussels in 1876, it won the First Prize for a New Palm not in commerce. At the same time another specimen was also shown in the six New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize. Again at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Ghent in 1878, it was one of the Twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. won the First Prize.

It was discovered in the South Sea Islands by one of Mr. W. B.'s Plant Collectors, and takes rank amongst the most distinct and attractive Palms ever introduced. Of robust compact habit, producing large handsome leaves, which are nearly orbicular in general outline, with a wedge-shaped somewhat truncate base ; the venation is palmate, and the margin for the greater part of the circumference is divided into narrow oblong lobes, each of which is slightly notched. The leaves are originally flat, but become convex above as they grow older ; they are of a dark shining green colour above, paler beneath, and the surface is quite destitute of pubescence. For illustration, *vide* page 14. 2 and 3 guineas.

RHODODENDRON ASSAMICUM.

A free-growing evergreen species, with narrow lanceolate densely set leaves. The flowers are about three and a half inches broad, campanulate, with broadly oblong rotundate lobes, pure milk-white, with a cream-coloured stain at the base of the upper lobe near the mouth of the tube. This distinct, free-flowering, and handsome Rhododendron, as its name indicates, has been imported from Assam. 10*s.* 6*d.*

SCHISMATOGLOTTIS LONGISPATHA.

A pretty, dwarf, neat-habited Aroid introduced from Borneo. Its short erect stems grow in tufts, spreading by short rhizomes, and are furnished with obliquely ovate leaves, some four inches long, of a lightish green colour, marked with a feathered central band of silvery-gray, through which runs the distinct green costa; the slender leaf-stalks, about as long or longer than the leaves, have a broadish sheathing base. The inflorescence is curious in structure, the most conspicuous parts being the small yellowish-green spadices. For illustration, *vide* page 6. 1 guinea.

SPARMANNIA AFRICANA FLORE-PLENO.

This, as indicated by its name, is a handsome double-flowered variety of the well-known and useful Cape Sparmannia. In its shrubby habit, cordate leaves, and numerous clusters of flowers, it resembles the typical form, from which it differs in the stamens being converted into white petals, thus forming double white flowers of singular elegance and beauty. As a conservatory shrub, as a smaller pot plant for greenhouse decoration, and as a cut flower for bouquets and button-holes, it will be alike useful and valuable. 7*s.* 6*d.*

TECOMA ROSEA.

A remarkably handsome greenhouse climber of the Bignoniaceous order, imported from South Africa. It has opposite pinnate leaves, with ovate leaflets, which are slightly toothed at the edges, and bears magnificent racemes, three to four feet in length, of large showy trumpet-shaped flowers, which are of a rosy lilac colour.

This beautiful plant can scarcely be too strongly recommended as a handsome showy climber. 1 guinea.

ZAMIA PRASINA.

A handsome and distinct-looking Cycad, introduced from Honduras. The stems are in the young plants roundish or roundish-ovate, clothed with the imbricating scales left by the falling of the leaves. The leaves are equally pinnate, the dark dull-green leaf-stalks terete, with an indistinct furrow in front, and furnished with a few small scattered white prickles. The leaf-blade is oblong-ovate, pinnate, with some sixteen or seventeen pairs of oblanceolate pinnæ, entire, and tapered at the base, where they are set on by a distinctly swollen articulation, denticulate towards the apex, the upper surface of a bright grass-green colour, whence the name. 1½ guinea.

NEW GLOXINIAS.

WITH ERECT FLOWERS.

CHAUCER, lobes rich velvety crimson, shading off to violet rose and edged with pale rose; light throat, slightly freckled with rose; a very fine large flower. 5*s.*

COWPER, light blue, edged with lavender; base of throat white, spotted with crimson: upper part of throat and mouth rich purplish crimson. 5*s.*

DRYDEN, a magnificent flower; the lobes are of a deep rich crimson colour, shaded with rose and margined with pure white; the base of the throat is white, freckled with crimson; upper part of throat and mouth violet crimson. 5*s.*

GRAY, lobes rich purplish violet, base of throat white, freckled with crimson; upper part of throat and mouth deep crimson purple. 5*s.*

POPE, lobes white, densely freckled with small bluish dots; margin of lobes pure white; throat white, freckled with light crimson. 5*s.*

TENNYSON, a very pretty flower with pure white lobes, light throat freckled with purple, and mouth encircled with bluish violet. 5*s.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW TYDÆAS.

AILSA, exterior of tube bright vermilion ; lobes lemon-yellow, heavily maculated with deep rich bright velvety crimson ; light throat, spotted with crimson ; a very fine large flower. *7s. 6d.*

BOMB, exterior of tube deep crimson, the two upper lobes deep purplish crimson with dark spots ; the three under lobes light yellow, heavily barred and spotted with rich crimson ; light throat rayed with crimson ; extremely distinct. *5s.*

CECILIA, light reddish tube ; lemon-yellow lobes freckled with crimson ; light throat. *5s.*

COQUETTE, bright carmine tube ; cream-coloured lobes reticulated streaked and spotted with purplish crimson. *5s.*

CYNTHIA, crimson tube, creamy white lobes richly spotted and marked with purplish crimson ; a very pretty flower. *5s.*

FLORETTA, tube of a rich magenta crimson colour ; lobes cream colour, richly maculated with magenta crimson ; very fine. *5s.*

HECTOR, a splendid flower, tube bright vermilion ; lobes lemon yellow, barred and spotted with rich velvety crimson. *5s.*

HYPATICA, tube rosy purple ; upper lobes magenta rose ; under lobes white, much suffused with rosy purple, and striped and spotted with dark crimson. *5s.*

JULIETTE, light rosy purple tube ; white lobes beautifully spotted and striped with rich crimson ; a very fine large flower. *5s.*

LORENZO, carmine tubes ; yellow lobes freckled with dark crimson ; a showy and attractive flower. *5s.*

MIRANA, bright rose tube ; upper lobes rosy carmine, spotted with dark crimson ; lower lobes pale yellow, shaded with rose and spotted with crimson. *5s.*

SABINA, tube light rosy purple ; lobes creamy white, richly maculated with crimson in the centre and spotted with crimson towards the edges ; distinct and attractive. *5s.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW FUCHSIAS.

ADDISON, a splendid flower of good form and substance, tube and sepals bright crimson ; the sepals very broad and horizontally reflexed ; fine large corolla of a rich deep purple colour striped and flaked with rose. *10s. 6d.*

HUME, a fine flower with a short tube, horizontally reflexed sepals and large expanded corolla ; the tube and sepals are of a deep rose colour, and the corolla rich dark blue. *7s. 6d.*

MONTGOMERY, tube and sepals rich bright crimson ; the tube short and the sepals horizontally reflexed ; the corolla is of a deep rich purplish-crimson colour flaked and mottled with rose ; a remarkably fine flower of good substance. *10s. 6d.*

WORDSWORTH, a showy flower with short tube and broad recurved sepals of a bright carmine-scarlet colour, and rich purplish plum coloured corolla. *7s. 6d.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW SHOW PELARGONIUMS.

ALLIANCE, upper petals blackish maroon, edged with bright crimson ; under petals rich dark crimson ; a fine large flower with clear light centre. *10s. 6d.*

COMBATANT, a rich-looking and attractive flower ; upper petals violet-rose, blotched with maroon and surrounded with crimson ; under petals rich rosy-violet ; distinct white centre. *10s. 6d.*

ELFRIDA, upper petals blackish maroon, surrounded with crimson and edged with blush-white ; under petals blush marked with crimson ; white centre. *10s. 6d.*

INSTANCE, upper petals violet-crimson, shaded with maroon and edged with white ; under petals blush-white ; an exceedingly pretty flower. *7s. 6d.*

ISABEL, upper petals dark maroon, bordered with bright crimson and margined with white ; under petals mottled rosy-crimson ; large white centre ; a fine large flower. *7s. 6d.*

RUSTIC, a fine flower of good shape ; upper petals rich crimson shaded maroon ; under petals rich crimson ; light centre shaded with violet. *7s. 6d.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS.

DELIGHT, upper petals dark maroon, edged with rose; under petals rosy-crimson, spotted with maroon and edged with pale rose. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ELVINA, upper petals rich bright crimson, blotched with maroon and margined with white; under petals blush, tinted rose and spotted with crimson; a beautiful flower. 10*s.* 6*d.*

GARLAND, blackish maroon upper petals, margined with deep crimson and edged with white; orange-scarlet under petals spotted with deep crimson; white centre. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PEERLESS, a splendid flower; the upper petals blackish maroon, surrounded with fiery crimson; under petals rich crimson, with maroon spot. 10*s.* 6*d.*

PRIAM, upper petals dark maroon, shaded with violet-crimson and edged lilac; under petals light rosy-purple, spotted with purplish crimson; an attractive flower with distinct white centre. 10*s.* 6*d.*

SERENA, rosy-lake, with slight purplish shade; upper petals blotched with maroon; under petals spotted with deep crimson; a very fine showy flower. 10*s.* 6*d.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW FANCY PELARGONIUMS.

ANIMATION, upper petals violet-crimson, edged with white; under petals violet-rose, with white margin; a fine large flower with conspicuous white centre. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CONCORD, a charming flower; the upper petals are of a bright rose colour, with violet shade and white margin; the under petals white, faintly marked with rose. 10*s.* 6*d.*

FIGARO, upper petals rich rose, with lilac margin; under petals lavender-blush, with light rose marking; extremely pretty. 7*s.* 6*d.*

JEWEL, pure white, beautifully feathered and marked with soft rosy-lake in the upper petals, and faintly spotted with rose in the under petals; a lovely flower of excellent form. 10*s.* 6*d.*

MANFRED, upper petals very deep crimson, with violet shade; under petals blush-white, spotted with bright crimson and shaded with rose. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ROMANCE, a beautiful flower; the upper petals are of an intensely deep velvety crimson, edged with rose; the under petals are of a rich rosy-crimson colour, edged with lavender-blush; large white centre. 10*s.* 6*d.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

ASTREA, a beautiful flower of a bright orange scarlet colour, with conspicuous white eye. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BIANCA, soft rosy lake, a charming shade of colour; a fine large flower, round and smooth. 5*s.*

CALLIOPE, a splendid flower, large and of fine form; colour a very deep rich scarlet. 5*s.*

CAPELLA, bright rosy pink, with white marking in the upper petals; a very pretty flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EUREUS, a fine large well-formed flower of a rich crimson scarlet colour, with light eye. 5*s.*

LARA, rich deep lavender-pink, with white marking in the upper petals; a fine variety, throwing very large trusses. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MADGE, a free blooming variety, producing large well-formed flowers of a very rich bright scarlet colour. 5*s.*

OMEGA, bright pink, with white marking in the upper petals; an attractive variety, very free blooming. 5*s.*

PELAGIA, an immense flower, of excellent form, colour a light dazzling vermilion scarlet, with large white eye. 5*s.*

SYREN, this variety produces immense trusses of rich bright rose-pink flowers, with slight magenta shade, and white marking in upper petals; a beautiful colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TALBOT, a very free-blooming variety, producing fine flowers of a rich bright carmine-scarlet colour, with white eye. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VIVACITY, immense trusses of good flowers of a light rosy-carmine colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW NOSEGAY PELARGONIUMS.

ARAB, violet crimson, the upper petals shaded with scarlet; a very free-blooming variety, giving immense trusses. *5s.*

CAROLINE, a fine variety, producing large trusses of flowers of a rosy-magenta colour, flushed with scarlet in the upper petals. *5s.*

FAME, rich rosy-violet, marked with scarlet in the upper petals; fine large trusses. *5s.*

LEGATEE, a very free-blooming variety of dwarf habit, producing large trusses of flowers of an intensely deep shade of crimson colour. *5s.*

PERCY, a beautiful variety, giving very large trusses of soft rose-pink flowers, with white marking in the upper petals. *5s.*

SIGNET, rich bright magenta-crimson, with slight scarlet shading in the upper petals; a magnificent flower. *5s.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

ARISTOPHANES, a fine large well-formed flower of a deep violet-rose colour. *7s. 6d.*

EURIPIDES, bright cerise-scarlet; a large, full flower; very showy and attractive. *7s. 6d.*

HOMER a splendid variety of dwarf habit, and extremely floriferous, producing fine full flowers of a rich soft magenta-crimson colour, some of the petals shaded with scarlet. *10s. 6d.*

LYSIAS, a distinct and attractive variety, producing large trusses of flowers of a deep salmon colour, flushed with vermilion. *7s. 6d.*

ODYSSEUS, a magnificent flower of a deep magenta-crimson colour, with purplish shade, the upper petals marked with scarlet; a showy variety, producing immense trusses. *10s. 6d.*

SOPHOCLES, rosy-carmine, shaded with scarlet; fine large flowers, borne in large round trusses; very effective. *7s. 6d.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW BEGONIAS.

WITH VARIEGATED FOLIAGE.

ARIADNE, centre of leaf olive-green, speckled with silver; outer portion of leaf glistening silver, margined with olive-green. *5s.*

ELAINE, beautiful silvery foliage, with brouzy-green centre, speckled with silvery white and margined with bronzy-green. *5s.*

FINETTE, leaf surface bright shining silver, distinctly bordered with dark olive-green; dark brouzy-green centre. *5s.*

IONA, rich olive-green, attractively ornamented with blotches of shining silver between the veins, and margined with dark bronzy-green; a very fine variety. *5s.*

LOVELY, a pretty light variety, upper surface silvery-green; the rich crimson markings of the under part of the leaf showing through to the upper, and producing a very charming effect. *5s.*

PROGNE, silvery-white, with small dark olive-green centre, and narrow olive-green margin. *5s.*

ROSALIE, silvery-leaf surface, with metallic reflections; small bronzy centre and dark bronzy-green margin; the leaves and stems covered with red hairs. *5s.*

STARLIGHT, leaf centre dark bronzy-green, surrounded with a broad silvery band, which is margined with light green; the margin spotted with silver and edged with bronze; exceedingly attractive. *5s.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW HYBRID HANDSOME-FLOWERED BEGONIAS.

TUBEROUS-ROOTED SECTION.

DEFIANCE, a very showy variety, producing fine large flowers of a light orange-scarlet colour. *7s. 6d.*

DELICATA, a charming variety, with beautiful blush-white flowers. *7s. 6d.*

NEW HYBRID HANDSOME-FLOWERED BEGONIAS—continued.

FIREFLY, an exceedingly attractive variety, producing fine flowers of a bright scarlet colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MARTHA, soft delicate rose-pink ; a beautiful flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

VICTORY, a magnificent large flower, with broad petals of a dazzling vermilion-scarlet colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW COLEUS.

The following are novel, handsome, and quite distinct in character, the margins of the leaves being all strikingly toothed or fringed :—

ALLIANCE, the leaves of this variety are long and very deeply toothed ; colour rich bronzy-crimson, margined with yellowish-green.

ANGELIC, a long narrow deeply-toothed leaf, having a rich amaranth-crimson centre, surrounded with bronze ; the marginal teeth tipped with green.

ERNEST, a large broad toothed leaf with brilliant crimson centre marked with chocolate ; the outer portion of the leaf greenish-yellow, spotted with crimson ; very striking.

EUREUS, a small neat-habited variety with leaves of a pale bright yellow colour, with very light green centre.

HEBE, a variety of bold, robust growth ; leaf centre and veins bright magenta-crimson, surrounded with rich bronzy-chocolate ; the margin tipped with green ; very showy.

MARKSMAN, an attractive variety with blotched and mottled foliage ; the prettily fringed leaves being irregularly marked with crimson, bronze, green, and yellow ; a most attractive variety.

PEGASUS, centre of leaves light greenish-yellow, surrounded with irregular blotches of deep crimson ; the outer portion of the leaves rich yellow.

ZELINDA, a strikingly ornamental variety, having the leaves irregularly blotched and marked with rich crimson, bright yellow, and light green.

Price, 3*s.* 6*d. each ; the collection of eight varieties for* 1 *guinea.*

NEW COLEUS.

ANNETTE, centre of leaf rich magenta-crimson, broadly margined with dark bronze, and edged with green.

AUTOCRAT, dark bronzy-chocolate, veined with rosy-crimson, and margined with bright green.

BRIGADE, centre of leaf soft violet-rose, surrounded with light green, and slightly marked with bronze.

DISPLAY, bright magenta-crimson, blotched with bronze, and broadly margined with green.

ELFRIDA, golden-yellow, mottled with bright green ; a very pretty variety.

GENERAL, cream colour, lightly flushed with rose, and blotched with rosy-crimson ; the margin dotted with green.

GERTRUDE, dark olive-green, veined and reticulated with light rosy-crimson, and margined with green.

HERALD, centre of leaf dark chocolate, veined with magenta-crimson, and broadly margined with bright green.

LAVINIA, leaf centre bright rosy-magenta, margined with dark bronze, and edged with green.

LURLINE, light green centre, blotched with crimson ; golden-yellow margin, mottled with light crimson.

MARINER, centre of the leaf creamy white, with a few green spots ; the leaf broadly margined with green.

MEDINA, bright rosy-crimson, flushed with magenta, shaded with bronze towards the margin, and edged with green.

NEPTUNE, bronzy-green, with salmon rose centre and veins, and narrow green margin.

ORACLE, small greenish centre, all the outer portion of leaf rich bright magenta-crimson ; the serratures bright yellow.

SUPREME, rich purplish-crimson, surrounded with bronze, and tipped with green on the edge.

SYBIL, dark bronzy-green, with feathered centre of rosy-crimson, slightly mottled with yellow.

Price, 3*s.* 6*d. each ; the collection of sixteen varieties,* 2 *guineas.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW VARIETIES OF COLEUS.

For descriptions and prices, *vide* page 24.

BOUVARDIA ALFRED NEUNER.

A New Double White-flowered Variety.

This charming novelty will prove of inestimable value for all kinds of decorative purposes; it is of excellent habit, and a profuse bloomer, throwing fine large trusses of lovely pure white rosette-like double flowers, each flower composed of three perfect rows of petals. For all purposes for which cut flowers are required, the chaste blossoms of this beautiful plant will be found unequalled. 10*s.* 6*d.*

NEW PLANTS RECENTLY INTRODUCED BY Mr. W. B.,

THAT CAN BE VERY STRONGLY RECOMMENDED.

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NEW, RARE AND DESIRABLE STOVE PLANTS.

ACALYPHA ILLUSTRATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MACAFEEANA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MACROPHYLLA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MARGINATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MUSAICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ACANTHUS MONTANUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ACHIMENES, *vide* Index.
ADANSONIA DIGITATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
ÆCHMEA AMAZONICA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— DISCOLOR, *vide* Lamprococcus discolor.
—— FULGENS, *vide* Lamprococcus fulgens.
—— MARIÆ REGINÆ, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.
—— MINIATA, *vide* Lamprococcus miniata.
—— VEITCHII, *vide* Chevalliera Veitchii.
—— WEILBACHI, *vide* Lamprococcus Weilbachi
ÆSCHYNANTHUS, of sorts, at 3*s.* 6*d.*
ALLAMANDA CATHARTICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CHELSONI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— GRANDIFLORA, 5*s.*
—— HENDERSONI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— NERIIFOLIA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— NOBILIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SCHOTTII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ALOCASIA AMABILIS, 5*s.*
—— GIGANTEA, 5*s.*
—— HYBRIDA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— ILLUSTRIS, 5*s.*
—— INTERMEDIA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— JENNINGSII, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— LOWII, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

ALOCASIA JOHNSTONI.

A most remarkable Aroid, which has been introduced from the Solomon Islands in the Pacific Ocean. The leaf-stalks are furnished at intervals with irregular whorls of stiff spines, the points of which are turned upwards, the stem itself being darkly mottled, and having flesh-coloured bands just above the spines; the leaf-blade is semi-erect, arrow-shaped, peltately attached, the front lobe being about twelve inches long, and the two back lobes fourteen inches long and divergent, olive green, prettily variegated and strikingly veined with bright rosy red. This plant from its distinct character and the coloured venation of the leaves is altogether unique and very attractive. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. William Bull gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Carlisle in September, 1877. 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

ALOCASIA MACRORRHIZA VARIEGATA, 5*s.*
—— MARSHALLII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— METALLICA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— (SCHISTOCASIA) PORTEI, 1½ and 2 guineas
—— THIBAUTIANA, 1½ guinea
—— VEITCHII, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— ZEBRINA, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
ALPINIA VITTATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
AMARYLLIS ACHIEVEMENT, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— ACHILLES, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— ACKERMANNI PULCHERRIMA, 1 and 1½ guinea
—— AMAZON, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— AMBASSADOR, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— ARIADNE, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— ASPASIA, 5*s.*
—— AULICA SUPERBA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— BARON, 5*s.*
—— CERBERUS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— COMMANDER, 7*s.*, 6*d.*
—— COQUETTE 5*s.*
—— CORSAIR, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— COUNTESS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— CYRUS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— DIADEM, 15*s.*
—— ELECTRA, 1 guinea
AMARYLLIS EMMELINE, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— EUROPA, 1 guinea
—— EUTERPE, 15*s.*
—— FIGARO, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— FORMOSISSIMA *(Jacobæa Lily)*, 6*d.* and 9*d.*
—— GENERAL, 1 guinea
—— HENDERSONI, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— —— COCCINEA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— HEROINE, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— IGNESCENS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— IMPERIALIS, 1 guinea
—— JOSEPHINÆ, 15*s.*
—— JUPITER, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— LEOPOLDII, 1 and 1½ guinea
—— MABEL, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— METEOR, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— NEPTUNE, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— NIMROD, 5*s.*
—— OBERON, 1 guinea
—— ONDINE, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— OPTIMA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— OSCAR, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— PARDINA, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— PAULINE, 15*s.*
—— PORTIA, 5*s.*
—— PRINCEPS, 1 guinea
—— PYRROCHROA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

AMARYLLIS REGALIS, 1 guinea
—— REGINA, 1 guinea
—— RETICULATA, 5*s.*
—— —— PIRLOTI, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— ROMEO, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— ROSALIND, 5*s.*
—— RUTILA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— SAPPHO, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— SOUVENIR, 7*s.* 6*d.*
AMARYLLIS SULTANA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— SYLVIA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— TITANIA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— TROJAN, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— URANIE, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— VERONA, 15*s.*
—— VESTA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— VESUVIUS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— VICTORIA, 10*s.* 6*d.*

AMARYLLIS, choice selections of good sorts, 3, 4 and 6 guineas per dozen.

AMHERSTIA NOBILIS, 2 guineas
AMORPHOPHALLUS CAMPANULATUS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ORNATUS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— TITANUM, 3 guineas
ANÆCTOCHILUS, *vide* Orchids.
ANANASSA SATIVA VARIEGATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
ANCHOMANES DUBIUM, 10*s.* 6*d.*
ANCYLOGYNE LONGIFLORA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ANDROPOGON SCHŒNANTHUS, 5*s.*
ANTHURIUM ANDREANUM, *vide* page 29.
—— CANDIDUM, 5*s.*
ANTHURIUM CRYSTALLINUM, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

ANTHURIUM DECHARDI.

This splendid plant is a native of New Grenada. It is of robust growth, with deep green foliage, and beautiful large snowy-white flowers, which are slightly fragrant. It is a remarkably useful and effective plant for decoration, its magnificent white flower spathes rendering it exceedingly conspicuous and attractive. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

ANTHURIUM INSIGNE, *vide* page 15.
—— LEUCONEURUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MAGNIFICUM—*syn.* A. grande and A. cordfolium, 5*s.*
—— NYMPHÆFOLIUM, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— REGALE, 5*s.*
—— SCHERZERIANUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM ALBUM (true), 3 and 4 guineas
—— —— GIGANTEUM, 2 and 3 guineas
—— —— MAXIMUM, *vide* page 15.
—— —— WILLIAMSII, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— VEITCHII, 2 and 3 guineas
—— WAROCQUEANUM, 10*s.* 6*d.*

ANTIARIS TOXICARIA.

The virulent (but fabled) Upas tree of Java. 10*s.* 6*d.*

ANTIGONON INSIGNE.

This magnificent climber was discovered in the United States of Colombia by one of my collectors. The calyx, which is the showy part of the flower, has five membraneous segments of a beautiful rosy-pink colour. The profusion with which this species blooms, and the lovely pink colour of the flowers, render it extremely effective and ornamental. All collectors and travellers agree as to the extreme beauty of the Antigonons as seen in South and Central America. The species now offered is the handsomest of them all, its inflorescence being much larger, and consequently more attractive than that of any of the other kinds. For illustration, *vide* page 30. 1 guinea.

ANTIGONON AMABILE, 5*s.*
APHELANDRA AURANTIACA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ROEZLII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CRISTATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— FASCINATOR, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— LEOPOLDII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— NITENS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— PORTEANA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— PUMILA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— PUNCTATA, *vide* page 15.
ARALIA ELEGANTISSIMA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— FILICIFOLIA, 5*s.*
—— GRACILLIMA, 5*s.*
—— GUILFOYLEI, 5*s.*
—— LEPTOPHYLLA, 5*s.*
—— MACULATA, 5*s.*
—— RETICULATA, 5*s.*
ARALIA VEITCHII, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— GRACILLIMA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
ARDISIA OLIVERI, 5*s.*
ARDISIAS, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
ARISTOLOCHIA CLYPEATA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— CORDIFOLIA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— DUCHARTREI, 5*s.*
—— FLORIBUNDA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— GIGAS, 5*s.*
—— ORNITHOCEPHALA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— TRICAUDATA, 5*s.*
—— TRILOBATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
ARTANTHE RUBRONODOSA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
ARTOCARPUS CANNONI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— EBURNEA, 5*s.*
—— LACINIATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— METALLICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

ANTHURIUM ANDREANUM.

ANTHURIUM ANDREANUM.

This magnificent Araceous plant was discovered in the Province of Choco, United States of Columbia, and is certainly one of the most striking and remarkable flowering plants of recent introduction. The flower-spathes, which are borne well above the foliage, are heart-shaped and of a most brilliant scarlet colour, the surface irregularly corrugated and traversed by deep sinuous veins; the spadix is ivory-white at the base, and greenish-yellow at the tip. It is an extremely attractive plant, and the individual flowers remain in perfection about three months, thus rendering it highly valuable for exhibition. 1, 2, 3, and 5 guineas.

ANTIGONON INSIGNE.

For description and price, *vide* page 28.

ASPARAGUS CONSANGUINEUS, 1 guinea
ATACCIA CRISTATA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
BAMBUSA STRICTA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
BARLERIA ARGENTEA, 5*s.*
BATATAS PANICULATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
BAUHINIAS, of sorts, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
BEAUMONTIA GRANDIFLORA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
BEGONIA, *vide* Index.
BERTOLONIA GUTTATA, 5*s.*
—— —— ALBA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— SPLENDENS, 15*s.*
—— MARCHANDI, 5*s.*
—— MARGARITACEA SUPERBA, 15*s.*
—— MARMOREA SUPERBA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MIRANDÆI, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— PRIMULÆFLORA, *vide* Monolena primulæflora.
—— SUPERBISSIMA, 1 and 1½ guinea
—— VAN HOUTTEI, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— VELUTINA, 5*s.*
—— VITTATA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
BIGNONIA AURANTIACA, 7*s.* 6*d.* & 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— CHAMBERLAYNII, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— MAGNIFICA, *vide* page 32.
—— ORNATA, 5*s.*
—— PICTA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— ROEZLIANA, 5*s.*
—— —— VILLOSA, 5*s.*
BIGNONIA SPECIOSA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— VENUSTA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
BILLBERGIA FARINOSA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— LEOPOLDII, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— MORELIANA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— SAUNDERSII, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— THYRSOIDEA, 5*s.*
—— VITTATA, 5*s.*
BONAPARTEA JUNCEA, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
BOUGAINVILLEA GLABRA, 2*s.* 6*d.* & 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— LATERITA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SPECIOSA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SPECTABILIS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SPLENDENS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
BROWNEA ARIZA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— COCCINEA, 1 guinea
—— ERECTA, 1 and 1½ guinea
—— GRANDICEPS, 1½ guinea
—— HYBRIDA, 1½ guinea
BURCHELLIA CAPENSIS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CALADIUM, *vide* Index.
CALATHEA RUFIBARBA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
CALLIPHRURIA SUBEDENTATA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CAMPYLYBOTRYS, *vide* Hoffmannia.
CANNA, *vide* Index.
CARAGUATA, *vide* Tillandsia.
CARUMBIUM POLYANDRUM, 10*s.* 6*d.*

CARYOPHYLLUS AROMATICUS.

This is the Plant that produces the well-known Clove of commerce. 10*s.* 6*d.*

CENTRADENIA FLORIBUNDA ROSEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— GRANDIFLORA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CENTROPOGON LUCYANUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CENTROSOLENIA BULLATA (EPISCIA TESSELATA), 5*s.*
CEROPEGIA GARDNERI, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CHAMÆCLADON RUBENS, *vide* page 16.
CHAMERANTHEMUM BEYRICHII VARIEGATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— NITIDUM, *vide* Ebermaiera nitida.

CHEVALLIERA (ÆCHMEA) VEITCHII.

This is a very fine new Bromeliad, discovered and sent to me from the United States of Colombia by my collector, Mr. Shuttleworth, in 1874, and again found and sent by my collector, Mr. Carder, in 1875. Its flowers are produced in a dense oblong head, each subtended by a squarrose bright scarlet horny-toothed bract, the rich colour of which renders the plant highly attractive. Sepals lanceolate-deltoid, bright scarlet in the lower flowers of the head, white in the upper ones. This new plant has been also sent from the United States of Colombia by Mr. Wallis, and has been described and admirably figured in the *Botanical Magazine* for November, 1877, tab. 6329. Mr. Shuttleworth, however, says that in its native habitat the flower heads are fully double the size of the one figured, and present a most effective appearance, hence doubtless the reason that three collectors were struck with it and sent it home. 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

CIENKOWSKIA KIRKII.

This handsome and interesting plant is a native of Eastern Tropical Africa; its blossoms are exceedingly attractive and beautiful; they are produced on a many-flowered scape, and are of a soft purplish rose colour, with a bifid golden spot in the centre. 2 guineas.

CINNAMOMUM VERUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*
CISSUS ARGENTEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— DISCOLOR, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— LINDENI, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— PORPHYROPHYLLA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CLERODENDRON BALFOURIANUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CALAMITOSUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— FALLAX, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— FRAGRANS FL. PL., 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— HASTATUM, 5*s.*

BIGNONIA MAGNIFICA.

A free-growing and extremely floriferous plant, of scandent habit, introduced from the United States of Colombia. The flowers, which are produced in large branching panicles, are of great size (about 3½ inches across), and of an exceedingly attractive colour, ranging from delicate mauve to rich deep purplish crimson, relieved by a conspicuous throat of light primrose colour. 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

CLERODENDRON INFORTUNATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— KÆMPFERI, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— SPECIOSUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SPLENDENS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— THOMSONÆ, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CLERODENDRON VISCOSUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CLIDEMIA VITTATA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
COCHLIOSTEMA JACOBIANUM, 10*s.* 6*d.*
COFFEA ARABICA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— VARIEGATA, 7*s.* 6*d.*

COFFEA LIBERICA.

This new species of Coffee has been introduced from Liberia, on the West Coast of Africa. It is a plant of the highest commercial importance, and in all probability the most valuable economic introduction of the present century.

It is of robust and vigorous growth, with large coriaceous leaves, which in form are elliptic-obovate, oblong and shortly acuminate. The flowers are produced in axillary clusters in great profusion. The berries of this Coffee are much larger than those of *C. arabica*, and the plant much more productive, added to which it produces large crops at a low elevation, where *C. arabica* could not be successfully cultivated.

From these and its other desirable characteristics, this new species is now attracting considerable attention in all the Coffee-growing countries of the world. Price on application.

CORYNOSTYLIS HYBANTHUS ALBIFLORA.

The genus Corynostylis belongs to the family of the Violets. The present species was found on the banks of the Amazon. It is a remarkably free-blooming plant, of a trailing or climbing habit, bearing ovate-acuminate leaves, and lovely white horn-shaped or trumpet-shaped flowers, about two inches in length, suspended on long thread-like peduncles. These interesting flowers, taken in profile, present the appearance of some long-spurred Tropæolum, while on the front view they bear a resemblance to those of a gigantic Violet. 7*s.* 6*d.*

COLEUS, *vide* Index.
—— NEW, *vide* pages 24 and 25.
COLUMNEAS, of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
COMBRETUM GRANDIFLORUM, 5*s.*
—— PURPUREUM, 5*s.*
COSTUS ALBESCENS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— ELEGANS, 5*s.*
CRINUM AMABILE, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— AMERICANUM, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— AUSTRALE, *vide* Greenhouse Plants
—— ERUBESCENS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— ORNATUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— PACIFICUM, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— RIGIDUM, 10*s.* 6*d.*
CRINUM SCABRUM, 10*s.* 6*d.*
CROTON ALBICANS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— ANDREANUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— ANGUSTIFOLIUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— APPENDICULATUS, 5*s.*
—— ARGUS, 5*s.*
—— AUREO-LINEATUS, 5*s.*
—— BARONNE JAMES DE ROTHSCHILD, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— BISMARCKI, 5*s.*
—— BROOMFIELDII, *vide* page 16.
—— CAMPTOPHYLLUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CHALLENGER (IMPERATOR), 5*s.*
—— CHRYSOPHYLLUS, 7*s.* 6*d.*

CROTON CHELSONI.

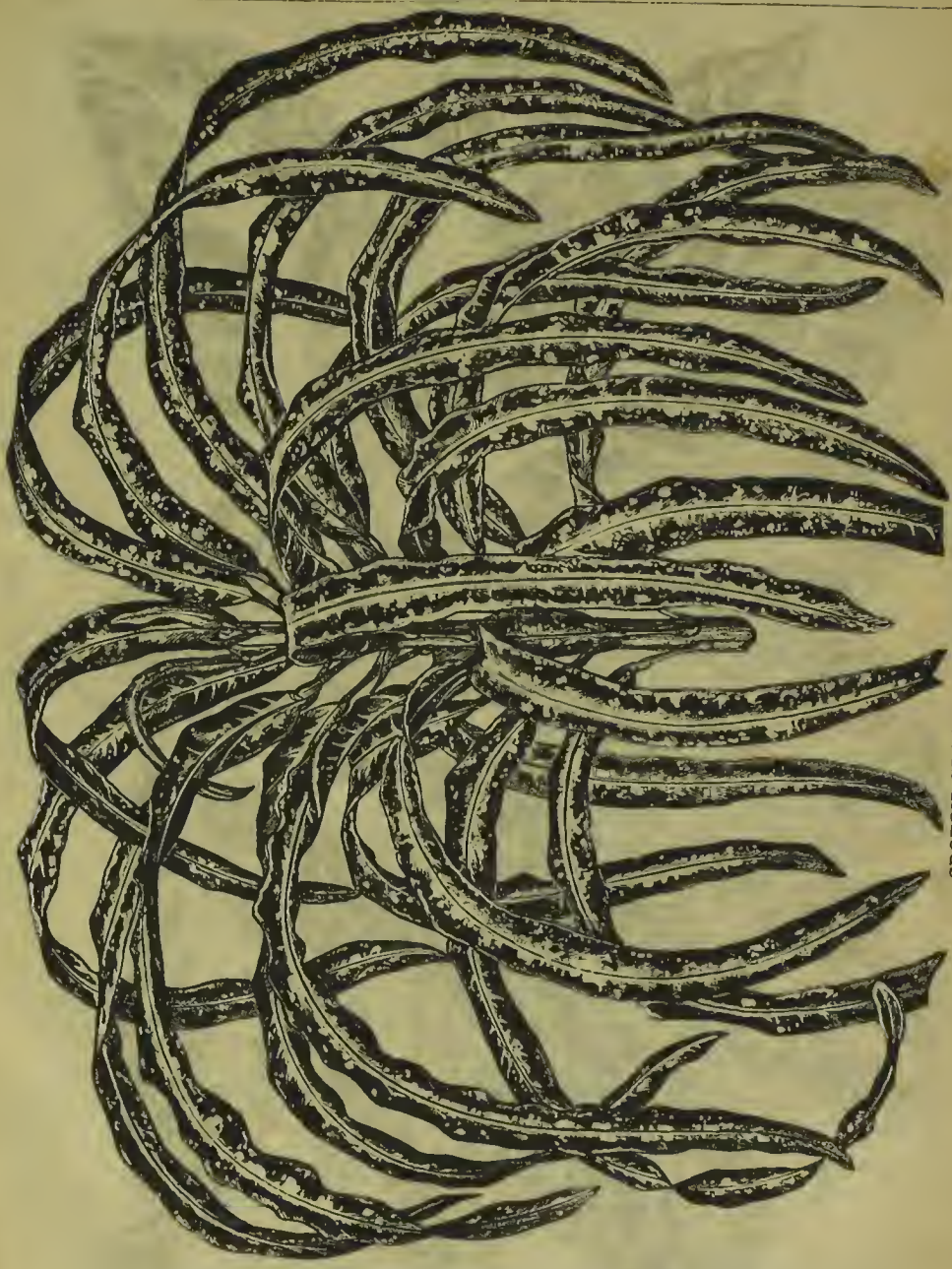
This Croton was introduced to this country from New Guinea. It is a remarkably elegant narrow leaved form of high and rich colouration. The leaves are sometimes plane, sometimes twisted spirally, and in this latter state the variegation shows up most distinctly, being of a bright salmony orange tint, shaded with crimson. From its narrow drooping leaves it is one of the most graceful of Crotons, and can be highly recommended for decoration and exhibition. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Dundee, in 1876. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

CROTON CONCINNUS, 5*s.*
—— CONTORTUS, 5*s.*
—— CORNIGERUS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— COUNTESS, 1 guinea
—— DIADEM, 5*s.*
—— DIANA, 5*s.*
—— DORMANIANUS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— DUKE OF BUCCLEUCH, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— EARL OF DERBY, *vide* C. trilobus Earl of Derby
—— EBURNEUS. *vide* page 16.
—— ECLIPSE, 15*s.*
—— ELEGANTISSIMUS, *vide* page 16.
—— EVANSIANUS, 5*s.*
—— FALCATUS, *vide* C. variabilis
—— FASCIATUS, *vide* C. Hendersoni
—— FENZII, 15*s.*
—— FORMOSUS, *vide* page 16.
—— GLORIOSUS (Princess of Wales), *vide* page 35.
—— GRACILIS, 15*s.*
—— GROTESQUE, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— HANBURYANUS, 5*s.*
CROTON HARWOODIANUS, *vide* C. triumphans
—— HASTIFERUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— HAWKERI, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— HENDERSONI (FASCIATUS), 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— IMPERATOR, *vide* C. Challenger
—— IMPERIALIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— INTERRUPTUS AUREUS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— JAMESII, 5*s.*
—— JUBILEE, 5*s.*
—— KINGIANUS, *vide* page 17.
—— LANCIFOLIUS, 5*s.*
—— MACAFEEANUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MACARTHURI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MAJESTICUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MASSANGEANUS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— MOOREANUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MORTII, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— MUTABILIS, *vide* C. princeps
—— ORESTES, 15*s.*
—— ORNATUS, *vide* page 17.
—— PICTURATUS, 5*s.*
—— PRESIDENT, 5*s.*

CROTON PRINCEPS (MUTABILIS).

A stout habited free growing variety of *Croton*, obtained from the New Hebrides. It has broad linear leaves, at first green, with a yellow costa, yellow margins, and a few scattered yellow blotches on the laminæ. By the time they reach maturity they have entirely changed these colours, the green portions taking on a dark bronzy hue, and all the yellow markings, mid-rib and all, passing into the richest rosy crimson. It is one of the richest-coloured varieties in cultivation, and is strikingly handsome. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. William Bull gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Dundee in 1876, and the First Prize at the Great International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Ghent in 1878. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CROTON PRIMA DONNA, 1 guinea.
—— PRINCE OF WALES, 5*s.*
—— PRINCESS OF WALES, *vide* C. gloriosus
—— QUEEN VICTORIA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— REX, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CROTON ROSEO-PICTUS, *vide* page 36.
—— SCHOMBURGKIANUS, 15*s.*
—— SOVEREIGN, 5*s.*
—— SPIRALIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SPLENDIDUS, 5*s.*



CROTON GLORIOSUS (PRINCESS OF WALES).

CROTON GLORIOSUS (PRINCESS OF WALES).

This is one of the long-leaved drooping forms of Croton, and is perfectly distinct in character. It comes from the New Hebrides The ground colour is green, and the variegation creamy-yellow, very variable in character. In some there is a creamy-yellow mid-rib, with a band on each side ; in others the mid-rib is bright green. The markings are of the maculate style, with here and there large blotches of clear creamy yellow, and in other parts clouded markings of smaller confluent blotches and spots. Occasionally these conditions are reversed, and there are longish patches on which the ground colour is creamy, relieved by a few clouded green markings. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. William Bull gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Dundee in 1876. 5*s*.

CROTON ROSEO-PICTUS.

CROTON ROSEO-PICTUS.

A very pretty and distinct form of Croton, of hybrid origin. It is of compact habit, densely leafy, and from its pleasing colouration is one of the most useful for decorative purposes. The primary ground colour is green, the midrib and its border being pale yellow, as are also the principal veins which are marked in an arcuate manner, while between and beyond them the surface is broken up in yellow reticulations. These markings take on a pretty rose tint, which is most decided near the margins. 10*s.* 6*d.*

CROTON TRIUMPHANS (HARWOODIANUS).

CROTON TRIUMPHANS (HARWOODIANUS).

A fine variety from the New Hebrides. The leaves are deep green, with a golden line on each side the midrib, the principal veins also golden, running into a net-work of the same colour towards the point. The costa is rich bright crimson, and forms a pretty contrast with the colour on either side. In the fully matured state, the leaves become rich greenish bronze, and the costa an intense rosy crimson, very bright and effective. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Carlisle in 1877. 10*s.* 6*d.*

CROTON SUPERBIENS.

One of the finest of known varieties, and of a thoroughly distinct character. The leaves are oblong, acute, rounded at the base. The colouring is exceedingly rich, and quite unique. In the least coloured condition, the leaves are green, with clouded yellowish markings. As these mature, the green deepens, the yellow brightens, and the coppery-red veining and margin are brought out. Subsequently the green becomes blackish-bronze, while all the pale portions become coppery, the veins and the costa being picked out with crimson, which shows in a very marked degree on the costa. In this state the colouration is truly superb. It is a native of New Guinea and is a gem amongst the Crotons. 15*s.*

CROTON TORTILIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— TRILOBUS DISRAELI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— EARL OF DERBY, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— TRAVELLER, 5*s.*
—— TRIUMPHANS (HARWOODIANUS), *vide* page 37.

CROTON UNDULATUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— VARIABILIS (FALCATUS), 5*s.*
—— VEITCHIANUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— VITTATUS, *vide* page 17.
—— VIVICANS, 5*s.*
—— VOLUTUS, 3*s.* 6*d*

CURMERIA WALLISII, for description and price, *vide* page 39.

CROTON WEISMANNI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— WILLIAMSII, 5*s.*
CRYPTANTHUS (TILLANDSIA) ACAULIS ZEBRINA, 5*s.*
—— —— BIVITTATA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
CUPANIA FILICIFOLIA, *vide* Jacaranda Clausseniana.
CURCULIGO RECURVATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— STRIATA, 1 guinea
CURCULIGO RECURVATA VARIEGATA, 10*s.* 6*d* and 15*s.*
CURCUMA CORDATA, 5*s.*
—— PETIOLATA, 5*s.*
—— ROSCOEANA, 5*s.*
—— RUBRICAULIS, 5*s.*
—— ZEDOARIA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
CURMERIA PICTURATA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

CURMERIA WALLISII.

A dwarf-growing plant, of distinct aspect, and very ornamental in character. The leaves are spreading, and marked with very irregular dark green maculations, some running out from the green costa, and others situated near the edge. The intermediate spaces are filled out with broadish patches of very pale yellowish green, which in the more matured leaves becomes a greenish gray. The colours are about equally dispersed, though the marking is very irregular, both as to the size and form of the blotches. Introduced from the United States of Colombia. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Dundee in 1876. For illustration, *vide* page 38. 10*s.* 6*d.*

CYANOPHYLLUM BOWMANNII, 5*s.*
—— MAGNIFICUM, 5*s.*
—— SPECTANDUM, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
CYANOTIS (TRADESCANTIA) MULTICOLOR, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ZEBRINA ARGENTEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CYCADS, *vide* Index.
CYPERUS ALTERNIFOLIUS, 1*s.* 6*d.* & 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— VARIEGATUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— LACOURII (KYLLINGIA MONOCEPHALA), 3*s.* 6*d.*

CYPHOMANDRA ARGENTEA.

A handsome plant, imported from Brazil. The leaf-blade is elliptic, eight to ten inches long and four to five inches broad, with a dark costa and prominent distant primary veins, the principal part of the leaf proper being of a bright silvery tint, broken up by a few transverse green veins ; the underside is glossy, and stained with purple. The stems and leaves are smooth and rather fleshy in texture. The white surface of the leaves renders this plant pleasing and attractive. 10*s.* 6*d.*

CYPRIPEDIUM, *vide* Orchids.
CYRTANTHERA CHRYSOSTEPHANA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— POHLIANA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CYRTOCERAS REFLEXUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CYRTODEIRA CHONTALENSIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CYRTODEIRA FULGIDA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— METALLICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DALECHAMPIA ROEZLIANA ALBA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ROSEA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
DESMODIUM GYRANS, 5*s.*

DAVIDSONIA PRURIENS.

A noble looking plant of erect habit, with alternate imparipinnate leaves, nearly two feet long, the petioles and rachides thickly covered with short stiff hairs, and furnished between and below the pinnæ with a narrow lobate biserrated hairy wing. There are five or six pairs of pinnæ, the terminal one about nine inches long. The leaves are furnished with pungent hairs, and strongly biserrate at the margin. In the young state they are of a bright red colour, from which they pass to a deepish green. The spreading habit of the ample foliage, and its distinct form, will render this a very desirable plant for ornamental purposes. It is one of the most interesting and remarkable plants in Queensland, and produces a succulent edible fruit nearly as large as a Magnum Bonum Plum. 1½ guinea.

DICHORISANDRA MUSAICA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— UNDATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
DICHOTRICHUM TERNATEUM, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
DIEFFENBACHIA AMABILIS, 15*s.*
—— AMAZONICA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— AMŒNA, *vide* page 40.
DIEFFENBACHIA BARAQUINIANA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— BOWMANNII, 5*s.*
—— BAUSEI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— BRASILIENSIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CARDERI, *vide* page 41.
—— COSTATA, *vide* page 17.

DIEFFENBACHIA AMŒNA.

DIEFFENBACHIA AMŒNA.

An effective variety of this showy race of Arads, obtained from the tropical regions of South America. Its oblong acute leaves are of a deep green, marked with very abundant elongate blotches of white and pale yellow, which are as well defined on the under as on the upper surface. It is a very attractive plant, on account of its bright and abundant maculation. 15*s*.

DIEFFENBACHIA CARDERI.

A handsome and bold-habited plant, introduced from South America. It has oblong-ovate leaves, spreading or becoming somewhat deflexed, of a rich dark green, strikingly blotched and variegated. Owing to the ground colour and the variegation being about equally distributed, the plant is exceedingly striking and attractive. It has received a First Class Certificate from the Royal Botanic Society. 1 guinea.

DIEFFENBACHIA LEOPOLDII.

DIEFFENBACHIA LEOPOLDII.

A noble South American plant of resplendent beauty. The leaves are oblong-ovate, of a rich deep lustrous satiny green, traversed by a broad and stout ivory-white rib, which is bordered on each side through its entire length with a whitish band, and shows in strong contrast to the colour of the leaf surface, producing a marvellously fine pictorial effect. It is one of the most handsome of the Dieffenbachias yet introduced, and was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Royal Horticultural Society's show, held at Preston in 1878, and the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Ghent in 1878. 10*s.* 6*d.*

DIEFFENBACHIA SPLENDENS.

DIEFFENBACHIA SPLENDENS.

A striking plant of great beauty, remarkable for the lustre of its colouring. The stem is faintly mottled with dark and light green. The leaves have a thick ivory-white mid-rib, and the ground colour is of a rich deep velvety bottle-green, with a resplendent lustrous surface, freely marked with whitish striated blotches, which stand out in striking contrast with the dark green ground colour. It is a remarkably fine and telling plant, imported from the United States of Colombia. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Ghent in 1878. 1 guinea.

DIEFFENBACHIA CHELSONI.

A very handsome plant, obtained by my collector in the United States of Colombia. The colour of the leaves is a dark satiny green, the costa marked with a gray band, which runs out into a feathered edge, and extends about one-third across each half of the blade, the surface of which is also freely spotted and blotched with bright yellow-green for about two-thirds of its breadth, the spots distinct or coalescing into patches of irregular form. The well-marked contrast between the three colours renders the leaf variegation very effective. This was one of the New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Brussels in 1876. 10*s.* 6*d.*

DIEFFENBACHIA DELECTA.

This variety has mottled-green stems, and elliptic-lanceolate leaves, eight to ten inches long, having a green lustrous or satiny surface, spotted with a whitish variegation. The narrowish spreading and prettily-marked leaves give it an elegant character. 1 guinea.

DIEFFENBACHIA EBURNEA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— FLAVO-VIRENS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— GRANDIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— ILLUSTRIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— INSIGNIS, *vide* page 17.
—— LANCEOLA, 5*s.*
—— LEOPOLDII, *vide* page 42.
—— LUCINDA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— MACULOSA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— NEBULOSA, 5*s.*
—— NITIDA, *vide* page 17.
—— NOBILIS, 5*s.*
—— PICTA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SHUTTLEWORTHII, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— SPLENDENS, *vide* page 43.
—— TRIUMPHANS, *vide* page 17.

DIEFFENBACHIA VELUTINA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— VITTATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— WEIRII, 5*s.*
DIONÆA MUSCIPULA, *vide* Index.
DIOSCOREA ANÆCTOCHILUS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— ARGYREA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— BULBIFERA, 5*s.*
—— CHRYSOPHYLLA, 5*s.*
—— DISCOLOR VARIEGATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— ILLUSTRATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MELANOLEUCA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— METALLICA, 5*s.*
DIPLADENIA AMABILIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— AMŒNA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— BOLIVIENSIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*

DIPLADENIA BREARLEYANA.

This splendid variety of Dipladenia is one of the best exhibition plants extant. It is of free growth, and of the most floriferous character, in this respect greatly exceeding any other Dipladenia. It is an evergreen stove climber of the very first rank, and is furnished with opposite oblong acute dark green leaves, which serve as a fine contrast for the superbly-coloured flowers, which are of the largest size, opening pink and changing to the richest crimson colour. They have this remarkable peculiarity, that the colour increases in intensity with the age of the flowers. For illustration *vide* page 45. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.* ; extra sizes, 1 and 1½ guinea.

DIPLADENIA CARISSIMA, *vide* page 18.
—— DELECTA, *vide* page 18.
—— DIADEMA, *vide* page 18.
—— INSIGNIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*

DIPLADENIA MAGNIFICA (ACUMINATA), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— MARTIANA (CRASSINODA), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

DIPLADENIA ORNATA.

A very fine variety of this useful and effective class of stove climbers. It produces fine large flowers of a rich crimson colour, beautifully suffused with violet. 10*s.* 6*d.*

DIPLADENIA REGINA.

An extremely beautiful early-flowering variety, the best of all the light-coloured Dipladenias ; it is of neat growth and remarkably free habit ; the flowers are blush on first opening, and change afterwards to a most delicate flesh colour, the throat being suffused with rose ; they are of good round shape, the lobes well-formed and of great substance. 10*s.* 6*d.*

DIPLADENIA ROSACEA.

A distinct and attractive variety, producing pretty soft rosy pink flowers, which are suffused here and there and also bordered with a deeper and richer shade of the same colour, and have a yellow throat, marked with a bright rose ring at the mouth. This will be found an exceedingly useful and effective plant for exhibition and general ornamental purposes. 10*s.* 6*d.*

DIPLADENIA BREARLEYANA, for description and price, *vide* page 44.

DIPLADENIA SPLENDENS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— WILLIAMSII, 10*s.* 6*d.*
DORSTENIA BRASILIENSIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— CAULESCENS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— THOMSONI, 7*s.* 6*d.*
DRACÆNA ALBA MARGINATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— AMABILIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— AMBOYNENSIS, 1 guinea
—— AMŒNA, 1 guinea
—— AMPLIATA, 1 guinea
—— ANERLEYENSIS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— AURANTIACA, 1 guinea
—— BAPTISTII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— BARRONI, 7*s.* 6*d.*
DRACÆNA BAUSEI, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— BELLULA, *vide* D. elegans rubra.
—— BERKELEYI, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— CANTRELLII, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— CAUSTONI, 1½ guinea
—— CHELSONI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— COCCINEA, 1 guinea
—— CONGESTA (RUBRA), 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— COOPERI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CORONANS, 1 guinea
—— CRISTULA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CRUENTA, 1 guinea
—— DECORA, 1 guinea
—— DILATA, 1 guinea

DRACÆNA GOLDIEANA.

DRACÆNA GOLDIEANA.

One of the most magnificent ornamental-foliaged plants ever introduced, and altogether unique in character and aspect. It is a native of Western Tropical Africa. The plant is of erect habit, and the stems are closely set with stalked spreading leaves, the petioles of which are of a grayish colour, terete, with a narrow furrow along the upper side, the base being dilated and sheathing the stem. The blade of the leaf is cordate-ovate acuminate, with a yellowish-green costa, and marbled and irregularly banded with dark green and silver-gray in alternate straight or furcate bands, the colours being about equally distributed. The back of the unfolded leaves is a pale reddish purple or wine colour, and the stem where visible at the upper joints is of similar hue, the lower parts becoming green. It is, without doubt, one of the most superb of ornamental stove plants, and indispensable in all first-class collections. This beautiful species has frequently been shown in Mr. W. B.'s winning collections of New Plants. 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA DUFFII, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— EBURNEA, 1 guinea
—— ELEGANS RUBRA (BELLULA), 5*s.*
—— ELIZABETHÆ, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— ERNESTII, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— EXCELSA, 5*s.*
—— FERREA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— VARIEGATA, 5*s.*
—— FORMOSA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— FRASERI, 5*s.*
—— FREDERICI, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— GLADILINA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— GLADSTONEI, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— GRACILIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— GUILFOYLEI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— HENDERSONI, 5*s.*
—— HYBRIDA, 5*s.*
—— IGNEA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— IMPERATOR, 5*s.*
—— IMPERIALIS, 5*s.*
—— JUCUNDA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— KNAUSII, 1½ guinea
—— LEOPOLDII, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— LUCINDA, 1 guinea
—— MAGNIFICA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— MAJESTICA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— METALLICA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— MINIATA, 1 guinea
—— MIRABILIS, 1 guinea
—— MOOREANA, 5*s.*
—— MRS. BAUSE, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— MRS. C. J. FREAKE, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— MRS. WILLS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— NIGRO-RUBRA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— NIGRO-STRIATA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— NITZSCHNERI, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— PHRYNIOIDES, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— PRINCEPS, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— REALI, 5*s.*
—— REBECCÆ, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— RECURVA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— REFLEXA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— REGALIS, 5*s.*
—— REGINA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— REGIS, 3 guineas
—— RENARDIÆ, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— REX, 1 guinea
—— ROBINSONIANA, 5*s.*
—— ROSACEA, 15*s.*
—— RUBELLA, 15*s.*
—— RUBESCENS, 1 guinea
—— RUBRA, *vide* D. congesta.
—— SALMONEA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
DRACÆNA SCOTTIÆ, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— SEYFARTHII, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— SHEPHERDII, 5*s.*
—— SPECIOSA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— SPLENDENS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— STELLA, 1 guinea
—— STRIATIFOLIA, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— STRICTA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SUPERBA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— SURCULOSA MACULATA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— SYDNEYI, 5*s.*
—— TELLINGII, 5*s.*
—— TERMINALIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ALBA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— THOMSONII, 1½ guinea
—— TRIUMPHANS, 1 guinea
—— VENUSTA, 1½ guinea
—— VESTALIS, 1 guinea
—— VIRGINALIS, 1 guinea
—— VIVICANS, 1 guinea
—— VOLUTA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— WEISMANNII, 5*s.*
—— WILLSII, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— WILSONI, 1 guinea
DRACONTIUM ALBOSTIPES, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— ANNULATUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— ASPERUM, 5*s.*
—— CARDERI, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— SCALPTURATUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*
DRYMONIA TURIALVÆ, 5*s.*
EBERMAIERA (CHAMERANTHEMUM) NITIDA, 5*s.*
ECHITES, *vide* Dipladenia.
—— PICTA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— RUBRO-VENOSA, 5*s.*
ELETTARIA DIEPENHORSTII, 5*s.*
ENCEPHALARTOS, *vide* Index.
ENCHOLIRION CORALLINUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— JONGHEI, 10*s.* 6*d.*
EPIPHYLLUM, of sorts; these are useful for winter and early spring blooming, and are very showy and attractive. 30*s.* and 42*s.* per doz.
EPISCIA TESSELATA, *vide* Centrosolenia bullata.
ERANTHEMUM ATROPURPUREUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— EBORACENSE, *vide* page 18.
—— MOOREI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— NIGRESCENS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— PULCHELLUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— RETICULATUM (SCHOMBURGKII), 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— TRICOLOR, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— VERSICOLOR, 3*s.* 6*d.*

ERYTHRINA PARCELLI.

A very handsomely variegated plant from the South Sea Islands. It has a stoutish woody stem, furnished with alternate leaves, the petioles of which support three leaflets. The variegation is yellow, sometimes forming a feather-like stripe along the costa and main veins, sometimes more suffused, and forming a band an inch wide, in which case the lateral veins take on more colour, and the coloured line becomes again branched; when at its fullest colouring, the centre of the leaf is mottled with yellow. The flowers are also attractive, of a bright cinnabar-red colour. For illustration, *vide* page 48. 10*s.* 6*d.*

ERYTHRINA PARCELLI, for description and price, *vide* page 47.

ERYTHRINA GLAUCA, 5*s*. | ERYTHRINA MARMORATA, 5*s*.

ERYTHROXYLON COCA.

This extremely interesting plant is of great officinal importance in South America, where its leaves are largely employed as a masticatory, under the name of Coca. When taken internally it acts as a powerful stimulant of the nervous system ; and, when under its influence, persons are able to perform long and rapid journeys without exhaustion. "Four times a day, whatever the nature of his occupation—whether employed in the mines, the fields, as a muleteer, or domestic servant, the Indian resigns himself to the pleasures of Coca chewing." 10*s*. 6*d*.

EUCHARIS AMAZONICA, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— CANDIDA, 10*s*. 6*d*.
EUCODONIA, *vide* Index.
EUGENIA MAGNIFICA, 1 guinea.
EUPHORBIA JACQUINIÆFLORA, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— SPLENDENS, 3*s*. 6*d*.
EURYCLES AUSTRALASICA, 5*s*.
—— CUNNINGHAMII, 3*s*. 6*d*.

FICUS EXSCULPTA.

FICUS EXSCULPTA.

A handsome plant, furnished with evergreen leaves of a peculiarly elegant form. It has been introduced from the South Sea Islands. The leaves are shortly stalked, lanceolate in outline, and sinuately lobed, the lobes again sinuate so as to produce a prettily cut margin, the curious crenations giving the leaf the appearance of having been stamped or punched out. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. William Bull gained the First Prize at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Preston in 1878. 10*s.* 6*d.*

GUSTAVIA GRACILLIMA.

This magnificent plant was discovered in the United States of Colombia by M. Roezl. The flowers grow from the axils of the leaves in the young plants, and from the older leafless parts of the trunk in older ones ; they are solitary or in pairs, four inches in diameter, of a charming rose colour, consisting of eight obovate oblong petals, with the yellow incurved staminal tube bearing numerous densely packed purple anthers, in a ring of an inch or more across. It was figured in the *Botanical Magazine* for March, 1875, tab. 6151. 1 guinea.

EXOSTEMMA CHONTALENSIS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
FERNS, *vide* Index.
FICUS BARBATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— DEALBATA, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— EBURNEA, 5*s.*
FICUS EXSCULPTA, *vide* page 49.
—— LANCEOLATA, 5*s.*
—— MOOREI, 5*s.*
—— PARCELLI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— RADICANS, 3*s.* 6*d.*

FICUS SYCOMORUS.

This is the exceedingly rare Sycamore Tree of Scripture. 10*s.* 6*d.*

FITTONIA ARGYRONEURA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— GIGANTEA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— PEARCEI, 2*s.* 6*d.*
FRANCISCEA ACUMINATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— AUGUSTA (RAMOSISSIMA), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— CALYCINA, 5*s.*
—— CONFERTIFLORA (LAURIFOLIA), 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— EXIMIA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— HOPEANA (UNIFLORA), 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— HYDRANGEÆFORMIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— LATIFOLIA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— LINDENI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
FRANCISCEA MAGNIFICA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— ROSEA PERFECTA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— VIOLACEA GRANDIFLORA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
GARCINIA LIVINGSTONI, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— MANGOSTANA, 2 and 3 guineas.
GARDENIA AMŒNA, 5*s.*
—— CITRIODORA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— FLORIDA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— FORTUNEANA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— GLOBOSA, 5*s.*
—— RADICANS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— THUNBERGII, 5*s.*
GEISSOMERIA MARMORATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
GESNERA DONKELAARI, 7*s.* 6*d.*

GESNERA DUVALII.

A remarkably beautiful Gesneraceous plant, belonging to the bulbous-rooted section; it is extremely free-blooming, producing large showy panicles of fine long flowers of a velvety reddish vermilion colour; very showy and attractive. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GESNERA LEOPOLDII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ALBO-CARMINEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ROSEO-LILACINA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MACRANTHA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— *vide* Index.
GLONERA JASMINIFLORA, 5*s.*
GLORIOSA PLANTII, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SUPERBA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
GLOXINIA, *vide* Index.
GODWINIA GIGAS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
GOMPHIA DECORA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
GOODYERA, *vide* Orchids.
GRAPTOPHYLLUM PICTUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
GRIFFINIA BLUMENAVIA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— HYACINTHINA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— ORNATA, 1 guinea
GUSTAVIA GRACILLIMA, *vide* page 50.
GUZMANNIA PICTA (NIDULARIUM FULGENS), 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
GYMNOSTACHIUM, *vide* Fittonia.
HÆMANTHUS KALBREYERI, *vide* page 52.
—— MANNII, 10*s.* 6*d.*
HEDYCHIUM ACUMINATUM, 5*s.*
HELICONIA AUREO-STRIATA, *vide* page 18.
HEMEROCALLIS, *vide* Pancratium.

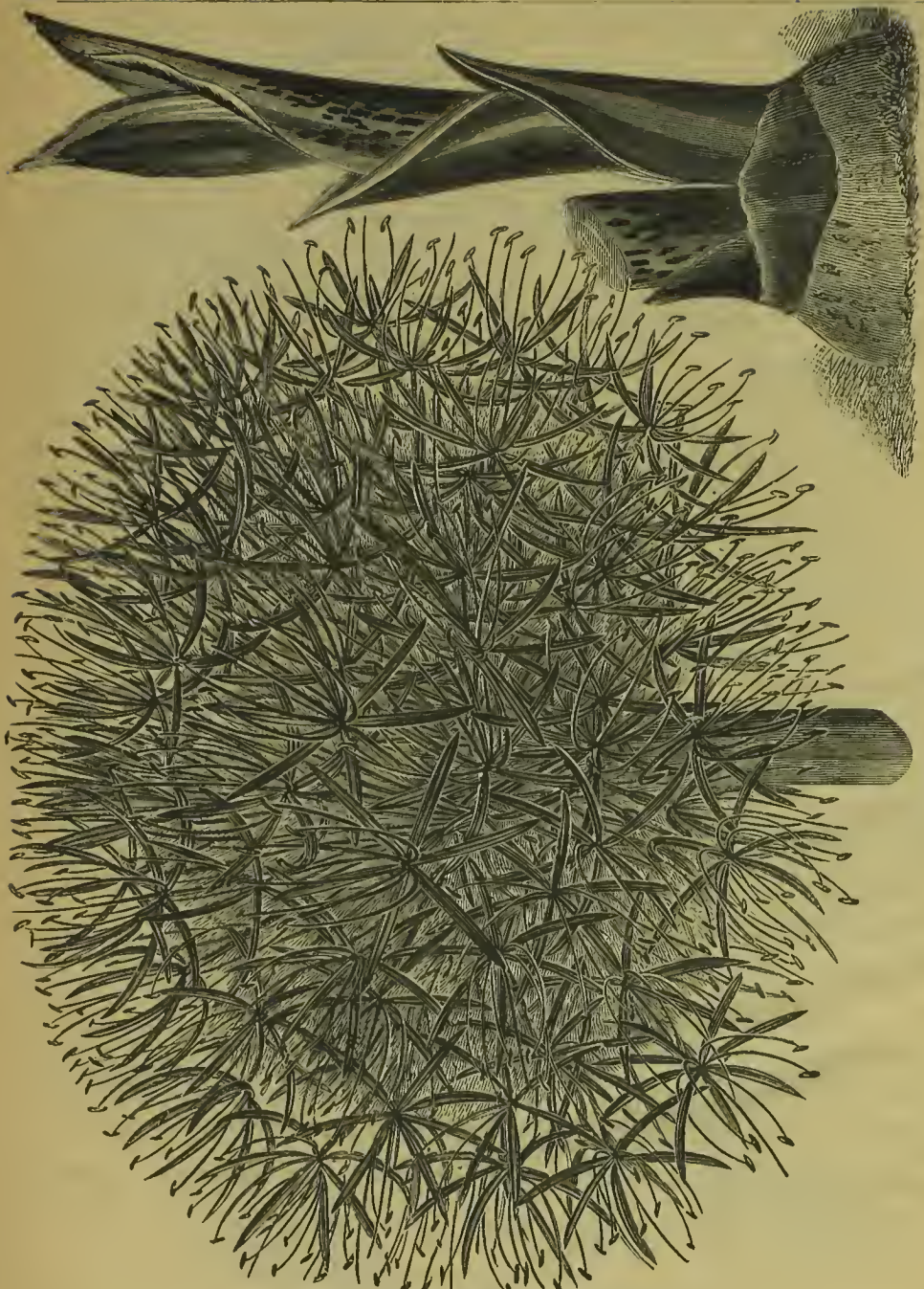
HEVEA BRASILIENSIS.

An important plant from the commercial value of its product, for it yields one of the best kinds of Caoutchouc, which is known as Para Rubber. It is a native of Brazil and other parts of South America, where it forms a large tree. The leaves are trifoliate, with membranaceous elliptic-lanceolate leaflets, and are clustered towards the ends of the branches, while the inflorescence is paniculate. It belongs to the order *Euphorbiaceæ*. Caoutchouc consists of the milky juice of this and some other plants, which is collected and dried for commercial use.

HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS ALBO-VARIEGATUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— BRILLIANTISSIMUS, 5*s.*
—— —— CARMINATUS PERFECTUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
HIBISCUS ROSEA-SINENSIS COLLERI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— COOPERI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— CRUENTUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— DENNISONI, 3*s.* 6*d.*

HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS FULGIDUS.

This magnificent variety, which was obtained from the South Sea Islands, is remarkable alike for the size, colour and markings of its brilliant flowers. The leaves are broadly ovate, with coarsely serrated margins. The flowers are of very large size (five inches in diameter), composed of fine broad, rounded and beautifully undulated petals, of an intense carmine-scarlet, paler and somewhat rosy-tinted towards the base, where on each petal is an oblong blotch of deep crimson, forming together a blunt-rayed star. One of the finest varieties yet introduced. For illustration, *vide* page 53. 3*s.* 6*d.*



HÆMANTHUS KALBREYERI.

HÆMANTHUS KALBREYERI.

A magnificent species from the West Coast of Africa. Its showy inflorescence is of immense size, a single head often producing upwards of a hundred of its attractive flowers, which are of a bright reddish vermilion colour. The filaments are brightly coloured, while the golden anthers have a pretty effect in contrast with the mass of glowing colour. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Great Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Kensington in 1879. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS FULGIDUS, for description and price, *vide* page 51.

HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS KERMESINUS, 5*s*.

HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS LAMBERTII, 3*s*. 6*d*.

HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS PUNICEUS, 3*s*. 6*d*.

HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS MINIATUS SEMI-PLENUS.

This remarkably showy plant, has firm almost leathery ovato leaves, which are coarsely toothed, and brilliant flowers of a vermilion-scarlet colour, darker towards the base of the petals. The flowers are semi-double, the petals very much waved and recurved, forming an irregular undulated mas four inches across, from which the partially petaloid staminal column projects two inches. The brilliant and attractive flowers are remarkable for the absence of formality, the shape being wild, and abounding in fantastic curves, but nevertheless they are remarkably handsome. It has been imported from the South Sea Islands. For illustration, *vide* page 54. 3*s*. 6*d*.

HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS MINIATUS SEMI-PLENUS, for description and price, *vide* page 53.

HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS VIVICANS.

A fine free-flowering plant of vigorous habit, with ovate stalked leaves, and remarkably large flowers, four and a half to five inches in diameter, full double, the centre being completely filled up with broad convolute petals, having tufts of stamens intermixed. The colour is a brilliant crimson-scarlet. It is a very showy variety, and was imported from the South Sea Islands. 5*s.*

HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS ZEBRINUS.

A very distinct and handsome variety with double flowers, which are beautifully flaked and striped. The individual blossoms are about 3½ inches in breadth, and 2½ inches in depth; the five outer petals scarlet edged with creamy-yellow in the lower part. The staminal column is entirely petaloid, with a few large petal-like bodies, forming numerous irregular tufts at the apex, of a creamy-yellow colour, variously and irregularly striped and flaked with scarlet. Both the form and marking of the flowers are very irregular and grotesque. 5*s.*

HIPPEASTRUM, *vide* AMARYLLIS.
HOFFMANNIA (HIGGINSIA) GHIESBREGHTII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— VARIEGATA, 5*s.*
—— —— ORTGIESII, 5*s.*
—— —— REFULGENS ARGYRONEURA, 5*s.*
—— —— —— ROBUSTA, 5*s.*
HOMALOMENA PELTATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
HOYA BELLA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CAMPANULATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— CARNOSA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— PICTA AUREA, 5*s.*
—— —— VARIEGATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
HOYA IMPERIALIS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
HYDROCOTYLE NITIDULA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
IMPATIENS JERDONIÆ, 5*s.*
IPOMŒA HORSFALLIÆ, 5*s.*
—— INSIGNIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— LEARII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MEXICANA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— TERNATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ISOLOMA HIRSUTA, *vide* page 18.
—— MOLLIS, 5*s.*
IXORA AMABILIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— AMBOINENSIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— AURELIA, 5*s.*
—— BELLA, *vide* page 18.

IXORA CHELSONI.

The flower pips of this splendid variety are of large size, and of exceptionally good form and great substance; they are produced in immense round full trusses; colour bright orange-salmon, flushed and shaded with pink. From its profuse flowering habit, dwarf-branching growth, and the rich tint of its blossoms, this variety will be found exceedingly useful and effective, and one of the very best kinds that can be grown for exhibition purposes. 7*s.* 6*d.*

IXORA COCCINEA SUPERBA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— COLEI, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— CROCATA RUTILANS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— DUFFII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— EXIMIA, *vide* page 18.
—— FORMOSA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— FRASERI, 5*s.*
—— ILLUSTRIS, *vide* page 18.
IXORA JAVANICA FLORIBUNDA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— LAVERNA, 5*s.*
—— LUCINDA, 5*s.*
—— ORNATA, *vide* page 18.
—— PICTURATA, *vide* page 18.
—— PRINCE OF ORANGE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— PRINCEPS, 5*s.*
—— REGINA, 5*s.*

IXORA PROFUSA.

An extremely free-flowering variety, throwing very fine huge trusses, densely furnished with flower pips of a beautiful rich soft rosy-salmon colour. The enormous size of the flower heads render it admirably adapted for exhibition and general decorative purposes, and the charming rosy tint with which the flowers are suffused makes it exceedingly distinct and attractive. 7*s.* 6*d.*

IXORA SALICIFOLIA, 5*s.*
—— SANGUINEA, 5*s.*
—— SPECTABILIS, 5*s.*
—— SPLENDIDA, *vide* page 19.
—— VERONA, 5*s.*
—— WILLIAMSII, 5*s.*
JACARANDA CLAUSSENIANA, 2 guineas.
—— ELEGANTISSIMA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— MIMOSÆFOLIA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
JASMINUM DUCHESSE D'ORLEANS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— GRACILE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— VARIEGATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— HIRSUTUM (MULTIFLORUM), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— LIGUSTRIFOLIUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SAMBAC, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— FLORE PLENO, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
JATROPHA MULTIFIDA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
JUSTICIA ZEBRINA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
KÆMPFERIA BENSONIÆ, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— BERKELEYI, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— MOULMEINENSIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— ROSCOEANA, 5*s.*
KÆMPFERIA UNDULATA, 5*s.*
KYLLINGIA MONOCEPHALA, *vide* Cyperus Lacourii.
LAMPROCOCCUS (ÆCHMEA) DISCOLOR, 5*s.*
—— —— FULGENS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— MINIATA, 5*s.*
—— —— WEILBACHI, 7*s.* 6*d.*
LAPORTEA SCHOMBURGKII VERSICOLOR, 10*s.* 6*d.*
LAURUS CINNAMOMUM, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
LEDENBERGIA ROSEO-ÆNEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
LIETZIA BRASILIENSIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
LUCULIA, *vide* Greenhouse Plants
MACROZAMIA, *vide* Index
MAGNOLIA MUTABILIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— PUMILA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
MANETTIA BICOLOR, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CORDATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MICANS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MANGIFERA INDICA, 1 guinea
MARANTA ALBO-LINEATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— AMABILIS, 5*s.*
—— ARGYREA, 5*s.*

MARANTA ARUNDINACEA (*The Arrowroot Plant*), 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— BACHEMIANA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
MARANTA BARAQUINII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— BELLA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— BICOLOR, 5*s.*

MARANTA NITENS.

An elegant and small-growing plant, imported from Brazil. The leaves are green with a bright glossy surface, marked on each side of the midrib with a series of oblong acute bars, alternating with numerous lines of a dark green on the palish bright green ground. The plant is distinct, and of a pleasing character. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MARANTA BINOTII, 2 guineas
—— CHIMBORACENSIS, 5*s.*
—— EXIMIA, 5*s.*
—— FASCIATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— GOVEANA, 5*s.*
—— ILLUSTRIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— KERCHOVEANA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— LEGRELLIANA, 5*s.*
—— LEOPARDINA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— LIETZEI, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— LINDENI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MAKOYANA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MASSANGEANA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— NITENS, *vide* page 56.
—— OPPENHEIMIANA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— ORNATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— PICTURATA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— PORPHYROCAULIS, 5*s.*
—— PRASINA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
MARANTA PRINCEPS, 5*s.*
—— PULCHELLA, 5*s.*
—— REGALIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— ROSEO-PICTA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SANGUINEA, 5*s.*
—— SEEMANNI, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— SMARAGDINA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— SPLENDIDA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— TUBISPATHA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— UNDULATA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— VEITCHII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— VIRGINALIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— VITTATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— WALLISII, 5*s.*
—— WARSCEWICZII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— WIOTII, 5*s.*
—— ZEBRINA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MARCGRAVIA DUBIA, 5*s.*
—— PARADOXA, 10*s.* 6*d.*

MARICA NORTHIANA.

An Iris-like plant, a native of Brazil. It has broad sword-shaped leaves, and the flower-stems, which are flattened and leaf-like, bear singularly handsome flowers, which consist of three ovate ivory white sepals, spotted with brown at the base, and three yellowish petals marked with rich brown in the lower parts, and white veined with blue at the recurved tips. The singular form and charming colouration, never fail to attract attention to its beauty. 10*s.* 6*d.*

MEDINILLA AMABILIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— MAGNIFICA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
MESUA FERREA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
METHONICA, *vide* Gloriosa
MEYENIA ERECTA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MICONIA PULVERULENTA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MONOLENA (BERTOLONIA) PRIMULÆFLORA, 5*s.*
MONSTERA DILACERATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— DELICIOSA (Philodendron pertusum), 10*s.* 6*d.*
MUSA CAVENDISHII, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— COCCINEA, 1 guinea
—— ROSACEA, 15*s.*
—— SUMATRANA, 1 guinea
—— SUPERBA, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— TEXTILIS, 1 guinea
—— URANOSCOPAS, *vide* page 19.
—— VITTATA, 3 guineas
—— ZEBRINA, 1 guinea
MUSSÆNDA FRONDOSA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— LUTEOLA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MYRTUS TOMENTOSA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
NAPOLEONA IMPERIALIS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
NEPENTHES ALBO-MARGINATA, 1 guinea
—— AMPULLARIA VITTATA, 1 guinea
NEPENTHES CHELSONI, 1 guinea
—— COURTII, 1½ guinea
—— DOMINII, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— GRACILIS MAJOR, 5*s.*
—— HOOKERI, 1½ guinea
—— HYBRIDA MACULATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— KENNEDYANA, 1 guinea
—— PHYLLAMPHORA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— RAFFLESIANA, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— SEDENI, 7*s.* 6*d.*
NIDULARIUM FULGENS, *vide* Guzmannia picta
—— INNOCENTII, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— SPECTABILE, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— TRISTE, 7*s.* 6*d.*
ORCHIDS, *vide* Index
OUVIRANDRA FENESTRALIS, 1 and 2 guineas
OXALIS SENSITIVA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
PALISOTA BARTERI, 7*s.* 6*d.*
PALMS, of sorts, *vide* Index.
PANAX EXCELSUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— FRUTICOSUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— LACINIATUM, 5*s.*
—— OBTUSUM, 5*s.*

PANAX PLUMATUM.

A very elegant small-growing plant, introduced from the South Sea Islands. The leaves form a crispy head of foliage, and are very elegantly divided, the leaflets long-stalked and more or less deeply lobed, the edges notched with more or less upcurved teeth. It is a plant of pleasing character, having somewhat the aspect of *P. laciniatum*, but being many degrees more finely cut. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Ghent in 1878. For illustration, *vide* page 58. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PANAX PLUMATUM, for description and price, *vide* page 57.

PANCRATIUM AMŒNUM, 5*s*.

PANCRATIUM FRAGRANS, 10*s*. 6*d*.

PANCRATIUM CARIBBÆUM.

A distinct species from the West Indies ; flowers white. 5*s*.

PANCRATIUM ROTATUM.

A most useful plant for cutting for bouquets, or any other decoration ; it produces snowy-white flowers, in clusters of nine to twelve, on stiff erect scapes ; delicioously fragrant and extremely elegant. 2*s*. 6*d*.

PANDANOPHYLLUM HUMILE, 1½ guinea
PANDANUS JAVANICUS VARIEGATUS, 7*s*. 6*d*.
—— ORNATUS, 10*s*. 6*d*.
—— UTILIS, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.
PANDANUS VANDERMEERSCHI, 10*s*. 6*d*.
—— VEITCHII, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
PAPYRUS ANTIQUORUM, 7*s*. 6*d*.
PARMENTIERA CEREIFERA, 1 guinea
PASSIFLORA ALATA, 3*s*. 6*d*.

PAVONIA MAKOYANA.

A handsome free-blooming plant of erect growth, with oblong-lanceolate coriaceous leaves; it belongs to the Malvaceæ, and has been imported from Brazil. Its corymbs of flowers are peculiarly attractive from the bracteoles being large, and of a bright rosy carmine colour, forming a striking contrast with the dark purple corolla. The plant is extremely floriferous, and the blossoms remain a long time in perfection. 10*s.* 6*d.*

PASSIFLORA AMABILIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— ARBOREA (GLAUCA), 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— BIJOU, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— BUONAPARTEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PASSIFLORA CAPSULARIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— CARDINALIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— EDULIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— FULGENS, *vide* Tacsonia Buchanani.

PASSIFLORA HAHNII.

This is a very distinct and beautiful variety of Passion-flower. It is a native of Mexico, and is a free-growing temperate stove climber. The flowers are about three inches across, of a creamy-white, with a yellowish corona, and are produced in great profusion. It received a First Class Certificate from the Royal Horticultural Society, October 14th, 1879. 5*s.*

PASSIFLORA KERMESINA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— LAURIFOLIA, 5*s.*
PASSIFLORA LOUDONI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MADONNA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

PASSIFLORA MACROCARPA.

A free-growing climber, introduced from the Rio Negro. The blossoms are very large, white and purple, but it is chiefly remarkable for its immense fruits, which often weigh as much as eight pounds each or more, and are of excellent quality. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PASSIFLORA MALIFORMIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MARMOREA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— MUTABILIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PASSIFLORA PRINCEPS (RACEMOSA), 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— QUADRANGULARIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*

PASSIFLORA QUADRANGULARIS VARIEGATA.

The bold character and beautiful flowers of *Passiflora quadrangularis* are too well known to need description. The present variety differs from it in having the foliage variegated. The leaves are very freely covered with yellow blotches and spots, producing a colouration which is at once handsome and conspicuous. 5*s.*

PASSIFLORA SANGUINOLENTA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SHEPPARDII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— TRIFASCIATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PAULLINIA OCEANICA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— THALICTRIFOLIA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
PAVETTA BORBONICA, 10*s.* 6*d.*

PAVONIA MULTIFLORA (WIOTII).

A very remarkable and pretty Malvaceous plant. Its flowers are very persistent, freely produced, and borne in sub-terminal corymbs; the bracteoles are of a lively red, long, narrow, and slightly ciliate; the folded corolla is dark purple, from the mouth of which protude the stamens, crowned with bright blue anthers. Mr. William Bull received this extremely interesting species from his collector in Brazil. 5*s.*

PAVONIA MAKOYANA, *vide* page 59.
PEDILANTHUS TITHYMALOIDES VARIEGATUS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
PELLIOMA DAVEAUANA, 5*s.*
PENTAS CARNEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— KERMESINA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PEPEROMIA ARGYREA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— VELUTINA, 5*s.*
—— VERSCHAFFELTII, 5*s.*
PEPINIA APHELANDRÆFLORA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
PETRÆA ERECTA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
PHILODENDRON CRINIPES, 5*s.*

PHILODENDRON CARDERI.

This exquisitely coloured Arad is a native of South America, whence it was sent to England by the collector, whose name it bears. The leaves are cordate, broadish, of a dark shaded bottle green, with a satiny lustre, the principal ribs being marked out by bright green lines of a glaucous or metallic hue; at the back the leaves are of a shaded wine purple, the course of the veins being marked by broad green lines. The glossy shaded satiny surface of the leaves imparts to them a wondrous degree of beauty.

This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society held at Preston in 1878, and one of the nine New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Great Show of the Royal Horticultural Society held at Kensington in 1878. For illustration, *vide* page 61. 10*s.* 6*d.*

PHILODENDRON DAGUENSE, 7*s.* 6*d.*
PHILODENDRON DISCOLOR, 5*s.*

PHILODENDRON GLORIOSUM.

A magnificent species, with beautiful foliage, of the most rich and brilliant deep green colour, ornamented with a large white central vein and smaller side veins. The young leaves on opening have a silky reflection. The white veining and rich velvety shade of the foliage render this plant extremely attractive. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.* each.

PHILODENDRON CARDERI, for description and price, *vide* page 60.

PHILODENDRON LINDENIANUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— MELANOCHRYSUM, 5*s.*
—— PERTUSUM, *vide* Monstera deliciosa
—— RADIATUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*
PHYLLANTHUS ATROPURPUREUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PHYLLANTHUS NIVOSUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— ROSEO-PICTUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SEEMANNIANUS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
PHYLLARTHRON COMORENSE, 7*s.* 6*d.*
PHYLLOGATHIS ROTUNDIFOLIA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

PHYLLOTÆNIUM LINDENI, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
PIPERS, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
PISTIA STRATIOTES, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PITCAIRNIA BROMELIÆFOLIA, *vide* page 19.
—— CORALLINA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— PLATYPHYLLA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
PLOCOSTEMMA LASIANTHUM, 5*s.*
PLUMBAGO COCCINEA SUPERBA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—- ROSEA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
POGOSTEMON PATCHOULI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
POINCIANA PULCHERRIMA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
POINCIANA REGIA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
POINSETTIA PULCHERRIMA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ALBA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— PLENISSIMA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— ROSEO-CARMINATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
POSOQUERIA MULTIFLORA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
POTHOS ARGYREA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— AUREA, *vide* page 19.
—— MACROPHYLLA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PSIDIUM CATTLEYANUM (The Guava), 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

PSYCHOTRIA CYANOCOCCA.

If one were to search the vegetable kingdom through, it would be difficult to find any other plant which displays, either in its flowers, fruit, or seeds, such a beautiful ultramarine colour as is exhibited by the berries of this species from Chontáles, Nicaragua. The colour and size of the flowers is disappointing to the lovers of gay tints and large blossoms, but as soon as the fruit begins to assume shape and substance, a tint is displayed which can be but imperfectly rendered by the Greek term *cyaneus*. In its native woods, the plant grows as underwood, and is loaded throughout the winter with large blue berries, as many as from 30 to 35 growing on one bunch. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PTERIDOPHYLLUM PENTAPHYLLUM, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
PUYA MAIDIFOLIA, 5*s.*
—— SULPHUREA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— UNDULATA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
RAVENALIA MADAGASCARIENSIS, "The Traveller's Tree," 15*s.* and 1 guinea
REIDIA GLAUCESCENS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
RHOPALA, of sorts, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* to 21*s.*
RIVINA FLAVESCENS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— LÆVIS (humilis), 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
ROGIERA CORDATA (amœna), 5*s.*
—— GRATISSIMA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— THYRSIFLORA, 5*s.*
RONDELETIA BREVIFLORA, 5*s.*
—— BRILLIANTISSIMA, 5*s.*
—— SPECIOSA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— MAJOR, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ROSCOEA PURPUREA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
RUBUS FLEXUOSUS, 5*s.*
RUDGEA MACROPHYLLA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
RUELLIA ACUTANGULA, 5*s.*
—— PORTELLÆ, 5*s.*
—— ROSEA, 5*s.*
RUSSELLIA JUNCEA, 5*s.*
SACCHARUM OFFICINARUM "The Sugar Plant," 7*s.* 6*d.*
SAMYDA NOBILIS, 1 guinea
SANCHEZIA NOBILIS GLAUCOPHYLLA, 5*s.*
—— —— VARIEGATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SANSEVIERA GUINEENSIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— ZEYLANICA (javanica), 3*s.* 6*d.*
SAXO-FRIDERICIA SUBCORDATA, 3 guineas
SCHISMATOGLOTTIS LONGISPATHA, *vide* page 20.
SCIADOCALYX DIGITALIFLORA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— LUCIANA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SCINDAPSUS PICTUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SCUTELLARIA MOCINIANA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SERICOGRAPHIS GHIESBREGHTIANA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SIMONISIA CHRYSOPHLÆA, 5*s.*
SINNINGIA PUNCTATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— PURPUREA NIGRA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SIPHOCAMPYLUS HUMBOLDTIANUS, (FULGENS), 5*s.*
SMILAX LONGIFOLIA VARIEGATA, 5*s.*
—— SHUTTLEWORTHII, 7*s.* 6*d.*
SONERILA HENDERSONI, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— ARGENTEA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— PICTURATA, 5*s.*
—— —— SPECIOSA, 5*s.*
—— MARGARITACEA ALBA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
SPATHIPHYLLUM PICTUM, 5*s.*
SPHÆROGYNE LATIFOLIA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
SPHÆROSTEMA MARMORATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
SPONDIAS PLEIOGYNA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
STADMANNIA AMABILIS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— JONGHEI, 10*s.* 6*d.*
STANGERIA, *vide* Index.

STENOSPERMATIUM WALLISII.

A very remarkable and beautiful Aroid, bearing large boat-shaped ivory-white thick spathes; it is an extremely distinct species, certainly one of the most interesting of Aroids, new alike to science and to gardens. 5*s.*

STEPHANOPHYSUM BAIKIEI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— LONGIFOLIUM, 5*s.*
STEPHANOTIS FLORIBUNDA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
STEUDNERA COLOCASIÆFOLIA, 5*s.*
—— DISCOLOR, 15*s.*
STIGMAPHYLLUM CILIATUM, 5*s.*
STRELITZIA AUGUSTA, 15*s.*
—— JUNCIFOLIA, 1 guinea
—— NICOLAI, 2 guineas
—— REGINÆ, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.*, and 1 guinea
—— —— HUMILIS, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
SYNGONIUM ALBO-LINEATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— WENDLANDII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
TABERNÆMONTANA CAMASSA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CORONARIA FLORE-PLENO, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— WALLICHIANA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
TACSONIA BUCHANANI (VITIFOLIA), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
TERMINALIA ELEGANS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
TETRANEMA MEXICANUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
THEOBROMA CACAO, 10*s.* 6*d.*
THEOPHRASTA IMPERIALIS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
THUNBERGIA CHRYSOPS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— FRAGRANS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— GRANDIFLORA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— HARRISII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— LAURIFOLIA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
THYRSACANTHUS RUTILANS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
TILLANDSIA ACAULIS ZEBRINA, *vide* Cryptanthus.
—— BIVITTATA, *vide* Cryptanthus.

TILLANDSIA LINDENIANA VERA.

One of the most beautiful of the Bromeliads; a native of Ecuador, of dwarf compact growth, with recurved leaves of an olive-green colour. The flower scape bears an ovate flattened spike of a bright rosy hue, from the bracts of which issue in succession the beautiful lilac flowers; the contrast of which, with the rose-coloured scape, presents a most charming and fascinating appearance. 1½ and 2 guineas.

TILLANDSIA (CARAGUATA) MUSAICA, 2 and 3 guineas
—— STRICTA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— (CARAGUATA) ZAHNII, 7*s.* 6*d.*
TINNEA ÆTHIOPICA (VIOLET-SCENTED TINNEA), 3*s.* 6*d.*
TORENIA ASIATICA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— PULCHERRIMA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
TOXICOPHLÆA SPECTABILIS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
TRADESCANTIA, *vide* Cyanotis.
TYDÆA, *vide* Index.
URCEOLINA AUREA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
UTRICULARIA MONTANA, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
VANILLA AROMATICA, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
VINCA ALBA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— OCULATA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— ROSEA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
VRIESIA BRACHYSTACHYA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— PSITTACINA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— SPLENDENS (SPECIOSA), 5*s.* & 7*s.* 6*d.*
ZAMIA, *vide* Index.
ZINGIBER OFFICINALE, 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW, RARE AND DESIRABLE GREENHOUSE PLANTS.

ABUTILON AGATHA, orange yellow, striped with crimson; a short expanded flower of distinct shape. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— AURELIA, a very fine large flower of a rich and bright golden yellow colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— BLANDII, a magnificent flower; deep yellow, veined with dark crimson, and reticulated with light crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— BOULE DE NEIGE, white. 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— BOULE D'OR, large globular flowers of a beautiful golden yellow colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— CELEBES, light reddish cinnamon, veined with light crimson; a fine large flower 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CLEOPATRA, rosy pink, with distinct crimson veining; a very pretty flower of nice round shape. 5*s.*
—— DARWINII, 1*s.* 6*d.*
ABUTILON DARWINII SUPERBUM, a great improvement on *Darwinii*. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— DARWINII TESSELLATUM, leaves deep green, marbled or tessellated with golden yellow; flowers cinnabar red, veined crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— DESBOISI, large well-formed flowers, of a beautiful bright rose colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— EDOUARD LAYEILLON, a dwarf variety, producing large tubular flowers of a deep rich golden yellow colour, flushed with rose. 5*s.*
—— ERMAN, orange buff, veined with crimson; flowers of peculiar formation, the petals being somewhat spoon-shaped. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— EVELINE, blush, shaded with pink, and beautifully veined with deep rose. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ABUTILON G. DÉLAUX, globular flowers of a rich reddish carmine colour, shaded with violet; dwarf and free-flowering. 5*s.*

—— HERMINE, deep cinnabar red, veined with crimson; the interior of the flower of a deep orange colour. 5*s.*

—— LA LORRAINE, bright red, the interior chamois, veined with red. 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— LE GRELOT, delicate rose colour, with very bright reticulations. 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— L. VAN HOUTTE, globular flowers of a bright mauve-purple colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— LYDIA, light yellow, flushed with crimson and richly veined and reticulated with bright crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— MDLLE. ANNA DÉLAUX, a large and well-formed flower, of a rich rose colour, marked with white and veined with dark rose. 5*s.*

—— MARSHAL, reddish cinnamon, shaded with orange and veined with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— MEGAPOTAMICUM VARIEGATUM, 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— MIGNON, a very dwarf and free-blooming variety, producing silvery white flowers, veined with soft rose. 5*s.*

—— MODIOLA, a very large and finely formed flower of a bright rosy crimson colour, veined with dark crimson. 5*s.*

—— MONSIEUR F. BRASSAC, rich rose and silvery-white, veined with dark rose; dwarf and floriferous; a very fine variety. 5*s.*

—— MONSIEUR DÉLAUX, crimson-amaranth, shaded with violet-purple; white throat; a magnificent flower of beautiful form. 5*s.*

—— MONSIEUR LOUIS MARIGNAC, delicate rose; reverse of petals of a silvery hue; dwarf and floriferous. 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— MONSIEUR B. MODESTE, a large globular flower of a rich bright crimson red colour, veined with dark crimson; very showy and attractive. 5*s.*

—— MONSIEUR PETIT, a remarkably showy variety, flowers of a rich reddish crimson colour, shaded with brilliant violet, and veined with dark crimson. 5*s.*

ABUTILON PHYLLIS, this variety produces large round flowers of a very pale lemon yellow colour. 5*s.*

—— PROGNE, a very fine large well-formed flower of good substance; colour rich magenta-rose. 5*s.*

—— RICHESSE, a large and well-formed flower of a bright rose colour, marked with silvery white and veined with dark rose; very fine. 5*s.*

—— ROI SOLIEL, a splendid flower of a rich reddish amaranth-purple colour, reticulated with dark carmine; a remarkably distinct and attractive variety. 5*s.*

—— ROSINA, delicate blush veined with rose; a very fine large flower of good form and substance. 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— SELLOWIANUM VARIEGATUM, beautifully variegated leaves, golden yellow, tessellated with green. 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— SERAPH, pure white; a long tubular-shaped flower; very fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— SIDONIE, a full round flower of a bright yellow colour; very pretty. 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— SIMON DELAUX, chamois, shaded purple, veins and back of petals rosy mauve. 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— THÉODORE SCHMITH, a pretty variety with salmon pink flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— TRIBUTE, blush pink, veined with rose and flushed with lilac. 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— TROPHY, bright lemon yellow, reticulated and veined with carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— VENOSUM ROSEUM, large soft rose flowers, darkly veined. 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— ZARA, clear lemon yellow; a beautiful flower of excellent form. 5*s.*

ACACIA DRUMMONDII, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— GRANDIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— PLATYPTERA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— TENUIFOLIA, 5*s.*

—— of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

ACANTHOPANAX QUINQUEFOLIUM VARIEGATUM, 5*s.*

ACROPHYLLUM VENOSUM, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

ADENANDRA FRAGRANS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

AGAPANTHUS UMBELLATUS CANDIDUS.

A variety with pure white flowers, extremely useful for bouquets, and very suitable for most decorative purposes; its makes an excellent companion to the blue kinds. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

AGAPANTHUS UMBELLATUS FLORE-PLENO.

This distinct plant has been introduced from the Cape of Good Hope. It differs materially from the normal type by producing umbels of dark blue double flowers. 10*s.* 6*d.*

AGAPANTHUS, of sorts, 1*s.* 6*d.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

AGAVE AMERICANA LONGIFOLIA VARIEGATA, 5*s.*

AGAVE AMERICANA VARIEGATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— BULBOSA, *vide* Fourcroya.
—— FILIFERA, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— HETERACANTHA, 1 guinea
—— HORRIDA, 3 guineas
—— SEEMANNI, 1 guinea
—— —— ACUTA, 1 guinea
—— —— PARVISPINA, 1 guinea
—— SHAWII, 5*s.*
ALOE SOCOTRINA, 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
AMARYLLIS, *vide* pages 27 and 28.
AMORPHOPHALLUS (PROTEINOPHALLUS) RIVIERI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ANOPTERUS GLANDULOSA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
ANTHERICUM VARIEGATUM, *vide* Phalangium argenteo-lineare
AOTUS GRACILLIMA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
APHELEXIS MACRANTHA PURPUREA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MACRANTHA ROSEA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— PROLIFERA BARNESII, *vide* Phœnocoma
—— RUPESTRIS GRANDIFLORA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
ARALIA ARMATA, 5*s.*
—— JAPONICA (SIEBOLDII), *vide* Fatsia japonica.
—— PAPYRIFERA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— QUINQUEFOLIA, 5*s.*
—— TRIFOLIATA, 5*s.*
ARAUCARIA BIDWILLII, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— COOKII, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— CUNNINGHAMII, 15*s.* and 1 guinea

ARAUCARIA EXCELSA.

Mr. W. B. has lately imported a fine lot of this handsome conservatory plant. 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 1 guinea. Specimens 2 and 3 guineas.

ARAUCARIA RULEI, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.
ARISÆMA CONCINNUM, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— CURVATUM, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
ARUNDINARIA KHASIANA, *vide* page 16.
ARUNDO DONAX VARIEGATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
ASPARAGUS DECUMBENS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— PLUMOSUS, *vide* page 66.

ASPARAGUS FALCATUS.

A copiously-branched twining evergreen plant, imported from South Africa. It is remarkable in the young state for its resemblance to some of the long-leaved Acacias. It grows several feet in height, and has slender angular branches. The leaf-like cladodia are in threes, bright green and glabrous; the hermaphrodite flowers are white, and grow twenty or thirty together, in lateral racemes, from the nodes of the branches. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ASPARAGUS VIRGATUS.

This remarkably elegant feathery-looking plant of fruticose habit, has been recently introduced from the Cape of Good Hope. The stems, which issue from the crown of the stout fleshy roots, are of a dark green colour, and bear at the upper end a corymbose head of erect branches, of which the lowest is the youngest or most recently developed. These branches are again twice branched, the ultimate branchlets being furnished with acicular cladodia, half an inch long, which grow usually in threes. The berries are round, about as large as an early frame Pea. 1 guinea.

AZALEA INDICA.

Good selections can be made by Mr. William Bull at 30*s.*, 42*s.* and 60*s.* per dozen.
New varieties, 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.* each.

NEW AZALEAS.

The two following Azaleas will be found extremely useful for winter and early spring blooming. They belong to the *amœna* section, indeed they are varieties raised from that well-known kind; they are both of neat and compact habit, and their flowers are produced in the greatest profusion, and being of small size are well adapted for bouquets and other purposes for which cut flowers are required.

EMBLEM, the blossoms of this attractive variety are of a charming magenta crimson colour, brightly spotted in the upper segments. The rich colour of its flowers makes this variety extremely desirable for decoration during the winter. 5*s.* each; six plants for 1 guinea.

MARVEL, rose, slightly shaded with violet, and brightly spotted with carmine in the upper segments; the anthers are frequently developed into small petaloid segments, giving the flowers a semi-double appearance. This variety received a First Class Certificate from the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 5*s.* each; six plants for 1 guinea.

AZALEA BALSAMÆFLORA, new, *vide* Index.

ASPARAGUS PLUMOSUS.

An elegant evergreen climber, from South Africa, with slender smooth stems, and numerous spreading branches; the hermaphrodite white flowers are produced from the tips of the branchlets. It is an exceedingly handsome ornamental plant for the greenhouse or conservatory, and its pretty feathery growths are extremely useful for cutting for decoration. 1 guinea.

BEGONIA, *vide* Index.
BERBERIDOPSIS CORALLINA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
BIGNONIA CHERERE, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
--- EXCELSA, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— GRANDIFLORA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
BIGNONIA JASMINOIDES ALBA MAGNA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— SPLENDIDA, 2*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— VENUSTA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
BLANFORDIA AUREA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— NOBILIS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

BLANDFORDIA PRINCEPS, for description and price, *vide* page 69.

BOMAREA CARDERI.

The most beautiful of the Bomareas yet introduced. It is a glabrous twining plant, with dark purplish stems, and produces its charming bell-shaped flowers in pendulous terminal umbellate cymes, the large heads of blossom making the plant a most attractive object. The individual flowers, in size and shape, remind one somewhat of those of *Lapageria rosea*, but are rather more contracted towards the mouth, and of a lighter rose-pink colour, while the tips of the segments are spotted with purplish-brown. It has been sent from the United States of Colombia by one of my collectors, and is an extremely handsome greenhouse climber. 10*s.* 6*d.*; strong imported plants, 2 and 3 guineas.

BLANFORDIA CUNNINGHAMII.

The late Dr. Lindley, in describing the previously known kinds of this genus, thus refers to *Blanfordia Cunninghamii*:—"None of them are to be compared for beauty with the plant of which the late Allan Cunningham gave me a specimen, the flowers of which are fully twice as large as *B. marginata (grandiflora)*. The leaves have neither serratures nor roughness on the edge, but are perfectly smooth. The flowers are of a deep rich red tint, except at the ends of the petals, where they are yellow. 5*s*., 7*s*. 6*d*. and 10*s*. 6*d*.

BLANFORDIA PRINCEPS.

This strikingly handsome greenhouse perennial gained the first prize as the best new flowering greenhouse plant at the Royal Horticultural Society's Exhibition in the summer of 1875. The stiff sub-erect distichous leaves are narrowly-linear, five to eight ribbed, and with a serrulate border. The scape is a foot high, bearing a corymb of many flowers, which are 2½ inches long, pendent, regularly funnel-shaped, with a bright crimson tube and deep golden yellow erect limb. It must be regarded as the most beautiful of the *Blanfordias* yet known. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 6209. For illustration, *vide* page 67. 2 and 3 guineas.

BORONIA DRUMMONDII, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— MEGASTIGMA, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— SERRULATA, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.

BOUVARDIAS, *vide* Index
—— ALFRED NEUNER, new double white, *vide* page 26.

BRACHYCHITON ACERIFOLIUM.

A tree of highly ornamental appearance. From the exceeding brilliancy of its rich red flowers it is called the Flame Tree. It might with great propriety be also called the New South Wales "Lace Bark Tree." The bast furnished by this tree is of the most beautiful lace-like texture, and is considered superior to Cuba Bast; the fibre is suitable for the manufacture of ropes, cordage, mats, &c. 7*s*. 6*d*.

BRACHYSEMA UNDULATUM.

A tall sub-scandent evergreen plant, attractive when in blossom, on account of the very unusual colour of its flowers. The leaves are oblong-ovate, mucronate, silky beneath, and the flowers are solitary or sometimes in pairs in the leaf axils, with a broad inflated brownish silky calyx, and deep violet-maroon corolla having a broad obtuse keel. It is a native of the West Australian colony. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 6114. 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.

BOWIEA VOLUBILIS, 5*s*.
BRUGMANSIA ARBOREA, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— KNIGHTII (flore pleno), 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— SANGUINEA, 3*s*. 6*d*.

BRUGMANSIA SUAVEOLENS, 3*s*. 6*d*.
CALCEOLARIA PAVONI, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
CALLA ÆTHIOPICA, *vide* Richardia.
CALLICARPA PURPUREA, 3*s*. 6*d*.

CAMELLIAS.

Good selections can be made by Mr. William Bull, at 2, 3, 4 and 6 guineas per dozen.
New varieties, 7*s*. 6*d*., 10*s*. 6*d*. and 15*s*. each.

NEW CAMELLIAS.

The following three first-rate Camellias are of American origin.

C. H. HOVEY, a very dark variety of novel colour, the deep velvety crimson petals being peculiarly and darkly shaded, which imparts to the flower a distinct and effective appearance. The flowers are of beautiful shape, the petals quite round, symmetrical and handsomely imbricated. Received a First Class Certificate from the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.

C. M. HOVEY, this splendid bright crimson Camellia was awarded the Gold Medal of the Massachusetts Horticultural Society. It is of exquisitely imbricated form; the petals exceedingly smooth, and without the notch or serrature common to most Camellias; it is one of the best high-coloured varieties extant. 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.

MRS. ANNE MARIE HOVEY, the flowers of this pretty variety are of exquisite form and medium size, the petals remarkably smooth in outline; it is exceedingly desirable where cut flowers are required, and is remarkable from its sportive colouring, some flowers being of a delicate soft pink, others white, others again are blotched or parti-coloured, and not unfrequently the combination of colouring occurs on the same plant. Received a First Class Certificate from the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.

CAMPHORA OFFICINALIS, 5*s.*
CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM, *vide* page 31.
—— (TECOMA) VALDIVIANUM, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
CASTANOSPERMUM AUSTRALE, 10*s.* 6*d.*
CEPHALOTUS FOLLICULARIS, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
CEREUS C. M. HOVEY, 5*s.*
—— GRANDIFLORUS (night-blooming), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— M'DONALDII, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— SPECIOSISSIMUS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CESTRUM AURANTIACUM, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CHOROZEMA CORDATUM SPLENDENS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— HENCHMANNI, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— LAWRENCEANUM, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— VARIUM CHANDLERI, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CHRYSANTHEMUM FRUTESCENS ETOILE D'OR, *vide* Index.
CISSUS ANTARCTICA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CAPENSIS, 5*s.*
—— RHOMBEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CLEMATIS INDIVISA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CLIANTHUS PUNICEUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— MAGNIFICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CLIVIA NOBILIS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
COBEA SCANDENS VARIEGATA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
COLEUS, *vide* Index
—— NEW, *vide* pages 24 and 25.
COPROSMA BAUERIANA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— PICTURATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— VARIEGATA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
CORDYLINE INDIVISA, 1 and 1½ guinea
CORREAS, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

CRINUM AMŒNUM.

This pretty bulbous plant has been imported from Assam. Its fragrant flowers are white, tinted on the outside with rose, about five inches across; the stamens and style are crimson, forming a nice contrast with the white segments. 5*s.*

CRINUM AUSTRALE.

This plant, which Mr. Bentham refers to *C. pedunculatum*, bears the name of Botany Bay Lily, and is an ornamental bulbous plant, requiring greenhouse temperature. The bulbs are smooth, thick, and cylindrical. The flowers, which are very fragrant, are numerous, from ten to fifteen in an umbel, each attached by a pedicel longer than the ovary, and consisting of a long slender tube, and a spreading or recurved limb of six white segments. 5*s.*

CROWEA STRICTA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CYCADS, *vide* Index.
CYANOTIS (Tradescantia) BARBATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

CYCLAMEN PERSICUM.

Too much can scarcely be said in favour of the superb varieties of this plant, of which the old *C. persicum* is the type, whether they are regarded as objects for the ornamentation of the greenhouse or conservatory, or for table decoration, for which their compact floriferous character eminently fits them. The flowers are also extremely useful for bouquets, and when plucked, if kept in water, they will last in freshness and beauty for some weeks, indeed, almost longer than any other flowers with which we are acquainted.

CYCLAMEN PERSICUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ALBUM, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— RUBRUM, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— of various choice sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CYTISUS FILIPES, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— RACEMOSUS, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— EVERESTIANUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DAHLIA IMPERIALIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ALBA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DAHLIA IMPERIALIS ARBOREA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ROSEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DAPHNE ELEGANTISSIMA, 5*s.*
—— INDICA RUBRA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— PAPYRACEA, 5*s.*
DASYLIRION GLAUCUM, 1 guinea
—— LONGIFOLIUM, 5*s.*
DESFONTAINEA SPINOSA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
DICHROA VERSICOLOR, 3*s.* 6*d.*

DIANELLA INTERMEDIA.

A free-growing plant, inhabiting the fern-lands of the northern and middle Islands of New Zealand. It has linear-ensiform leaves, and much branched panicles, ten to eighteen inches long, bearing numerous whitish flowers, which are succeeded by bunches of pretty dark blue berries. 7*s.* 6*d.*

DIONÆA MUSCIPULA.

(THE FLY-TRAP PLANT, OR VENUS' FLY-TRAP.)

One of the most wonderful illustrations of vegetable structure and design known among plants, the formation of its leaf organs being singularly adapted for entrapping insects. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

DORYANTHES EXCELSA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
DORYANTHES PALMERI, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS.

This handsome ornamental plant is exceedingly useful for the decoration of the greenhouse or conservatory, where its effective habit always imparts a tropical aspect to the house.

It is also well adapted for the purposes of sub-tropical gardening, either in groups or as single specimens, where its graceful mode of growth produces a remarkable and striking effect. 3*s.* 6*d.* to 10*s.* 6*d.*; fine plants, 15*s.*, 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS LINEATA.

An exceedingly handsome and ornamental plant, with fine broad foliage, gracefully recurving. It is strikingly effective for conservatory and greenhouse decoration 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.*, and 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA ARBOREA, 5*s.*
—— AUSTRALIS VEITCHII, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
DRACOPHYLLUM GRACILE, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
DROSERA CAPENSIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— DICHOTOMA, 7*s.* 6*d.*

DROSERA DICHOTOMA RUBRA.

A very beautiful form of Sundew, with dichotomously-parted leaves, but obviously differing from *D. dichotoma* (*binata*) by its red colour, and its always more repeatedly forked leaves. The plant is moreover altogether smaller, and the segments of its leaves are narrower and shorter. The leaf-lobes are densely fringed and studded with red hairs tipped by a transparent white globule, the hairs in *D. dichotoma* being white tipped with a red globule. The flower-scape is about a foot high, divided into three erect branches, each forming a short raceme of white flowers. 1 guinea.

DROSERA FILIFORMIS.

This pretty little Sundew is a native of North America. It has a bulb-like base or corm, from which spring up to a length of from six to nine inches, the erect filiform leaves, which have no distinction of blade and stalk, and are clothed with red-tipped glands; the flower-scapes have a one-sided raceme of purple-rose coloured flowers, each about an inch and a half broad. 5*s.*

DROSERA LONGIFOLIA, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— SPATHULATA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
DRYMISPERMUM AUSTRALE, 5*s.*
ECHEVERIA, of sorts, *vide* Index.
ELÆOCARPUS RETICULATUS (DENTATUS), 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
ENCEPHALARTOS, of sort, *vide* Index.
ENTELEA BAKERI, 7*s.* 6*d.*
EPACRIS, of sorts, 18*s.*, 30*s.* and 42*s.* per doz.
EPIPHYLLUM, *vide* page 47.
ERICAS, of sorts, 18*s.*, 30*s.* and 42*s.* per doz.
ERIOSTEMON BUXIFOLIUS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— INTERMEDIUS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— NERIIFOLIUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— PULCHELLUS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— SCABER, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
ERYTHRINA, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ERYTHRINA COMPACTA.

This magnificent variety is the best and most useful in every respect of all the Erythrinas. It is of compact bushy growth, producing most profusely its splendid attractive bunches of coral-like blossoms. It will be found effective for sub-tropical gardening, and is a truly desirable plant for most decorative purposes, as it blooms very freely in quite a small state. 5*s.*

EUCALYPTUS CITRIODORA.

The pleasant fragrance of the foliage of this plant renders it a desirable acquisition. The strong lemon-scent, which is emitted when the leaves are gently rubbed, is equally powerful and agreeable with that of the lemon-scented Verbena (*Aloysia citriodora*). The plant is of slender habit, with oblong leaves, clothed with glandular hairs, which give off the powerful and grateful odour above referred to. It is a native of Australia. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EUCALYPTUS AMYGDALINA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— GLOBULUS, "BLUE GUM," 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— HETEROPHYLLA, 5*s.*
—— OBLIQUA, 5*s.*
EUGENIA AUSTRALIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— UGNI, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
EUPATORIUM BERLANDIERI (GRACILE ODORATUM), 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— RIPARIUM, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
EURYA LATIFOLIA VARIEGATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
EURYCLES, *vide* page 48.
EUTAXIA FLORIBUNDA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
FARFUGIUM GRANDE, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
FATSIA (ARALIA) JAPONICA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— —— RETICULATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— VARIEGATA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
FERNS, *vide* Index.
FICUS AUSTRALIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— ELASTICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MACROPHYLLA, 5*s.*

FICUS MINIMA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— RHODODENRÆFOLIA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— STIPULATA (REPENS), 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
FOURCROYA (AGAVE) BULBOSA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
FUCHSIAS, *vide* Index.
GASTRONEMA SANGUINEUM FLAMMEUM, 5*s.*
GENETYLLIS (HEDAROMA) FUCHSIOIDES, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— TULIPIFERA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
GONOLOBUS CUNDURANGO, 10*s.* 6*d.*
GREVILLEA PREISSII, 7*s.* 6*d.*

GREVILLEA FORSTERII.

This extremely handsome plant has something the character of *G. robusta*, but, unlike that species, it blooms in a comparatively young state, producing attractive scarlet flowers, which almost equal in dazzling beauty the *Waratah* of New Holland. It has been introduced from Australia; and from its showy flowers and ornamental habit, is a most desirable acquisition for the greenhouse. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

GREVILLEA ROBUSTA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
GREYIA SUTHERLANDI, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

GUEVINA AVELLANA.

The Chilian Nut, an evergreen tree, growing in its native country thirty feet high, and furnished with coriaceous impari-pinnate leaves, consisting of from two to five pairs of ovate dentate leaflets. The flowers are in simple erect racemes two to four inches long, succeeded by globose edible drupes, enclosing almond-like seeds, which are eaten in Chili and Peru. The latter have a mild and somewhat oily taste, while the fleshy pericarp is made a substitute for the pomegranate. 7*s.* 6*d.*

HABROTHAMNUS NEWELLI.

A very ornamental plant of free growth, with neat smooth foliage, freely producing dense terminal clusters of fine large flowers of a bright crimson colour. It will be found extremely useful and effective as a conservatory climber. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

HABROTHAMNUS, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* & 3*s.* 6*d.*
HAKEA LAURINA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
HEDAROMA, *vide* Genetyllis.
HOVEA CELSI, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
HUMEA ELEGANS, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
HYDRANGEA FOL. MARGINATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— HORTENSIS AUREO-VARIEGATA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

HYDRANGEA HORTENSIS CYANOCLADA.

An exceedingly handsome and distinct variety, giving immensely large heads of bright blue flowers; much the best blue-flowered Hydrangea yet seen, the colour being very intense and attractive. The leaves are of stout leathery texture and dark green; the stems are peculiarly black, and the leaf-stalks are also darkly coloured. This distinct variety originated in Germany. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HYDRANGEA HORTENSIS THOMAS HOGG, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— JAPONICA ELEGANTISSIMA, 5*s.*
—— —— FOL. TRICOLORIBUS, 5*s.*
—— —— MACROCEPHALA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ROSALBA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— SPECIOSA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
HYDRANGEA MADAME VON SIEBOLD, 5*s.*
—— OTAKSA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SCANDENS (SCHIZOPHRAGMA HYDRANGEOIDES), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— STELLATA PROLIFERA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

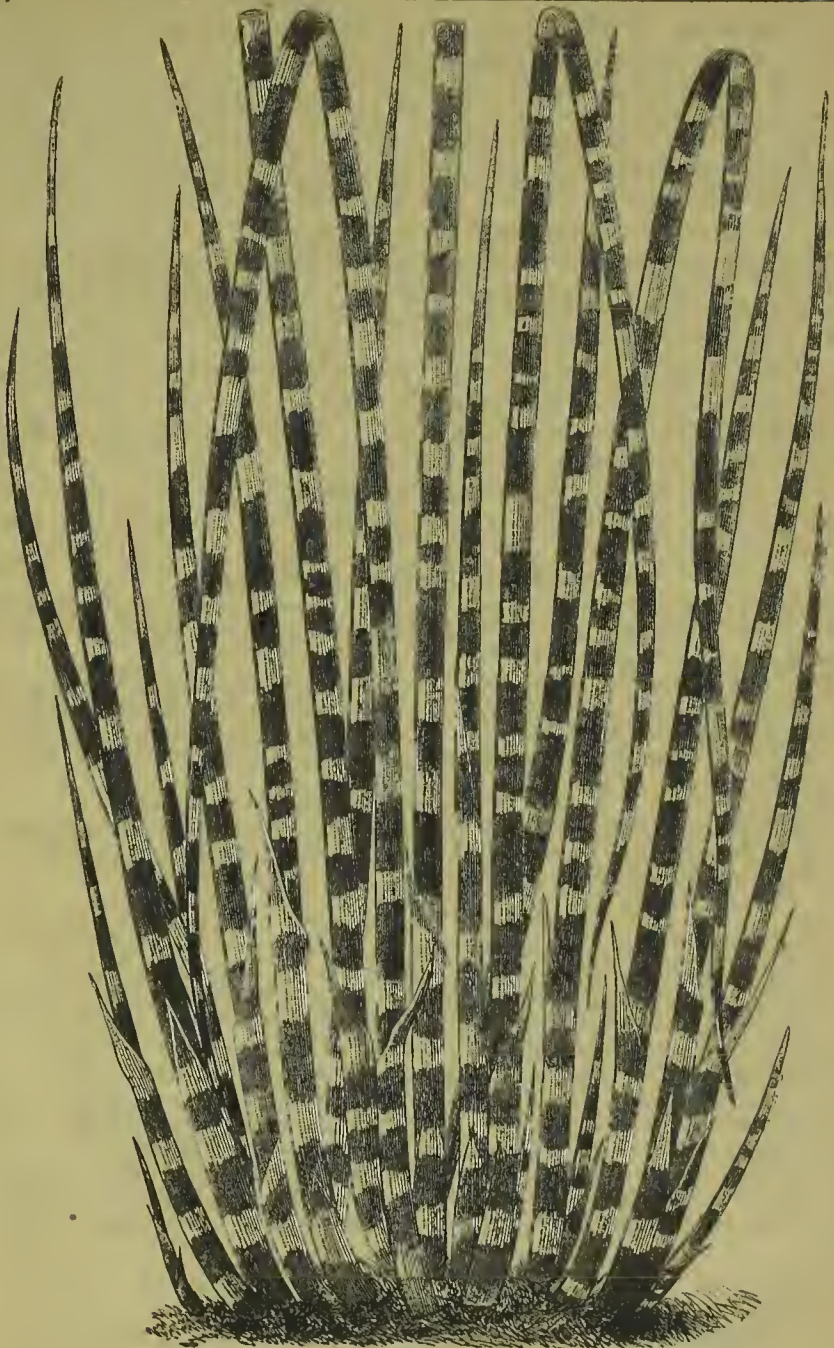
IMATOPHYLLUM MINIATUM.

A most effective and beautiful plant, producing broad corymbs of large deep salmon-coloured erect blossoms, relieved by a lighter centre; it blooms during the winter and spring months. 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*; fine plants, 1 and 1½ guinea.

IMATOPHYLLUM CYRTANTHIFLORUM, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— MINIATUM HYBRIDUM, 15*s.*
—— —— PRINCEPS, 2 guineas
IMATOPHYLLUM MINIATUM SPECIOSUM, 1½ guinea
—— —— SUPERBUM, 1 and 1½ guinea
INDIGOFERA DECORA, 5*s.*

IRIS ROBINSONIANA.

A very grand and distinct species, introduced from Lord Howe's Island, where by the natives it is called the "Wedding Flower." It is a strong-growing plant, with ensiform rigid leaves, and with a flower spike four to five feet high, which expands into several flowering branches candelabrum-like, two, three and four flowers in succession being developed from each sheath. The expanded flower is of a pure white colour, except at the inner base of the outer and larger petals, which are marked by irregular lines of a bright golden-yellow hue. The fully developed flower measures four inches across. Probably the finest Iris yet known. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*



JUNCUS ZEBRINUS.

This remarkable Japanese plant (which has been introduced to cultivation through the agency of Mr. T. Hogg, of New York), has a most peculiar appearance when growing, the idea suggested by a group of it being that of a cluster of porcupine quills. The plant, which is a true Rush, throws up erect terete leaves, but these, instead of being green, are transversely banded with white and green, the colours being, in most cases, pretty evenly distributed; sometimes the white prepouderates, the surface being either wholly white, or the green bands being narrower and less conspicuous; but in the best marked leaves, the green and white portions occupy alternately nearly equal bands of about half an inch deep. It is a most interesting plant. 1 guinea.

ISOLEPIS PYGMÆA (GRACILIS), 1*s.* 6*d.* | JASMINUM GRANDIFLORUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*

JUSSIÆA MACROCARPA CILIATA.

An interesting and showy free-growing half-hardy plant, having pentangular stems, which are hairy and somewhat winged at the angles ; they are furnished with alternate ciliated leaves, both surfaces of which are smooth, and bear towards the extremities large yellow axillary flowers, fully two inches across. It was introduced, through one of my collectors, from the United States of Colombia. 5*s.*

KENNEDYAS, of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.* | KREYSIGIA MULTIFLORA, 5*s.*

KNIPHOFIA QUARTINIANA.

A handsome greenhouse or half-hardy perennial, introduced from Abyssinia. It has an erect simple spike of densely crowded flowers forming a pyramidate raceme terminating the flower scape. The flowers are pendulous and orange-coloured ; the leaves, which widen from the point downwards, are very much recurved. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

LAGERSTRŒMIA INDICA, 3*s.* 6*d.* | LAGERSTRŒMIA, of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

LAPAGERIA ALBA.

This extremely beautiful climber produces numerous fine large bell-shaped pure white flowers. It is a neat-growing plant of free habit. 15*s.*, 1 and 2 guineas.

LAPAGERIA ROSEA.

Various sizes of this well-known and extremely useful conservatory climber, 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 1 guinea.

LAPAGERIA ROSEA SUPERBA.

A magnificent variety, producing fine large flowers of an exceedingly rich and brilliant crimson colour ; it is one of the most highly attractive of ornamental climbers for the greenhouse and conservatory. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

LASIANDRA MACRANTHA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— FLORIBUNDA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
LEPTOSPERMUM SCOPARIUM, 5*s.*
LESCHENAULTIA BILOBA SPLENDENS (MAJOR), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— FORMOSA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
LEUCOPOGON CUNNINGHAMI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
LIBONIA FLORIBUNDA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— PENRHOSIENSIS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
LILIUM NEILGHERRENSE, *vide* page 87.
—— of sorts, *vide* pages 86 to 88.
LINUM TRIGYNUM, 2*s.* 6*d.*
LOMATIA ELEGANTISSIMA, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— FERRUGINEA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
LUCULIA GRATISSIMA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
MACADAMIA TERNIFOLIA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

MACKAYA BELLA.

This most beautiful Acanthaceous plant is a native of the bed of the Tongat River, Natal. It is a tall, slender, nearly glabrous shrub, with virgate branches. The flowers have a pale lilac corolla, nearly two inches long, the throat ornamented with most delicately pencilled reticulated purple veins, tubular below, campanulate upwards, with a deeply five-lobed spreading limb. The plant is very floriferous, and when in full bloom, appears as a mass of most delicate, pendent, campanulate flowers. This charming plant has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 5797. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MACROPIPER EXCELSUM, 5*s.*
—— —— AUREO-PICTUM, 10*s.* 6*d.*
MACROZAMIA, *vide* Index
MAGNOLIA CAMPBELLII, *vide* page 88.
—— FUSCATA. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
MANDEVILLA SUAVEOLENS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
MELALEUCA SQUAMEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
METROSIDEROS FLORIBUNDA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
MIRBELIA PULCHELLA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MITRARIA COCCINEA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
MONOCHÆTUM LEMONIANUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SERICEUM MULTIFLORUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*

MUSA ENSETE.

This is the grand Banana of Abyssinia. In growth it is one of the most striking and noble of ornamental plants, and it is without doubt one of the most effective for summer out-door gardening. Its immense erect leaves attain a length of eight to ten feet, and are of a beautiful dark green, the mid-rib being bright crimson, forming an admirable and striking contrast. It attains altogether an average growth of twelve to fifteen feet in height. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

MYRSIPHYLLUM ASPARAGOIDES, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
MYRTUS, of sorts, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
NERINE CORUSCA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— MAJOR, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— FLEXUOSA MAJOR, 3*s.* 6*d.*

NERINE FOTHERGILLII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— MAJOR, 5*s.*
—— ROSEA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— VENUSTA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
NERIUM, of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.*
OLEA FRAGRANS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
OPUNTIA MONACANTHA VARIEGATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
ORCHIDS, of sorts, *vide* Index
OSBECKIA CRINITA, 5*s.*
PALMS, of sorts, *vide* Index
PANCRATIUM COLLINUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PASSIFLORA CAMPBELLII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CŒRULEA GRANDIFLORA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— EDULIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— IMPERATRICE EUGENIE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— LOUDONI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— ONYCHINA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
PELARGONIUM, *vide* Index
PENTLANDIA MINIATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PETUNIA, *vide* Index
PHALANGIUM ARGENTEO-LINEARE (ANTHERICUM VARIEGATUM), 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— LINEARE ELEGANS, 5*s.*
PHILESIA BUXIFOLIA, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
PHŒNOCOMA (APHELEXIS) PROLIFERA BARNESII, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
PHORMIUM ATROPURPUREUM, 1 guinea
—— COLENSOI VARIEGATUM, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— NIGRO-PICTUM, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— TENAX, 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— VARIEGATUM, 2 and 3 guineas
—— —— VEITCHII VARIEGATUM, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
PIMELEA DECUSSATA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— HENDERSONI, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— NIEPPERGIANA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— SPECTABILIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
PINCENECTICIA TUBERCULATA, 1 guinea

PITTOSPORUM CRASSIFOLIUM.

A bushy growing plant, of erect branching habit, with light green leaves, which are tomentose on the under surface; the flowers are of a dark chocolate-purple colour, and are freely produced in nodding pedunculed umbels; it is a native of New Zealand. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PLECTRANTHUS FŒTIDUS, 5*s.*
PLEROMA ELEGANS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SARMENTOSA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
PLUMBAGO CAPENSIS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
PODOCARPUS MACROPHYLLUS VARIEGATUS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
POLYGALA CORDIFOLIA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— DALMAISIANA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

POLYGONATUM OPPOSITIFOLIUM.

This species of Solomon's Seal is a fine herbaceous perennial from the Khasya Hills. Its white flowers are produced in axillary umbels of from three to ten; they are nodding, tubulose, nearly an inch long; it is of graceful growth, and a very desirable plant of half-hardy character, flowering in the winter months. 5*s.*

POMEGRANATE, PUNICA GRANATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— —— ALBA PLENA, 5*s.*
—— —— —— RUBRA PLENA, 5*s.*
PRIMULA JAPONICA, *vide* page 88.
PRIMULA SINENSIS ALBA PLENA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— FLORE-PLENO, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— VERTICILLATA SIMENSIS, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

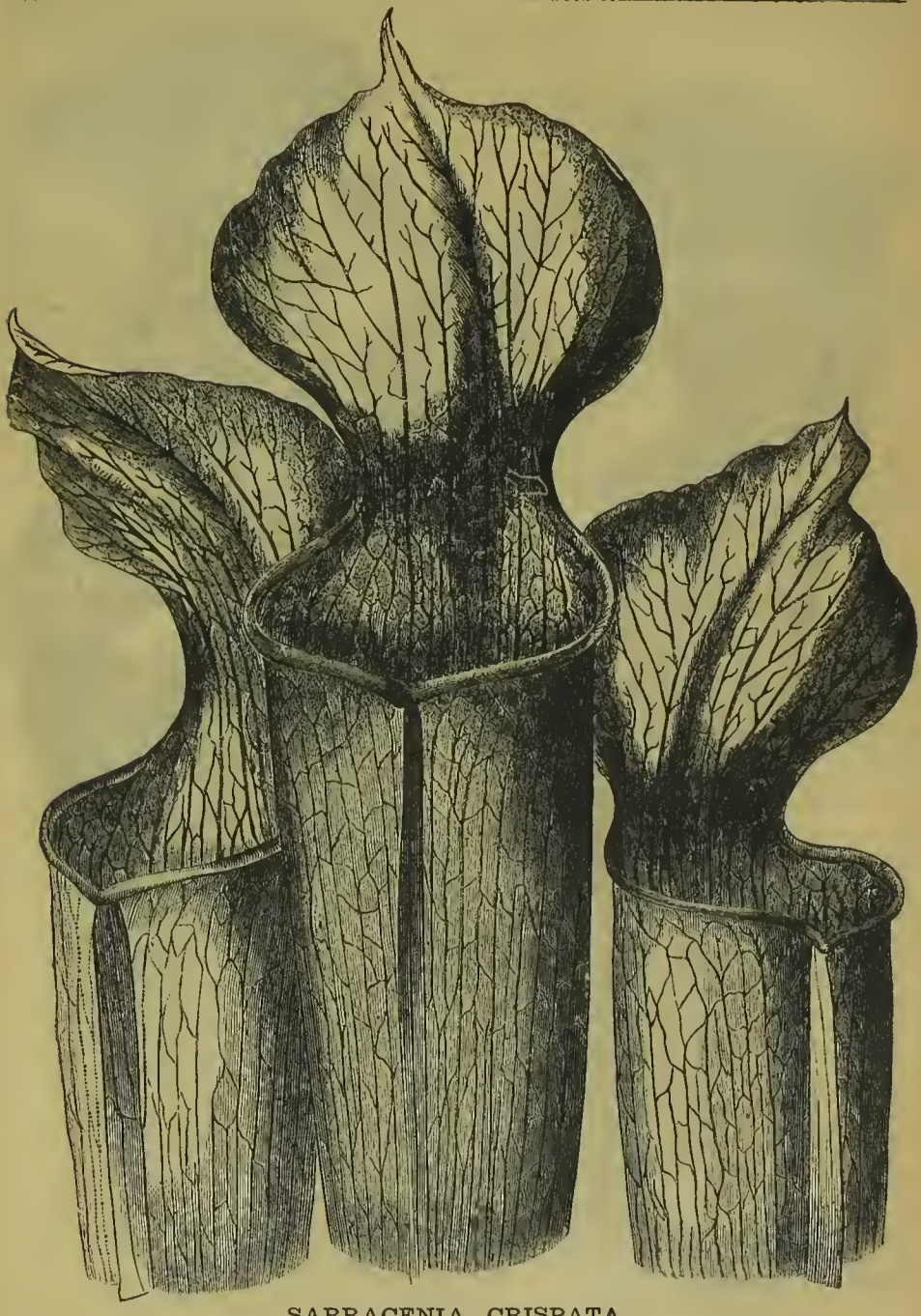
NEW DOUBLE CHINESE PRIMULAS.

PRIMULA SINENSIS FLORE-PLENO EARL BEACONSFIELD, bright rosy-carmine. 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— —— MARCHIONESS OF EXETER, white, striped and occasionally blotched with red. 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— —— MRS. A. F. BARRON, white, slightly marked with red. 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— —— PRINCESS, white, delicately suffused with pink. 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— —— WHITE LADY, fine large pure white flowers. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PROTEINOPHALLUS RIVIERI, *vide* Amorphophallus.
PTERODISCUS LINEARIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— SPECIOSUS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
PTEROSPERMUM ACERIFOLIUM, 15*s.*
PULTENÆA SCABRA BILOBA, 5*s.*
REINECKIA CARNEA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— VARIEGATA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
RHODEA JAPONICA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— ARGENTEA, 15*s.*
RHODEA JAPONICA MACROPHYLLA MARGINATA, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
RHODODENDRONS, *vide* page 81.
RHODOLEIA CHAMPIONII, 7*s.* 6*d.*
RHOPALA, *vide* page 62.
RHYNCHOSPERMUM JASMINOIDES, *vide* Trachelospermum.
RICHARDIA AFRICANA, (*Calla æthiopica*) 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— ALBO-MACULATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

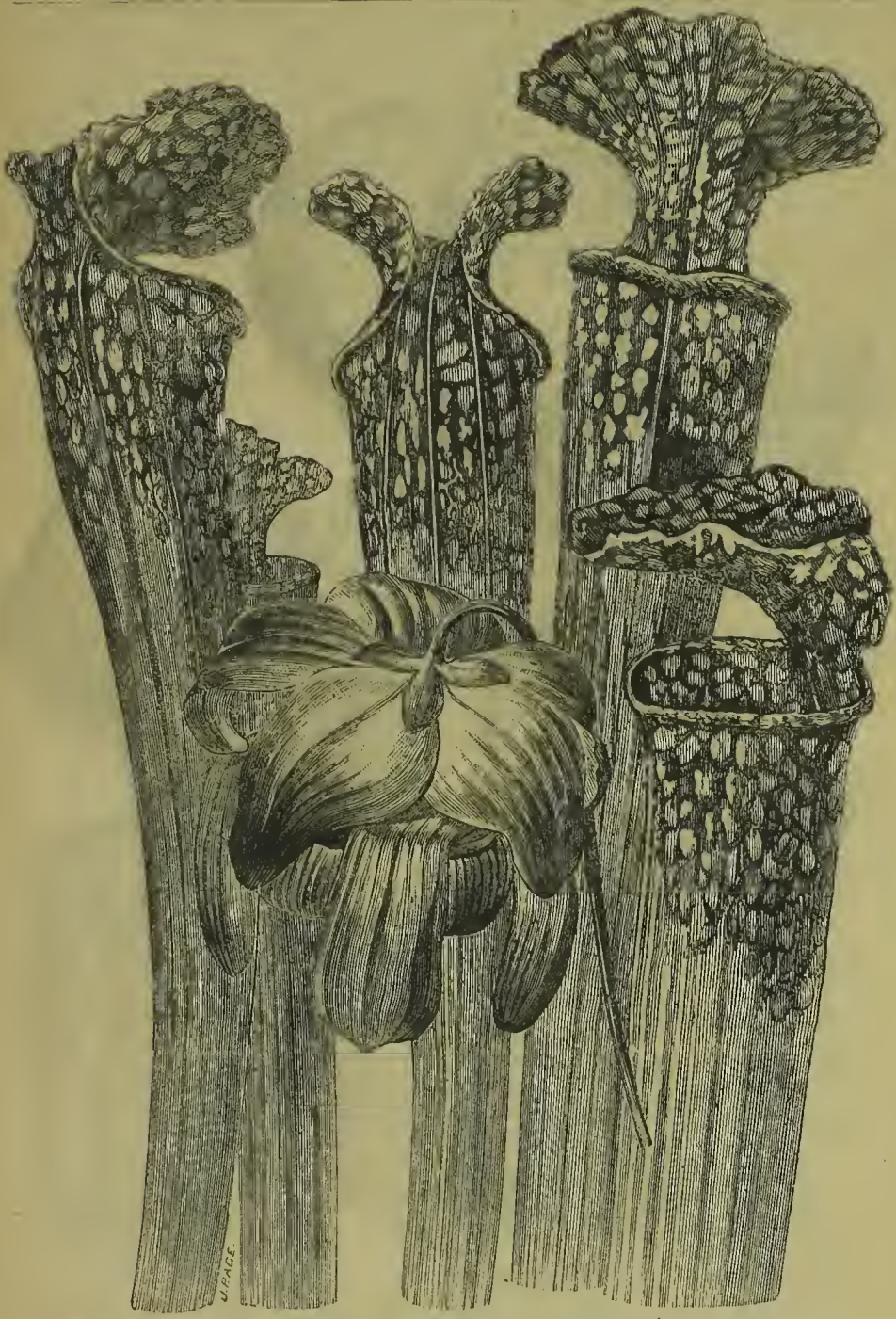
SARRACENIA ATROSANGUINEA.

A strikingly handsome variety of the Side-saddle flower. The pitchers form long narrow funnels, expanding at the mouth. The broad roundish lid is erectly curved over the orifice, at first green, with red reticulations, but gradually becoming deeper coloured, and at length entirely covered with a rich, deep, sanguineous red, which has a satiny lustre. The flowers are very regularly campanulate in outline, upwards of three inches across, the five petals regularly curving downwards; they are of a creamy-white, and hide the green umbraculiform stylo; the sepals, which are primrose-yellow, curve over the petals but stand quite separated from them. The flower is particularly elegant in shape. This very remarkable plant was imported from North America, and was awarded a First Class Certificate when exhibited at South Kensington. 1 guinea.



SARRACENIA CRISPATA.

A distinct and striking form of Side-saddle flower, introduced from North America. It may possibly be a natural or wild hybrid between *S. flava*, and *S. rubra*. It has erect funnel-shaped pitchers; the lid is erectly arched and roundish; the upper part of the pitcher and the central part of the lid are marked by longitudinal pencillings of red, forming a rather open reticulation. The flowers are fully three inches broad, the petals drooping, white, spathulately oblong, hanging loosely, but somewhat converging at the tips, recurved at the edge; the sepals arch over the petals, and have the margins recurved. 10*s.* 6*d.*



SARRACENIA DRUMMONDII.

A very singular and beautiful plant, belonging to the family of the Side-saddle flowers, and inhabiting the marshes of Florida. The leaves or pitchers grow quite erect, and from 1½ to 2½ feet high; they are of a bright green colour, and at the upper expanded end are variegated in a reticulated form with white, red, and green; the hood or lid, which is much undulated, being similarly marked. The flowers are handsome and attractive, of a rich crimson purple colour, and about 2½ inches in diameter. 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

SARRACENIA FLAVA ORNATA.

This is a very distinct and handsome plant, remarkable for its bold and strongly-pronounced venation. The mouth of the pitcher is slightly trumpet-shaped, and recurved at the edge; the upper part of the pitcher is strongly marked with well-defined reticulations of dark purplish-red, which are continued over the lid. It is a very handsome form, the contrast between its clear green and the bold red venation being striking and effective. The flowers are large and very attractive, of a bright yellow colour. Introduced from North America. 10*s.* 6*d.*

SARRACENIA ATROSANGUINEA, *vide* page 76.
—— CHELSONI, 1 guinea
—— CRISPATA, *vide* page 77.
—— DRUMMONDII, *vide* page 78.
—— FLAVA, 5*s*.
—— —— ORNATA, *vide* page 79.
—— PICTA, 10*s*. 6*d*.
SARRACENIA PSITTACINA, 1 guinea
—— PURPUREA, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— RUBRA, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
—— VARIOLARIS, 7*s*. 6*d*.
SCHIZOPHRAGMA HYDRANGEOIDES, *vide* Hydrangea scandens.
SENECIO MACROGLOSSUS, 3*s*. 6*d*.

SENECIO SPECIOSUS.

The exceedingly bright and pretty magenta-coloured flowers of this plant make it very attractive; it is a half-hardy perennial introduced from South Africa, and is exceedingly floriferous, so much so that in a cool greenhouse, its cheerful blossoms are successionally produced throughout the year; they are each about one and a half inch in diameter and are produced in large branching corymbose spikes. The leaves are obovate lanceolate, and crenately toothed.

This charming Senecio is a striking object planted in the open borders during the temperate months of the year. 3*s*. 6*d*.

SMILAX MACROPHYLLA MACULATA, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
SOLLYA LINEARIS, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
SPARAXIS PULCHERRIMA, 3*s*. 6*d*.
SPARMANNIA, AFRICANA FLORE PLENO, *vide* page 20.
STATICE HOLFORDII, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— MACROPHYLLA, 5*s*.
—— PROFUSA (RATTRAYANA), 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
STERCULIA HETEROPHYLLA (DIVERSIFOLIA), 10*s*. 6*d*.
STRELITZIA REGINÆ, *vide* page 63.
SWAINSONA, of sorts, 3*s*. 6*d*.
TACSONIA ERIANTHA, 5*s*.
—— EXONIENSIS, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— INSIGNIS, 10*s*. 6*d*.
—— MANICATA, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— MOLLISSIMA, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— PINNATISTIPULA, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— TOMENTOSA SPECIOSA, 5*s*.
TACSONIA VAN VOLXEMI, 2*s*. 6*d*. & 3*s*. 6*d*.
TECOMA, *vide* Bignonia.
—— ROSEA, *vide* page 20.
TESTUDINARIA ELEPHANTIPES, 1 guinea
THAMNOCALAMUS SPATHIFLORUS, 5*s*.
THIBAUDIA ACUMINATA, 5*s*.
TRACHELOSPERMUM (RHYNCHOSPERMUM) JASMINOIDES, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— —— —— VARIEGATUM, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
TRADESCANTIA BARBATA, *vide* Cyanotis.
TREMANDRA ERICÆFOLIA, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— HIRSUTA, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— VERTICILLATA, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.
TRITONIA AUREA, 1*s*. 6*d*. and 2*s*. 6*d*.
TROPÆOLUM AZUREUM, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— BRACHYCERAS, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— JARRATTII, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— of sorts, 1*s*. 6*d*., 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.

TURRÆA HETEROPHYLLA.

A small-growing slender-branched shrub, a native of Natal. It has glabrous branches, and ovate undivided or three-lobed leaves, which fall away before the flowering season. The flowers are white, five petalled, clustered at the ends of the branches, and having the elongate lignlate petals longer than the staminal tubes. The Turræas form an interesting group of the Meliaceæ. 7*s*. 6*d*. and 10*s*. 6*d*.

VALLOTA PURPUREA, 2*s*. 6*d*.
—— —— MAJOR, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
WITSENIA CORYMBOSA, 3*s*. 6*d*.
XYLOMELUM PYRIFORME, 10*s*. 6*d*.
YUCCA QUADRICOLOR, 1½ and 2 guineas
YUCCA ALOIFOLIA VARIEGATA, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
ZAMIA, *vide* Index.
ZEPHYRANTHES ROSEA, 12*s*. per doz.
—— TUBISPATHA, 12*s*. per doz.

VERONICAS.

ANNETTE, pale bluish-purple, with distinct white eye. 1*s*. 6*d*.
BLUE GEM, a variety of neat habit, producing spikes of beautiful blue flowers. 1*s*. 6*d*.
CAROLINE, light lilac-blue, with small white eye; exceedingly free-flowering. 1*s*. 6*d*.
DISPLAY, rosy-crimson, with small white eye; free, and of good habit. 2*s*. 6*d*.
EVA, a compact-growing variety, producing fine spikes of pretty pink flowers. 2*s*. 6*d*.
IMPÉRIALE, brilliant amaranth-red, changing to carmine-magenta. 1*s*. 6*d*.
RUBENS, flowers large and fine, of a beautiful violet colour. 2*s*. 6*d*.
VESTA, exceedingly floriferous; beautiful light blue, with attractive white centre. 1*s*. 6*d*.

GREENHOUSE RHODODENDRONS.

ANDERSONI, a handsome introduction from the Himalayas, giving very large and fine trusses of blossoms, which are of a bright rich carmine colour. *5s.*

ASSAMICUM, *vide* page 20.

BARBATUM, bright scarlet flowers, distinct and effective. *5s.*

CALOPHYLLUM, a handsome species, producing large funnel-shaped pure white flowers. *5s.*

COUNTESS OF DERBY, bell-shaped flowers of great substance and large size ; pure white, and most deliciously fragrant ; a very free-blooming variety. *7s. 6d.*

COUNTESS OF HADDINGTON, very large blush-white flowers ; an exceedingly beautiful hybrid variety. *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*

DUCHESS OF SUTHERLAND, a robust growing variety, producing pure white sweet-scented flowers, with beautifully fringed margin. *7s. 6d.*

EDGWORTHII, a handsome free-flowering species, with large pure white spreading shallow cup-shaped fragrant flowers. *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*

FALCONERI, magnificently ornamental ; this species has the largest leaves of the genus. *7s. 6d.*

FORMOSUM GRANDIFLORUM, a free-blooming variety, with finely formed pure white flowers ; a neat growing kind, and very useful for conservatory decoration. *3s. 6d.* and *5s.*

FRAGRANTISSIMUM, deliciously fragrant flowers, of the purest white, lightly spotted with ochre on the upper segment ; the back of the flower pencilled and shaded with rose. *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*

FULGENS, blossoms of a rich fiery crimson colour ; showy and effective ; compact habit. *5s.*

JAMESONI, flowers bright red, produced in large terminal trusses ; handsome and attractive. *5s.*

JASMINIFLORUM, an elegant free-blooming species, with fragrant white flower tubes, borne in clusters. *3s. 6d.* and *5s.*

JENKINSII, flowers exceedingly large, funnel-shaped, and of snowy whiteness ; the handsome wax-like attractive blossoms render it a most beautiful plant for conservatory decoration. *5s.*

LADY SKELMERSDALE, a very handsome variety, producing pure white trumpet-shaped fragrant flowers. *5s.*

MRS. JAMES SHAWE, a variety of bushy habit, producing in profusion pure white sweet-scented flowers, which are cup-shaped and of great substance. *5s.*

NILAGIRICUM, a splendid species from the Neilgherry Hills, and Nepal, producing immense terminal trusses of fine large showy flowers, of a beautiful blush colour, blended with deep rich rose and shaded with soft rose ; light throat. *5s.*

NUTTALLII, a magnificent species ; flowers pure white, the largest of the genus. *5s.*

PRINCESS ALEXANDRA, a pretty hybrid variety, of compact growth, with similar flowers to those of *R. jasminiflorum*, but larger and longer tubed, pure white, with pink stamens. *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*

PRINCESS ALICE, a neat dwarf bushy-growing variety of the *ciliatum* type, producing clusters of deliciously-scented bell-shaped white flowers, flushed with pink. *3s. 6d.* and *5s.*

PRINCESS HELENA, this pretty hybrid form, with *R. Princess Alexandra*, was obtained from a cross with *R. jasminiflorum*, but is readily distinguished from it by its much longer tubed flowers, of a delicately tinted soft pink colour, streaked with darker shades. *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*

PRINCESS ROYAL, a handsome and distinct variety of neat compact growth, with clusters of richly-shaded rose-coloured funnel-shaped flower tubes. *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*

RETUSUM, this distinct species produces clusters of tubular orange-coloured flowers. *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*

THIBAUDIENSE, this remarkable Rhododendron has been introduced from Bhotan ; its bright red tubular flowers are produced in terminal trusses ; in form they somewhat resemble those of the Correas and Thibaudias, and have the same alabaster-like translucent lustre, hence its name. *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*

THOMSONI, bright scarlet ; cup-like flowers of good form. *5s.*

TUBULATUM, a fine variety, with large tubular pure white flowers ; it is a most useful plant for the decoration of the greenhouse or conservatory. *7s. 6d.*

VEITCHIANUM, a beautiful species, with very large white flowers, relieved by a yellow centre or base, and elegantly fringed or frilled on the margin. *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*

VIRGATUM, tube of the corolla short and obconical, and the limb segments spreading ; the flowers in the different plants that have been raised from seed, vary in hue from blush to white. *5s.*

VIRGATUM HYBRIDUM, a neat-habited bushy-growing variety, producing fine trusses of beautiful pure white flowers, of good form. *5s.*

VIRGINALE, the pure white flowers of this beautiful variety are large and funnel-shaped. It has leathery dark green foliage, and forms a splendid plant for conservatory decoration, the great size and snowy whiteness of its blossoms rendering it extremely attractive. *7s. 6d.*

NEW, RARE AND DESIRABLE HARDY PLANTS.

ACER PLATANOIDES SCHWEDLERI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— POLYMORPHUM ATROPURPUREUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— SANGUINEUM, 5*s.*
ACER TATARICUM GINNALA, 5*s.*
ACORUS JAPONICUS SIEBOLDII STRIATUS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
ACTINIDIA KOLOMIKTA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
ALTHÆA FRUTEX, *vide* Hibiscus syriacus

AGAVE UTAHENSE.

A distinct hardy species from the Rocky Mountains, with narrow silvery leaves, radiating, and, as it were, forming a star. 5*s.*

ALPINE PLANTS.

Choice selections of these pretty plants, suitable for Rock-work, &c. 9*s.* and 12*s.* per dozen.

AMARYLLIS BELLADONNA, 1*s.* each ; 9*s.* per dozen
AMPELOPSIS TRICUSPIDATA (*Vitis japonica*), 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
AMYGDALUS PERSICA ALBA PLENA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— CAMELLIÆFLORA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— DIANTHIFLORA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— FOLIIS PURPUREIS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— PURPUREA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ROSÆFLORA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ROSEO-PLENA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
ANDROMEDA JAPONICA, 5*s.*
ANTHEMIS BIEBERSTEINII, 1*s.* 6*d.*
ARISÆMA CORNUTUM (*Sauromatum guttatum*), 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— (SAUROMATUM) NIGRICANS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— PARDINUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— PICTUM, 5*s.*
—— RINGENS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ARUNDO CONSPICUA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
ASCLEPIAS TUBEROSA, 1*s.*
ASPIDISTRA LURIDA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— VARIEGATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ASTILBE BARBATA (*Hoteia japonica*, *Spiræa barbata*), 1*s.*
AUCUBA JAPONICA FŒMINA, various sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— LUTEO-PICTA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— MASCULA, various sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

AZALEA MOLLIS.

This showy deciduous shrub bears oblong-obovate leaves, villose on the nerves and margin, and large funnel-shaped orange-coloured flowers in terminal umbels. Introduced from the mountains of Japan. 3*s.* 6*d.*

AZALEAS, hardy varieties, of sorts, 18*s.*, 30*s.* and 42*s.* per dozen
AZARA MICROPHYLLA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
BAMBUSA FORTUNEI VARIEGATA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— MAXIMOWICZII, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— METAKE, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

BAMBUSA NANA.

A very elegant small-growing Bamboo, introduced to this country from Japan. Its slender stems become twice branched, the little tufts formed by the short leafy twigs having a very distinct and peculiar appearance. The leaves are two-ranked or distichous, bright green on the upper and glaucous on the under surface, lance-shaped from a broad base, and about an inch long. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

BAMBUSA NIGRA, 5*s.*
—— SIMONII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— TRICOLOR, 7*s.* 6*d.*
BERBERIDOPSIS CORALLINA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
BERBERIS AMURENSIS, 5*s.*
—— CORDIFORMIS, 5*s.*

BERBERIS HETEROPODA.

A deciduous shrub, a native of Soongaria and Turkestan, where it grows from six to ten feet high. The leaves are shortly stalked, entire or spinuloscly-toothed. It bears yellow entire-petalled flowers, which are succeeded by dark purple pruinose berries. 5*s.*

BERBERIS STENOPHYLLA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— THUNBERGII, 5*s.*
—— of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
BETULA ALBA FOLIIS ATROPURPUREIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
BIGNONIA GRANDIFLORA, 2*s.* 6*d.* & 3*s.* 6*d.*
BIGNONIA RADICANS MAJOR, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
BLOOMERIA AUREA, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
BOCCONIA JAPONICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
BRODIÆA GRANDIFLORA, 3*s.* per dozen.

BRODIÆA COCCINEA.

The "Vegetable Fire Cracker of California." Umbels of deep magenta crimson drooping flowers very showy. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CALOCHORTUS LUTEUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
CALOCHORTUS VENUSTUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*

CAMPANULA PUNCTATA.

A fine hardy herbaceous perennial, growing about a foot high, and bearing large nodding flowers nearly or quite two inches long; white, spotted inside with purple. It is a native of Eastern Siberia, Dahuria and Japan. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CAMPANULA TURBINATA, 1*s.*

CARPENTARIA CALIFORNICA.

A new Californian shrub, producing large terminal branches of white flowers, which have a similar fragrance to those of the *Philadelphus;* it is extremely ornamental. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CATALPA SYRINGÆFOLIA AUREA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
CEANOTHUS GLOIRE DE VERSAILLES, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CHOISYA TERNATA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
CERASUS JAPONICA FLORE ROSEO-PLENO, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CHIMONANTHUS FRAGRANS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— GRANDIFLORUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*

CHIONODOXA LUCILLIÆ.

This is one of the most beautiful of bulbous plants, and perfectly hardy; it combines the habit of a handsome Squill with the brilliant colours of *Nemophila insignis.* Introduced from Asia Minor. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CHRYSANTHEMUMS, *vide* Index
CINNAMOMUM SERICEUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*

CLEMATIS.

As hardy climbers, the large-flowered hybrid varieties cannot be too strongly recommended, for they are of easy and free growth, profuse bloomers, and the colours of the different sorts are varied and distinct, such as light and dark blue, white, plum, silvery-gray, violet, lavender, rosy-purple, mauve, &c. Price 18*s.* and 30*s.* per dozen. New varieties, 42*s.* per dozen.

CLEMATIS PANICULATA.

A hardy climbing plant, furnished with pinnately decompound leaves. The flowers are white, in axillary panicles, numerous, sweet-scented, and resembling those of *C. Flammula.* It is a native of Japan, where it is found in the neighbourhood of Nagasaki. 3*s.* 6*d.*

COMARUM SALESSOWI, 5*s.*
CORNUS BRACHYPODA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
CORYLUS AVELLANA AUREA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
CRATÆGUS ORIENTALIS SANGUINEA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
CRINUM CAPENSE ALBUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ROSEUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*
CYCLAMEN EUROPÆUM, 6*s.* per dozen
CYCLOBOTHRA CŒRULEA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— PULCHELLA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
CYDONIA JAPONICA, of sorts, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
DAPHNIPHYLLUM GLAUCESCENS JESSOENSIS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— ROXBURGHII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DELPHINIUMS, of sorts, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
DESMODIUM PENDULIFLORUM, 2*s.* 6*d.*
DEUTZIA CRENATA CANDIDISSIMA PLENA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
DIELYTRA SPECTABILIS, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
DIMORPHANTHUS MANDCHURICUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
EREMURUS ROBUSTUS, 5*s.*
ERIGERON AURANTIACUM, 2*s.* 6*d.*
ERYTHRINA, *vide* page 71.
ERYTHRONIUM AMERICANUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— GRANDIFLORUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*
ESCALLONIA MACRANTHA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
EUCRYPHIA PINNATIFOLIA, 15*s.*
EUGENIA UGNI, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

EULALIA JAPONICA ALBO-LINEATA.

A handsome ornamental grass, with elegant linear-lanceolate leaves of a deep green colour, attractively striped throughout the entire length with creamy white. In style of growth and general effect it somewhat resembles the variegated *Arundo Donax.* 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

EULALIA JAPONICA ZEBRINA.

An exceedingly elegant and ornamental grass from Japan. Its graceful leaves are barred crossways with alternate bands of creamy white and green, which variegation gives the plant a very distinct appearance, being so different to the general longitudinally striped variegation. The flower-panicles are erect, but as the flowers expand the branches curve over in a graceful manner. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

FRAXINUS POTAMOPHILA.

A neat-looking small-leaved species of Ash introduced from the districts of Turkestan beyond the Ili. The young branches are of a grayish brown colour, with black buds. The flowers grow in short racemes, and the samara or fruits are stalked, oblong, with wedge-shaped base. 3*s.* 6*d.*

FRAXINUS LONGICUSPIS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— MANDCHURICUS, this has gigantic leaves. 3*s.* 6*d.*
GENTIANA DECUMBENS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— FETISSOWI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— KURROO, 7*s.* 6*d.*
GENTIANA WALUJEWI, 5*s.*
GEUM STRICTUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*
GLADIOLUS PURPUREO-AURATUS, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
GUNNERA SCABRA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
HEMEROCALLIS, of sorts, 9*d.* and 1*s.*

HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

Choice selections of these useful hardy border plants, 9*s.* and 12*s.* per dozen.

HIBISCUS SYRIACUS (ALTHÆA FRUTEX), 1*s.*
—— —— ALBO-PLENUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ALBO-LUTEOLUS PLENUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— AMARANTHUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— AMPLISSIMUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ANEMONÆFLORUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ARDENS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— BICOLOR HYBRIDUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— BOULE DE FEU, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— CARNEO-PLENUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— CŒLESTIS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— CŒRULEUS PLENUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— DUC DE BRABANT, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— DUCHESSE DE BRABANT, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ELEGANTISSIMUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— FASTUOSUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
HIBISCUS SYRIACUS GRANDIFLORUS SUPERBUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— LADY STANLEY, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— LEOPOLDII, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— MONSTROSUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— POMPON ROUGE, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— PUNICEUS PLENUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— PURPUREUS VARIEGATUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— RANUNCULIFLORUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ROSEUS PLENUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— RUBRUS PLENUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— SPECIOSUS RUBRUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— TOTUS ALBUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— VARIEGATUS PLENUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— VIOLACEUS ATROPURPUREUS, FLORE-PLENISSIMO, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— VARIEGATUS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— VIOLET CLAIR, double, 1*s.* 6*d.*

HYACINTHUS CANDICANS.

A showy hardy plant producing immense spikes of snow white flowers, as many as from thirty to sixty being borne on single stem. 1*s.* 6*d.*

HOTEIA JAPONICA, *vide* Astilbe barbata.
HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
HYPERICUM PATULUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*
IDESIA POLYCARPA (POLYCARPA MAXIMOWICZII), 5*s.*
IRIS CALIFORNICA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— IBERICA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

IRIS KÆMPFERI.

A magnificent collection of this handsome and attractive class has been imported from Japan. Scarcely any plants in the flower garden can compare for gorgeous beauty with this section of Iris ; they can therefore be most highly recommended.

Those marked (*) are double-flowered varieties, the three inner segments being of nearly equal size with the three outer ones, and spread out horizontally, thus giving the flowers a beautifully round and regular form.

*AGATHA, rich crimson-purple, mottled and striped with white, having a golden bar at the base of each of the segments. 7*s.* 6*d*
*ANNETTE, deep purplish-crimson, with a bright yellow bar at the base of each of the segments. 7*s.* 6*d.*

IRIS KÆMPFERI—continued.

*ARCHETTE, pure white ; the base of each of the segments marked with deep yellow ; a very fine flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CHARLES MARIES, outer segments broad and spreading, inner ones smaller and sub-erect ; white flaked with purplish-red. 5*s.*

CHARTER, lilac-mauve marked with yellow, and streaked or veined with white at the base of the segments ; a fine large flower. 10*s.* 6*d.*

*CHELSEA HERO, rich blue purple, lit up by a golden bar at the base of each of the six segments, which are closely imbricated, and spread out horizontally. The breadth of the segments, and the complete imbrication of the inner over the outer series, give a peculiar fulness to the flower. 10*s.* 6*d.*

*CHIEFTAIN, deep rich violet-purple, with a golden bar at the base of each of the segments ; a dwarf-growing variety. 7*s.* 6*d.*

*DELICATA, white veined and marbled with delicate blush-lilac. 5*s.*

*DIADEM, rich purplish-crimson, shaded with blue ; each of the segments veined with white and marked with yellow at the base. 10*s.* 6*d.*

DIRECTOR, violet purple, with yellow bar at the base, and blue shade in the centre of each of the segments. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ENVOY, bluish-purple, marked with yellow at the base of the segments. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ERNEST, deep purplish-violet, with yellow blotch at the base of each of the segments. 7*s.* 6*d.*

*IMPERIAL WONDER, violet-crimson, veined with blue and mottled with white ; bright yellow-rayed blotch. 5*s.*

*JERSEY BELLE, pure white, with rayed yellow eye ; a finely formed circular flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*JULIETTE, bright rosy purple ; all the segments prettily veined with white, and marked with deep yellow at the base ; an extremely attractive variety. 10*s.* 6*d.*

LADY LONSDALE, white, mottled and spotted with crimson towards the edges ; very pretty and distinct. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*MAGNIFICENCE, deep rose, suffused with white ; petaloid stigmas deep rosy lilac. 5*s.*

*MELODY, pure white, marked with yellow at the base of each of the segments ; a very fine flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MILDRED, pure snowy white, marked with yellow at the base of each of the segments. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MINSTREL, whitish ground, shaded blush, and veined with rose and purple ; the three outer segments marked with yellow at the base ; the three small inner segments of a purplish rose colour darkly veined. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. CORNWALLIS WEST, creamy white, with golden yellow eye ; inner segments small and mottled with light rosy-crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

OCTAVIE, white, veined and reticulated with pale blue ; the three small inner segments of a rosy-purple colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

*OSCAR, rich deep purple, with beautiful violet shade ; each of the segments having a deep golden bar at the base ; a fine variety of robust growth. 10*s.* 6*d.*

*PIONEER, rich reddish crimson, with purplish shade ; each of the segments marked with bright gold at the base ; a remarkably fine flower. 10*s.* 6*d.*

PORTIA, ground colour blush, beautifully veined with rosy-purple, and reticulated with rosy-pink ; each of the three outer segments marked with yellow at the base ; the three small inner segments of a rich purplish-crimson colour ; a magnificent flower. 10*s.* 6*d.*

*PRESIDENT, rich deep reddish purple, with violet shade towards the centre ; each of the segments marked with yellow at the base. 7*s.* 6*d.*

*PRIMATE, rich violet purple ; all the segments veined with white and marked at the base with yellow. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCE IMPERIAL, crimson-purple, veined with violet ; yellow rayed eye. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROMEO, ground colour rosy-lavender, richly veined with deep purple ; the three outer segments ornamented with a large yellow blotch at their base ; the three small inner segments of a deep purplish-crimson colour ; a splendid flower of large size ; extremely attractive. 10*s.* 6*d.*

ROSALIND, white, shaded with lilac and veined with blue ; the three outer segments marked with yellow at the base ; the three inner segments of a rosy-purple colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

SIR RICHARD WALLACE, outer segments broad, pale lilac, mottled with crimson and veined with purple ; inner segments smaller, light crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SIR STAFFORD NORTHCOTE, purplish crimson, mottled and striped with blue ; bright golden-yellow rayed eye, surrounded with purple markings. 3*s.* 6*d.*

IRIS KÆMPFERI—continued.

*SOCRATES, a very fine large full flower; white, having all the segments marked with yellow at the base, and very slightly flaked with rosy purple. 10*s.* 6*d.*

SPLENDENS, grayish-lilac, striped and edged with lilac; yellow eye; petaloid stigmas purple. 5*s.*

TALISMAN, the central portion of each of the three outer segments white marked with yellow at the base; the outer portion of the segments of a beautiful rosy purple colour mottled with white; a very fine large showy flower. 10*s.* 6*d.*

*VERONA, rich violet purple, each of the segments marked with yellow at the base. 7*s.* 6*d.*

VICEROY, the three outer segments lilac, beautifully marbled with mauve and purplish-crimson, and marked with light yellow at the base; the three small inner segments of a rich purplish crimson colour; a remarkably fine large attractive flower. 10*s.* 6*d.*

VIOLET QUEEN, outer segments broad and spreading, violet crimson; inner segments smaller, sub-erect, crimson; petaloid stigmas violet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

IRIS ROBINSONIANA, *vide* page 72
—— SIBIRICA, 1*s.*
—— —— ALBA, 1*s.*
IRIS SUSIANA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— TECTORUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
KOELREUTERIA PANICULATA, 1*s.* 6*d.*

JUNCUS LÆTEVIRENS.

A free-growing tall species of rush, imported from Japan, and remarkable for its vivid green colour. The root is creeping, throwing up crowded tufts of leaves, which are three feet or more in height, somewhat distichously sheathing at the base, and distinctly compressed at the sides; the bright green colour is a very striking and characteristic feature of the plant. 5*s.*

LARDIZABALA BITERNATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
LATHYRUS SPLENDENS, *vide* page 19.
LILIUM AURATUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— AVENACEUM, a rare Japanese species. 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— BATEMANNÆ, a new Japanese Lily, growing from 3 to 4 feet high, and giving richly coloured unspotted flowers of a bright Apricot tint; most desirable. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— BROWNII, very handsome large flowers, trumpet-shaped, internally white, externally purplish brown. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— BULBIFERUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— BYZANTINUM, *vide* chalcedonicum
—— CANADENSE, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— FLAVUM, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— RUBRUM, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CANDIDUM, 6*d.*
—— —— FLORE-PLENO, 1*s.*
—— —— PURPUREO-STRIATUM, 1*s.*
—— CAROLINIANUM, *vide* Michauxii
—— CHALCEDONICUM (BYZANTINUM), a very effective and showy Lily, with brilliant scarlet flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— COLUMBIANUM, very rare, only a few bulbs of the true species being in cultivation. 5*s.*
—— CONCOLOR (SINICUM), 2*s.* 6*d.* & 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— CORIDION, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CORDIFOLIUM, a rare Japanese Lily 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— CROCEUM (AURANTIACUM), 9*d.*
—— DALMATICUM, *vide* Martagon dalmaticum
—— DAVURICUM, the true species from Siberia, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ERECTUM, 9*d.*
—— —— FULGIDUM (SAPPHO), 9*d.*
—— —— GRANDIFLORUM, 9*d.*
LILIUM DAVURICUM IMMACULATUM, 9*d.*
—— —— INCOMPARABILE, 9*d.*
—— ELEGANS (THUNBERGIANUM), 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— ALUTACEUM, 1*s.*
—— —— —— ARMENIACUM (VENUSTUM), 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— ATROSANGUINEUM (FULGENS), 1*s.*
—— —— —— BICOLOR, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— FORMOSUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— LATERITIUM (BILIGULATUM), 1*s.*
—— —— —— MACULATUM, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— PRINCE OF ORANGE, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— SCINTILLANS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— STAMINOSUM, height about a foot, bearing heads of large semi-double flowers of a deep reddish crimson colour, spotted with black. This is the variety usually sold as *flore pleno*. 1*s.*
—— EXCELSUM, *vide* testaceum
—— EXIMIUM, *vide* longiflorum eximium
—— GIGANTEUM, a stately growing Lily, producing noble flower stems, 4 to 8 feet high, from which depend trumpet-shaped white flowers which are streaked with violet crimson, and very fragrant. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d*
—— HANSONI, bright golden yellow, spotted with crimson. 15*s.*
—— HUMBOLDTII, a splendid species from Humboldt county, California; quite hardy, and produces fine spikes, of from 6 to 20 large golden-yellow flowers, spotted with purple. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LILIUM JAPONICUM COLCHESTERI, a remarkably handsome and extremely rare Lily; only a few bulbs are in cultivation. 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

—— KRAMERI, an exceedingly elegant Lily, with large trumpet-shaped blossoms, which are 6 to 8 inches in length; colour beautiful soft rose; the lobes of the flowers gracefully recurved. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— —— CARNEUM, a delicate blush coloured variety. 7*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— RUBRUM, very rare. 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— LANCIFOLIUM, *vide* speciosum

—— LEICHTLINII, 7*s.* 6*d.*

—— LONGIFLORUM, 9*d.*

—— —— EXIMIUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— FOL. ALBO-MARGINATIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— WILSONI, the best of the *longiflorum* section, and one of the handsomest white Lilies known. 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— MARTAGON (Turk's Cap Lily), 1*s.*

—— —— ALBUM, 5*s.*

—— —— AURANTIACUM, *vide* pyrenaicum

—— —— COCCINEUM, *vide* chalcedonicum

—— —— DALMATICUM, a very distinct and attractive Lily, producing beautiful flowers of a rich blackish-purple colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— FLORE-PLENO, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— MAXIMOWICZII, *vide* tigrinum jucundum

—— MICHAUXII (CAROLINIANUM), flowers crimson-scarlet, shaded with yellow and spotted with maroon. 5*s.*

—— MONADELPHUM SZOVITZIANUM, rich citron colour, spotted with black; anthers of a rich chocolate-brown; flowers most deliciously fragrant; one of the best of Lilies; when established, the flower stems grow from 3 to 4 feet high, and produce as many as twenty of its attractive flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— NEILGHERRENSE, a magnificent Lily by far the finest of its section. The blossoms are creamy-white, deliciously fragrant and nearly a foot long. It is of free growth, and admirably adapted for conservatory decoration. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— OREGONENSE, a scarce Lily. 5*s.*

—— PARDALINUM (PUBERULUM), a very showy hardy Lily, freely producing its fine flowers, which are of a rich golden-orange colour, attractively spotted with maroon-purple. 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— PARRYI (new), flowers deep citron-yellow, with a few scattered purplish spots, and chocolate anthers; a desirable species and easily cultivated. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

LILIUM PARVUM, a pretty Californian Lily, with recurved flowers of a canary-yellow colour, slightly spotted. 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— PHILADELPHICUM, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— POLYPHYLLUM, 1 guinea

—— POMPONIUM, an elegant species with bright scarlet flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— PUBERULUM, *vide* pardalinum

—— PULCHELLUM, a pretty neat-growing Lily, with brilliant vermilion flowers, spotted with black. 5*s.*

—— PURPUREUM, a beautiful and distinct Californian Lily, producing very fragrant flowers; the petals on opening are of a light colour, changing to a delicate purple, densely spotted. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

—— PYRENAICUM, 1*s.*

—— ROSEUM, *vide* Thomsonianum

—— SINICUM, *vide* concolor

—— SPECIOSUM (LANCIFOLIUM) ALBUM, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— —— CORYMBIFLORUM, this gives fine large fasciated crowns of white flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— KRÆTZERI, most exquisitely formed flowers, of snowy-whiteness; a great improvement on the ordinary white variety. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— —— —— MELPOMENE, this is a variety of *speciosum* raised in America; exceedingly handsome, the sepals are deep brilliant carmine crimson, dotted all over with blood-purple spots, the edge of every petal bordered with white. 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— PUNCTATUM, 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— PURPURATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— —— —— ROSEUM, 1*s.*

—— —— —— RUBRUM, 1*s.*

—— —— —— —— CORYMBIFLORUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— —— SUPERBUM, 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— SUPERBUM, bright orange-yellow, more or less tipped with crimson, and spotted with maroon; one of the most handsome of Lilies. 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— PYRAMIDALE, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— SZOVITZIANUM, *vide* monadelphum Szovitzianum

—— TENUIFOLIUM, bright scarlet, of neat growth; a charming Lily. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— TESTACEUM (EXCELSUM), nankeen coloured flowers. 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— THOMSONIANUM (ROSEUM), a scarce Afghanistan species; colour rose, flushed with violet. 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— THUNBERGIANUM, *vide* elegans.

LILIUM TIGRINUM, 6*d*.

—— —— FLORE PLENO, this attractive variety produces beautiful double flowers, of a bright orange scarlet colour; the segments are thickly studded with dark brown spots, except at the tips, which are recurved. 1*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— FORTUNEI, bright scarlet. 9*d*.

—— —— JUCUNDUM (MAXIMOWICZII), light cinnabar red colour, marked in the lower half of the segments with scattered black dots. 5*s*.

LILIUM TIGRINUM SPLENDENS (LEOPOLDII), bright orange scarlet, with large dark spots; exceedingly attractive; this and the double-flowered variety are the most handsome of the *tigrinum* section. 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— WASHINGTONIANUM, this noble Lily inhabits the western slope of the Californian Sierra Nevada; the flowers are white, slightly flushed with lilac, and sweet scented. 3*s*. 6*d*.

Good and varied selections of Lilies made at 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

LIMONIA TRIFOLIATA, 3*s*. 6*d*.

MAGNOLIA CAMPBELLII, 15*s*. and 1 guinea

—— STELLATA (HALLEANA), 7*s*. 6*d*. & 10*s*. 6*d*.

—— of sorts, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*. to 10*s*. 6*d*.

MALUS FLORIBUNDA, 1*s*. 6*d*.

MAXIMOWICZIA CHINENSIS, 3*s*. 6*d*.

MONTBRETIA POTTSII, 1*s*. 6*d*.

OPHIOPOGON JABURAN AUREO-VARIEGATUS, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.

OPHIOPOGON SPICATUS ARGENTEO-MARGINATUS, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.

OPUNTIA RAFINESQUIANA, 2*s*. 6*d*.

PANAX SESSILIFLORUM, 5*s*.

PASSIFLORA CŒRULEA, 1*s*. 6*d*. and 2*s*. 6*d*.

PHELLODENDRON AMURENSE, "The Cork Tree of the Amoor," 3*s*. 6*d*.

PHILADELPHUS CORONARIUS TOMENTOSUS, 2*s*. 6*d*.

—— MULTIFLORUS PLENUS, 5*s*.

PHILADELPHUS GRANDIFLORUS SPECIOSISSIMUS PLENUS.

An extremely beautiful and ornamental hardy shrub, producing very large white flowers, which have a full double centre, and are deliciously scented. 7*s*. 6*d*.

PHLOXES (HERBACEOUS).

Selections of good and choice kinds at 12*s*. and 18*s*. per dozen.

PIERIS OVALIFOLIA DENSIFLORA.

An evergreen shrub of elegant character and vigorous constitution, introduced from Assam. The leaves are acuminate, of firm texture, and slightly scabrous. The flowers are white, and grow in racemes at the end of the branches. 5*s*.

PIPER FUTOKADSURA, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.

PLANERA JAPONICA, 3*s*. 6*d*.

POLYCARPA MAXIMOWICZII, *vide* Idesia polycarpa.

POLYGONUM SACHALINENSE.

A free-growing perennial herbaceous plant, producing stout erect branched stems, furnished with ovate oblong leaves, six to eight inches long, cordate at the base, having red footstalks, and traversed by a red midrib. The flowers grow in small compound racemes. It will form a distinct plant for the herbaceous border, and coming from the Amoor country is perfectly hardy. 2*s*. 6*d*.

POTENTILLA, handsome double-flowered kinds, 1*s*. 6*d*. and 2*s*. 6*d*.

PRIMULA AMŒNA, *vide* P. Sieboldii.

—— CARNIOLICA, 2*s*. 6*d*.

—— CASHMERIANA, 1*s*.

—— CORTUSOIDES ALBA, 2*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— HYBRIDA, 1*s*. 6*d*.

—— DENTICULATA, 1*s*.

—— INTERMEDIA, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— HEROINE, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— IONA, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— MINSTREL, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— SCEPTRE, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— SERAPH, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— THEMIS, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— JAPONICA, 1*s*. and 1*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— of sorts, 3*s*. 6*d*.

PRIMULA NIVALIS, 1*s*. 6*d*.

—— SIEBOLDII, 1*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— ALBA, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— —— LILACINA FIMBRIATA, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— BEAUTÉ, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— CLARKIÆFLORA, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— CŒRULEA ALBA, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— FIMBRIATA OCULATA, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— GAÎTE, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— HERMIA, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— JOYAU, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— LACINIATA, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— —— PERFECTA, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— —— ROSEA, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— LAVATERA, 3*s*. 6*d*.

—— —— LILACINA MARGINATA, 3*s*. 6*d*.

PRIMULA SIEBOLDII OPHELIA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— PINK BEAUTY, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— PURPUREA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— VENUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— VINCÆFLORA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— VIOLACEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— VIRGINAL, 3*s.* 6*d.*

PRIMULA VISCOSA, 1*s.*
PRUNUS DOMESTICA FOLIIS VARIEGATIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SINENSIS ALBO-PLENA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— RUBRO-PLENA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— TRILOBA, 2*s.* 6*d.*

PTEROSTYRAX HISPIDUM.

The leaves of this hardy shrub are as large as those of a deciduous Magnolia ; it gives in spring large bunches of white flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

RHEUM OFFICINALE.

Very much interest attaches to this plant, as being the ascertained source whence is derived the true Turkey rhubarb. *R. officinale*, which inhabits and is cultivated in Thibet and Western China, is a very distinct and well marked plant, of ornamental character. It is a perennial producing shallowly three-lobed to seven-lobed leaves, and flowering stems four feet to ten feet high, branching in a paniculate manner, the branches spreading, and so densely packed with the greenish flowers as to appear spiciform. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

RHEUM PALMATUM TANGHUTICUM.

A stately robust-habited perennial, which shares with *R. officinale* the reputation of furnishing the Turkish Rhubarb. Indeed this is held by Dr. Regel, who has been instrumental in sending it to this country, to be the true officinal Rhubarb. The radical leaves are deeply palmatifid, the lobes being acuminate and incised. The flowering stems are tall, terminating in a narrow panicle of pale green flowers, the branches of which are erect, and much less densely packed than those of *R. officinale*. Irrespective of the interest attaching to these plants as yielding officinal drugs, they are stately objects amongst the larger herbaceous perennials. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

RHODODENDRONS, choice hybrids, of sorts, to name, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

RHUS GLABRA LACINIATA, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
RIBES ALPINUM PUMILUM AUREUM, 5*s.*

ROSA BRUNONI.

This Nepal species belongs to the group of Musk Roses, and is of climbing habit. The leaves consist of from five to seven lanceolate leaflets. Its flowers are pure white and are produced in corymbose bunches. 5*s.*

ROSA RUGOSA (REGELIANA).

This attractive plant has been introduced from Japan. It is of neat compact bushy growth ; the foliage is of a bright green above, whitish and slightly tomentoso underneath. The flowers, which are freely produced in large terminal clusters, are about three inches in diameter, and are composed of five petals, which are of a most beautiful bright rosy-crimson colour. The flowers are succeeded by berries, which are of a large size, and of a rich rosy-red colour, and are a great addition to the ornamental character of the plant, rendering it exceedingly effective. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROSES, *vide* page 92.
RUBUS ARCTICUS FŒCUNDUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— DELICIOSUS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— FRUTICOSUS KITTATINNY, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— SNYDER, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— WILSON'S EARLY, 2*s.* 6*d.*
RUBUS FRUTICOSUS ALBO-PLENA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ROSEO-PLENA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
} highly esteemed American Blackberries.
—— IDÆUS, PRIDE OF THE HUDSON, a fine large American Raspberry of excellent flavour. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— PHÆNICOLASIUS, 5*s.*
—— ROSÆFOLIUS, 5*s.*

SALIX BABYLONICA MASCULA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— PENTANDRA, 2*s.* 6*d.*

SAXIFRAGA PELTATA.

This remarkable and attractive plant has been introduced from the River Sacramento, in California. It is of robust growth, producing immense roundly lobed dark green leaves about 15 to 18 inches in diameter. The flowers, which are of a beautiful rose colour, are most abundantly borne on a tall erect spike upwards of a foot in height. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SAUROMATUM, *vide* Arisæma.
SEDUM MAXIMOWICZII, 1*s.* 6*d.*
SEDUM SPURIUM SPLENDENS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
SENECIO PULCHER, 1*s.* 6*d.*

SKIMMIA OBLATA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
SPIRÆA AMURENSIS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
SPIRÆA BARBATA, *vide* Astilbe barbata.
—— PALMATA, 1*s.* 6*d.*

SPIRÆA PALMATA ELEGANS.

A very distinct and pretty variety, in habit and foliage similar to *Spiræa palmata*, but with white flowers and conspicuous red stamens, which render it extremely effective. 2*s.* 6*d.*

STAPHYLEA COLCHICA.

A hardy, vigorous-growing, deciduous shrub, furnished with opposite imparipinnate leaves, and producing in profusion terminal panicles of pure white flowers. It is an extremely useful ornamental plant, and well adapted for early forcing. 3*s.* 6*d.*

STYRAX JAPONICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
STYRAX OBASSIA, 10*s.* 6*d.*

SYRINGA HYACINTHIFLORA PLENA.

This attractive double-flowered variety was raised from a cross between *S. obtusa* and *S. azurea plena*; it produces fine large thyrses of blossom nearly six inches long and nearly four inches wide; the flowers are imbricated, well-formed, of a pretty rosy-lilac colour, and the buds are red. 5*s.*

SYRINGA FLORE-PLENO LEMOINEI.

A beautiful attractive variety of the *Lilac*, producing fine large pyramidal branched spikes, well-furnished with beautiful double rosette-like flowers; the buds before opening are rose coloured, and the fully expanded flowers are of a soft lilac shade; but the plant is more particularly charming when forced, in which state the blossoms are pure white; for this purpose it is admirably adapted, and is exceedingly effective and useful for cutting for bouquets, as also for all kinds of decoration. 5s.

SYRINGA VULGARIS RUBELLA PLENA.

An extremely floriferous variety, producing long erect thyrses of full double flowers, of a clear reddish violet colour; the buds are purple. 10*s.* 6*d.*

THALICTRUM GLAUCUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*
TIGRIDIA CONCHIFLORA, 3*s.* per dozen.
—— GRANDIFLORA, 4*s.* per dozen.
—— —— AURANTIACA, 9*s.* per dozen.
TRICYRTIS HIRTA FLORE-NIGRO, 1*s.* 6*d.*
TRITELEIA LAXA, 6*s.* per dozen.
TRITOMA GRANDIS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— UVARIA GLAUCESCENS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
TROPÆOLUM TUBEROSUM, 1*s.*
TULIPA ALTAICA, 9*s.* per dozen.
—— BIFLORA, 18*s.* per dozen.
—— GREIGI, 18*s.* per dozen.
—— KOLPAKOWSKYANA, 18*s.* per dozen.
—— STELLATA, 18*s.* per dozen.
ULMUS MEDIO-VARIEGATA ARGENTEA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
UMBILICUS LIEVENII, 2*s.* 6*d.*
VERBASCUM BOMBYCIFORME, 1*s.* 6*d.*

VERONICAS.

Where the climate is mild these make handsome decorative shrubs for the open border, and produce freely an abundance of showy flowers. They are well adapted for training against low walls or trellises. *Vide* page 80.

VIBURNUM SIEBOLDII.

A bold and effective evergreen shrub, with dark brown warted branches, and opposite dark green flat leaves, which are thick, coriaceous, and laurel-like in character. The leaf stalks are about an inch long, the blades broadly oblong oval, entire in the lower half, and obscurely and bluntly serrated towards the apex. It is a native of Japan, and has sometimes been called *V. Awafurka*, which is probably its vernacular name. 5*s.*

VIOLA ALTAICA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
VITIS HETEROPHYLLA VARIEGATA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
VITIS JAPONICA, *vide* Ampelopsis tricuspidata
—— STRIATA, 5*s.*
—— VINIFERA PURPUREA, 5*s.*

WEIGELA ABEL CARRIÈRE.

An exceedingly handsome variety, producing in great abundance fine large flowers of a rich rosy crimson colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

WEIGELA AMABILIS LOOYMANSII AUREA.

An extremely attractive variety, with golden leaves and rose coloured flowers; it is very free flowering and effective. 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

WEIGELA AMABILIS VARIEGATA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— AUG. WILHELM, 5*s.*
WEIGELA BERANGER, 5*s.*
—— DOCTEUR BAILLON, 2*s.* 6*d.*

WEIGELA CANDIDA.

An extremely distinct variety, of vigorous habit and very free-blooming, producing fine large pure white flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

WEIGELA EDOUARD ANDRÈ, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— ÉMILE GALLÈ, 5*s.*
—— GLOIRE DES BOSQUETS, 5*s.*
—— HENDERSONI, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— HYBRIDA INCARNATA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— LAVALLEI, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— LEMOINEI, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— LOWII, 1*s.* 6*d.*
WISTARIA SINENSIS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ALBA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— FLORE PLENO, 3*s.* 6*d.*
XANTHOCERAS SORBIFOLIA, 3*s.* 6*d.* & 5*s.*
YUCCA BACCATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— FILAMENTOSA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— GLORIOSA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— RECURVA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

ROSES.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL will be happy to supply choice selections of Roses at the following Prices :—

	PER DOZEN.
NEW VARIETIES	42*s.*
SUPERIOR SELECTED STANDARDS, in fine varieties	18*s.*, 24*s.* & 30*s.*
HALF STANDARDS, in fine varieties	18*s.* & 24*s.*
DWARFS, in fine varieties	12*s.* & 18*s.*
CLIMBING, in pots, the best, selected from Noisette, Banksian, Macartney, Hybrid China, Ayrshire, Boursault, and Evergreen.	12*s.* & 18*s.*
TEA-SCENTED, in pots	18*s.*, 24*s.* & 30*s.*
HYBRID PERPETUALS, finest varieties, in pots	18*s.*, 24*s.* & 30*s.*

*Extra-sized plants of the best varieties of Roses, in pots, for Exhibition or Forcing at 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.* each.*

OFFICINAL AND MEDICINAL PLANTS, TROPICAL FRUITS, &c.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S collection of living economic plants contains specimens of nearly all the spices and condiments in domestic use, many of the most highly esteemed tropical esculent fruits, many of those from which furniture and other woods are obtained, the principal gums and medicinal products, the poison trees from Java, Brazil and Madagascar, at one time only heard of in tales of fiction, and plants which supply our daily beverages and food, as well as many of historical interest.

The individnal prices of the following depend upon the size of the plants and rarity of the species, particulars of which can be furnished on application.

Selections at 3, 4, 5, and 6 guineas per dozen; or a collection for 10 guineas.

Abyssinian Banana	Músa Enséte	*Abyssinia*
African Baobab Tree	Adansónia digitáta	*Africa*
African Mangosteen	Garcínia Livingstóni	*Africa*
Allspice	Eugénia Piménta	*W. Indies*
Arabian Coffee	Coffèa arábica	*Yemen*
Arnotto Dye Plant	Bixa Orellána	*Tropical America*
Australian Banyan	Ficus macrophylla	*Australia*
Balsam of Peru	Myróxylon Pereira	*Peru*
Bark of Commerce	Cinchóna officinális	*Tropical America*
Betle Pepper	Piper Bétle	*E. Indies*
Bitter Aloe	Aloe socotrina	*Island of Socotra*
Bitter Quassia	Quássia amára	*Guiana*
Black Pepper	Piper nigrum	*E. Indies*
Brazil Nut	Bertholletia excélsa	*Brazil*
Bread-fruit Tree	Artocárpus incisa	*Tahiti*
Butter Tree	Bássia butyrácea	*E. Indies*
Cabbage Palm	Eutérpe edúlis	*Brazil*
Camphor	Cámphora officinális	*Japan*
Candle Tree	Parmentiéra cerifera	*Panama*
Caoutchouc	Castillóa clástica	*Honduras*
Cardamon	Amómum Cardamómum	*E. Indies*
Carnauba Palm	Copernicia cerifera	*Brazil*
Cashew Nut	Anacárdium occidentále	*India*
Chilian Nut	Gucvina Avellána	*Chili*
Chinese Plantain Tree	Músa Cavendishii	*China*
Cinnamon Tree	Cinnamómum vérum	*Ceylon*
Clove Tree	Caryophyllus aromáticus	*E. Indies*
Coca	Erythróxylon Cóca	*Peru*
Cocoa	Theobróma Cacáo	*Tropical America*
Coffee	Coffèa arábica	*Yemen*
Contrayerva Root	Dorsténia Contrayérva	*S. America*
Cuba Bast	Paritium elátum	*W. Indies*
Cubeb Pepper	Piper Cubéba	*Java*
Cundurango	Gonólobus Cundurángo	*S. America*
Custard Apple	Anóna mucósa	*Guiana*
Date	Phœnix dactylifera	*Levant*
Edible-fruited Passion Flower	Passiflóra edúlis	*Brazil*
Edible Vangueria	Vanguéria edúlis	*Madagascar*

Fiddle Wood	Citharéxylou quadrangulárc	*Jamaica*
Flamo Tree	Brachychiton acerifólium	*New South Wales*
Fustick Wood	Maclúra tinetória	*W. Indies*
Gamboge	Xanthóchymus pictórius	*E. Indies*
Gigantic Granadilla	Passiflóra macrocárpa	*Rio Negro*
Ginger	Zingiber officinále	*E. Indies*
Granadilla	Passiflóra quadrangulúris	*W. Indies*
Guava	Psídium Cattleyánum	*Brazil*
Indian Paper Plant	Dáphne papyráeea	*Nepal*
Ipecacuanha	Cephaëlis Ipecacuánha	*Brazil*
Ivory Nut Palm	Phytelephas macrocárpa	*Peru*
Japan Cinnamon	Cinnamómum scriecum	*Japan*
Japanese Pepper	Piper Futokadsura	*Japan*
Kola Nut	Cola acumináta	*Niger*
Latanier Palm	Latánia borbónica	*Bourbon*
Lemon Grass	Cymbopógon Schœnánthus	*E. Indies*
Liberian Coffee	Coffea libérica	*Africa*
Lignum Vitæ	Guaiacum officinále	*W. Indies*
Loquat	Eriobótrya japónica	*Japan*
Mahogany Tree	Swietenia Mahágoni	*W. Indies*
Mango	Mangifera indica	*E. Indies*
Mangosteen	Garcinia Mangostána	*Java*
Manilla Hemp	Musa textilis	*Philippine Isles*
Matico	Artánthe elongáta	*Peru*
Milk Tree	Galactodéndron utile	*Caraccas*
Moreton Bay Chestnut	Castanospérmum austrále	*Australia*
Mustard Tree of Scripture	Salvadóra pérsica	*Persia*
Naseberry Tree	Achras Sapóta	*S. America*
Netted Custard Apple	Anona reticuláta	*S. America*
New Caledonian Apple	Eugénia magnifica	*New Caledonia*
Nutmeg	Myristica moschata	*E. Indies*
Oil Palm	Elais guineénsis	*Guinea*
Olive Wood	Elæodéndron austrále	*New South Wales*
Palissander Wood	Machærium firmum	*S. America*
Para Rubber	Heyea brasiliensis	*Brazil*
Patchouli Scent Plant	Pogostémon Pátchouli	*E. Indies*
Queensland Nut	Macadámia ternifólia	*Queensland*
Rhea Fibre Plant	Böhméria nivea	*India*
Rhubarb	Rhéum officinálo	*China*
Rice Paper Plant	Arália papyrifera	*China*
Sarsaparilla	Smilax Sarsaparilla	*N. America*
Satin Wood	Chloróxylon Swieténia	*E. Indies*
Snake Wood	Cecrópia palmáta	*S. America*
Sour Sop	Auóna muricáta	*W. Indies*
Star Apple	Chrysophyllum Cainito	*W. Indies*
Sugar Cane	Sáccharum officinárum	*India*
Sugar Palm	Arénga saccharifera	*E. Indies*
Sycamore Tree of Scripture	Ficus Sycomórus	*Egypt*
Tea	Théa Bohéa	*China*
Telegraph or Moving Plant	Desmódium gyrans	*E. Indies*
Traveller's Tree	Ravenália madagascariénsis	*Madagascar*
Turkey Rhubarb	Rhéum tanghúticum	*Asia*
Turpentine Tree	Pistácia Terebinthus	*S. Europe*
Upas Tree	Antiaris tóxicaria	*Java*
Vanilla	Vanilla aromática	*S. America*
Wax Palm	Ceróxylon andicola	*S. America.*

Purchasers of Officinal and Medicinal Plants, Tropical Fruits, &c., can have selections of living specimens made from the preceeding at 3, 4, 5 and 6 guineas per dozen; or a collection for ten guineas. The difference in price principally depends upon the size of the plants, and the rarity of the species.

ORCHIDS.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL being annually a large importer of Orchids, many of the following are offered at very low prices.

S distinguishes the stove kinds ; *I*, intermediate house ; *C*, cool house. Those marked thus (*) are winter blooming kinds.

S ACANTHOPHIPPIUM BICOLOR	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— STRIATUM	Assam	10*s.* 6*d.*
I ACINETA BARKERI	Mexico	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I —— HUMBOLDTII (superba)	Colombia	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I ACROPERA LODDIGESII	Mexico	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I —— LUTEOLA	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C ADA AURANTIACA	Pamplona	5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
I AËRIDES AFFINE	Sylhet	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— —— ROSEUM	Sylhet	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S —— CRASSIFOLIUM	Burmah	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— CRISPUM (Brookei)	Courtallum	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— FIELDINGII (Fox Brush)	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*

Having imported large quantities from Assam, this, one of the most beautiful of Aërides, is offered at a low price.

S —— HUTTONI	East Indies	
C —— JAPONICUM	Japan	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S —— LARPENTÆ	East Indies	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— LINDLEYANUM	Coonoor	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— LOBBII	Moulmein	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— MACULOSUM	Bombay	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— NOBILE	India	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S —— ODORATUM (cornutum)	East Indies	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
S —— —— MAJUS	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— —— PURPURASCENS	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— QUINQUEVULNERUM	Philippine Islands	42*s.* and 63*s.*
S —— RUBRUM	Bombay	63*s.* and 84*s.*
S —— SUAVISSIMUM	East Indies	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— VIRENS	Java	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— —— DAYANUM	East Indies	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— WARNERI	Bombay	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S ANÆCTOCHILUS DAWSONIANUS, *vide* GOODYERA.		
S —— HIEROGLYPHICUS	Assam	21*s.*
S —— INSCRIPTUS	Assam	31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— LOWII	Borneo	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— —— RUBESCENS	Borneo	42*s.*
S —— —— SPLENDENS	Borneo	42*s.*
S —— —— VIRESCENS	Borneo	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— ORNATUS	Assam	31*s.* 6*d.*
S ANGRÆCUM BILOBUM	Cape Coast Castle	
S —— CITRATUM	Madagascar	42*s.* and 63*s.*
**S* —— EBURNEUM (superbum)	Madagascar	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— FALCATUM	Japan	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— —— VARIEGATUM	Japan	
S —— PERTUSUM	West Coast of Africa	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**S* —— SESQUIPEDALE	Madagascar	63*s.* and 84*s.*
**S* —— VIRENS (Brongniartianum)	Madagascar	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I ANGULOA CLOWESII	Colombia	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I —— EBURNEA	Peru	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— RUCKERII	South America	
I —— UNIFLORA	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**S* ANSELLIA AFRICANA	Sierra Leone	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*

I ARPOPHYLLUM GIGANTEUM	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— SPICATUM	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I ARUNDINA BAMBUSÆFOLIA	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C BARKERIA ELEGANS	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— SKINNERI	Guatemala	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— SPECTABILIS	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I BATEMANNIA BURTII	South America	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I —— MELEAGRIS	Brazil	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— WALLISII	South America	105*s.*
I BIFRENARIA AURANTIACA	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C BLETIA HYACINTHINA	China	10*s.* 6*d.*
S —— SHERRATTIANA	Colombia	21*s.*
I —— TANKERVILLÆ, *vide* PHAIUS GRANDIFOLIUS		
I BOLLEA CŒLESTIS	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— LALINDEI	Colombia	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I —— PATINII	Colombia	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I BRASAVOLA CUCULLATUM	Mexico	15*s.*
S —— DIGBYANA	Honduras	7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*
I —— GLAUCA	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— NODOSA	South America	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— RHOPALORRHACHIS	Mexico	21*s.*
I BRASSIA BRACHIATA (Wrayæ)	Guatemala	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— CAUDATA	South America	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— CINNABARINA	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— GIREOUDIANA	Costa Rica	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— MACULATA	West Indies	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— VERRUCOSA	Guatemala	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S BROUGHTONIA SANGUINEA	Jamaica	5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
S BULBOPHYLLUM BECCARII	Borneo	31*s.* 6*d.*, 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I BURLINGTONIA CANDIDA	Demerara	31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— DECORA	Brazil	21*s.*
I —— FRAGRANS	Brazil	21*s.*
I —— VENUSTA	Brazil	21*s.*
I CALANTHE DOMINII	Hybrid	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— MASUCA	Nepal, Sikkim	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— PLEIOCHROMA	Japan	31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— —— BREVIOR	Japan	31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— SIEBOLDII	Japan	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
**I* —— VEITCHII	Hybrid	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I —— VERATRIFOLIA	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
**I* —— VESTITA INTERMEDIA	Tavoy, Java	21*s.*
**I* —— —— LUTEO-OCULATA	Tavoy, Java	5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
**I* —— —— NIVALIS	Tavoy, Java	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**I* —— —— RUBRO-OCULATA	Tavoy, Java	5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
**I* —— —— TURNERI	India	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S CAMAROTIS PURPUREA	Sylhet	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I CATASETUM GNOMUS	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— MACROCARPUM	Brazil	21*s.*
I —— MACROGLOSSUM	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.*
I —— MACULATUM	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.*
I —— TABULARE RHINOPHORUM	South America	31*s.* 6*d.*
I CATTLEYA ACLANDIÆ	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— AMABILIS	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— AMETHYSTINA	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— BASSETTII, *vide* C. SPECIOSISSIMA.		
I —— BOGOTENSIS	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— BOOTHIANA, *vide* C. LOBATA.		
C —— CITRINA	Oaxaca	5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* & 10*s.* 6*d.*
I —— (LÆLIA) CRISPA	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— SUPERBA	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*

S	CATTLEYA DOWIANA	Costa Rica	31*s.* 6*d.*, 42*s.* and 63*s.*
**I*	—— ELDORADO SPLENDENS	Rio Negro	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I	—— ELEGANS, *vide* LÆLIA ELEGANS.		
I	—— FORBESII	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— GIGAS	South America	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— GRANDIS, *vide* LÆLIA GRANDIS.		
I	—— GUTTATA	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— HARRISONIÆ	Brazil	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— INTERMEDIA	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— LABIATA	Brazil	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I	—— LEOPOLDII	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— LOBATA (C. Boothiana, Lælia Boothiana, Lælia lobata	Brazil	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— LODDIGESII	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— LUDDEMANIANA, *vide* C. SPECIOSISSIMA.		
I	—— MARGINATA, *vide* LÆLIA MARGINATA.		
I	—— MAXIMA (Quindos)	Ecuador, Popayan	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— —— SUPERBA	Ecuador, Popayan	42*s.*
I	—— MENDELII	South America	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— MOSSIÆ	La Guayra	5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* & 10*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— —— AURANTIACA	La Guayra	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— —— GRANDIFLORA	La Guayra	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I	—— —— —— SUPERBA	La Guayra	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— PERRINII, *vide* LÆLIA PERRINII.		
I	—— PINELII, *vide* LÆLIA PINELII.		
**I*	—— QUADRICOLOR	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— SCHILLERIANA REGNELLI	Brazil	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— SKINNERI	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— SPECIOSISSIMA (Bassettii, Lemoniana, Luddemanniana)	Caraccas	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— SUPERBA	Essequibo	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
**I*	—— TRIANÆ	Colombia	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**I*	—— —— ATALANTA	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
**I*	—— —— GRANDIS	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
**I*	—— —— —— SPLENDENS	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
**I*	—— —— —— TYRIANTHINA	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— WARNERI	Brazil	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
**C*	—— WARSCEWICZII	Colombia	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
**C*	—— —— DELICATA	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— XANTHINA	South America	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	CHYSIS AUREA	Mexico	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— BRACTESCENS	Peru	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— LÆVIS	Mexico	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I	—— LIMMINGHEI	Mexico	42*s.* and 63*s.*
S	CIRRHÆA TRISTIS	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	CIRRHOPETALUM THOUARSII	Manilla	42*s.*
S	CŒLOGYNE ASPERATA (Lowii)	Borneo	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— BARBATA	Assam	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— CORRUGATA	Khasya	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— CORYMBOSA	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**I*	—— CRISTATA	Nepal, Sylhet	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**I*	—— FLACCIDA	Assam	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— GLANDULOSA	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— OCELLATA	Assam	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— PANDURATA	Borneo	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— SPECIOSA	Java	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	COLAX JUGOSUS	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	CORYANTHES MACRANTHA	Caraccas	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	CYCNOCHES WARSCEWICZII	Mexico	31*s.* 6*d.*
I	CYMBIDIUM ALOIFOLIUM	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— DEVONIANUM	Assam	21*s.*

CYMBIDIUM EBURNEUM.

I CYMBIDIUM EBURNEUM ..... East Indies ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*

The ivory white, large and attractive flowers of this handsome species are always charming, and being deliciously fragrant, it is a universal favourite.

*I CYMBIDIUM GIGANTEUM	Assam	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— HOOKERIANUM	Sikkim, Himalaya	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— LOWIANUM	Burmah	31*s.* 6*d.*, 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— MASTERSII	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— TIGRINUM	East Indies	42*s.*
I CYPRIPEDIUM ARGUS	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— ASHBURTONIÆ	Hybrid	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— BARBATUM	Mount Ophir	5*s.*
I —— —— BIFLORUM	Mount Ophir	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— CROSSII	Mount Ophir	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— GRANDIFLORUM	Java	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— —— —— SUPERBUM	Java	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— —— MULTIFLORUM	Mount Ophir	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— NIGRUM	Mount Ophir	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— —— PICTUM	Mount Ophir	15*s.*
I —— —— PURPUREUM	Mount Ophir	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— —— SUPERBUM	Mount Ophir	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— BOXALLII	Burmah	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— BULLENIANUM	Borneo	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— CARICINUM, *vide* C. PEARCEI.		
I —— CAUDATUM	Panama	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— —— ROSEUM	Panama	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— CONCOLOR	Moulmein	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— CROSSIANUM	Hybrid	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— DAYANUM	Borneo	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— DOMINII	Hybrid	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S —— DRURYI	East Indies	31*s.* 6*d.*, 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— HARRISIANUM	Hybrid	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— HAYNALDIANUM	East Indies	31*s*, 6*d.*
I —— HIRSUTISSIMUM	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— HOOKERÆ	Borneo	15*s.* and 21*s.*
*C —— INSIGNE	Nepal	5*s.*
*C —— —— MAULEI	Nepal	42*s.* and 63*s.*
*C —— —— PICTURATUM	Nepal	21*s.*
I —— JAVANICUM	Java	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— LÆVIGATUM	East Indies	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— LAWRENCEANUM	Borneo	21*s.*
I —— LONGIFOLIUM	Costa Rica	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
S —— LOWII	Borneo	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— NIVEUM	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S —— PARISHII	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— PEARCEI (caricinum)	Peru	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— PURPURATUM	Hong Kong	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I —— ROEZLII	South America	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— SCHLIMII	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— —— ALBUM	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— SEDENI	Hybrid	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— SPICERIANUM	East Indies	15*s.*
S —— STONEI	Borneo	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— SUPERBIENS (Veitchii)	Java	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— VENUSTUM	Nepal	5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
C —— —— PARDINUM	Assam	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I —— VILLOSUM	Moulmein	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S —— VIRENS	Borneo	31*s.* 6*d.*
I CYRTOPODIUM ANDERSONI	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I DENDROBIUM ADUNCUM	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— AGGREGATUM	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— —— MAJUS	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— AINSWORTHII	Hybrid	63*s.*
I —— ALBO-SANGUINEUM	Moulmein	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*

*S	DENDROBIUM ALBUM	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
S	—— ANOSMUM, *vide* D. DAYANUM.		
I	—— AUREUM, *vide* D. HETEROCARPUM.		
S	—— BENSONIÆ	Arracan Hills	10s. 6d. and 15s.
S	—— BIGIBBUM	Torres Straits	5s. and 7s. 6d.
S	—— —— ROSEUM	Torres Straits	21s.
I	—— CALCEOLUS	East Indies	10s. 6d. and 15s.
I	—— CAMBRIDGEANUM	Chittagong	10s. 6d. and 15s.
I	—— CHRYSANTHUM	Nepal	10s. 6d. and 15s.
*I	—— —— MICROPHTHALMUM	Khasya Hills	10s. 6d. and 15s.
I	—— C RYSOTIS, *vide* D. HOOKERIANUM.		
S	—— CHRYSOTOXUM	East Indies	10s. 6d. and 15s.
I	—— CLAVATUM	East Indies	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
*S	—— CRASSINODE	Arracan & Siam Mountains	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
*S	—— —— BARBERIANUM	Arracan & Siam Mountains	15s. and 21s.
I	—— CREPIDATUM	East Indies	5s. and 7s. 6d.
S	—— CRETACEUM	Burmah	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
S	—— CRYSTALLINUM	Arracan Mountains	10s. 6d. and 15s.
S	—— DALHOUSIANUM	East Indies	15s. and 21s.
S	—— DAYANUM (anosmum)	East Indies	31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	—— DENSIFLORUM	East Indies	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
I	—— DEVONIANUM	Khasya	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
S	—— EBURNEUM	Moulmein	21s. and 31s. 6d.
C	—— FALCONERI	East Indies	15s. and 21s.
S	—— FARMERI	India	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
S	—— —— AUREUM	India	31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	—— FIMBRIATUM	Nepal	10s. 6d. and 15s.
I	—— —— OCULATUM	Nepal	10s. 6d. and 15s.
S	—— FINDLEYANUM	Moulmein	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	—— FITZALANII	Queensland	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	—— FORMOSUM GIGANTEUM	Rangoon and Moulmein	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
*I	—— FREEMANNI	Assam	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
I	—— GIBSONI	Tenasserim	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	—— HETEROCARPUM (aureum)	East Indies	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
*C	—— HILLII, *vide* D. SPECIOSUM HILLII.		
I	—— HOOKERIANUM (chrysotis)	Assam and Sikkim	10s. 6d. and 15s.
I	—— INFUNDIBULUM	Moulmein	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	—— JAMESIANUM	Moulmein	21s. and 31s. 6d.
C	—— JAPONICUM (moniliforme)	Japan	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
S	—— JENKINSII	Gnalpara	21s. and 31s. 6d.
S	—— JOHANNIS	Torres Straits	21s.
I	—— KINGIANUM	Australia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
S	—— LASIOGLOSSUM	Burmah	31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	—— LINAWIANUM		31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	—— LITUIFLORUM	East Indies	15s. and 21s.
I	—— LONGICORNE	Khasya Hills	31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	—— LUTEOLUM	Moulmein	10s. 6d. and 15s.
S	—— MACROPHYLLUM (macranthum)	Manilla	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
S	—— —— GIGANTEUM	Manilla	21s. and 31s. 6d.
S	—— McCARTHIÆ	Ceylon	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	—— MARMORATUM	Assam	15s. and 21s.
C	—— MONILIFORME, *vide* D. JAPONICUM.		
I	—— MOSCHATUM	East Indies	10s. 6d. and 15s.
*I	—— NOBILE	Assam	5s., 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.
*I	—— —— CŒRULESCENS	Assam	21s. and 31s. 6d.
*I	—— —— ELEGANS	Assam	21s. and 31s. 6d.
*I	—— —— OCULATUM	Assam	21s. and 31s. 6d.
*I	—— —— RUBELLUM	Assam	31s. 6d. and 42s.
*I	—— —— WALLICHI	Assam	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	—— NODATUM	Moulmein	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

I DENDROBIUM PARISHII	Moulmein	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— PAXTONI	Khasya	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— PIERARDI	Delta of Ganges	5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
I —— —— LATIFOLIUM	Delta of Ganges	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— PRIMULINUM	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— GIGANTEUM	East Indies	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— PULCHELLUM	Assam	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S —— SAUVISSIMUM	Burmah	31*s.* 6*d.*, 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— SECUNDUM	East Indies	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
S —— SMILLIÆ	Torres Straits	42*s.* and 63*s.*
**C* —— SPECIOSUM	Australia	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
**C* —— —— HILLII	Australia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— SULCATUM	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— SUPERBIENS	Torres Straits	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S —— THYRSIFLORUM	East Indies	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— TORTILE	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— TRANSPARENS	Nepal	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— UNDULATUM FIMBRILABIUM	Torres Straits	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**S* —— WARDIANUM	Assam	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S DENDROCHILUM FILIFORME	Manilla	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**S* —— GLUMACEUM	Philippine Islands	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C DISA GRANDIFLORA	Cape of Good Hope	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I EPIDENDRUM AROMATICUM	South America	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— ATROPURPUREUM, *vide* E. MACROCHILUM.		
S —— BICORNUTUM	South America	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— DICHROMUM	Bahia	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— ERUBESCENS	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— FALCATUM (Parkinsonianum)	Mexico	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— FRIDERICI GUILIELMI	South America	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— IONOSMUM	Mexico	21*s.*
I —— MACROCHILUM (atropurpureum)	South America	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I —— —— ALBUM	South America	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— NEMORALE	Mexico	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— PANICULATUM	South America	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— PRISMATOCARPUM	Chiriqui	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— RANIFERUM	Mexico	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— STAMFORDIANUM	South America	21*s.*
I —— VARICOSUM	Mexico	31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— VITELLINUM	Mexico	7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 21*s.*
C —— —— MAJUS	Mexico	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I ERIA CLAVICAULIS	Assam	21*s.*
I ERIOPSIS BILOBA	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S GALEANDRA DEVONIANA	Guiana	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I GONGORA SCAPHEPHORUS	South America	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C GOODYERA (ANÆCTOCHILUS) CALIFORNICA	California	10*s.* 6*d.*
S —— DAWSONIANA	East Indies	5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
S —— —— SUPERBA	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— DISCOLOR	South America	5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
C —— PUBESCENS	North America	5*s.*
S GRAMMATOPHYLLUM ELLISII	Madagascar	42*s.* and 63*s.*
C HELCIA SANGUINOLENTA	Andes of Guayaquil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I HOULLETIA BROCKLEHURSTIANA	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I HUNTLEYA CERINA, *vide* PESCATORIA CERINA.		
S IPSEA SPECIOSA	Ceylon	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
**C* LÆLIA ACUMINATA	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— —— ROSEA	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— ALBIDA	Guatemala	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— ANCEPS	Mexico	7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*
**C* —— —— ALBA	Mexico	

*C	LÆLIA ANCEPS ROSEA	Mexico	
*C	—— AUTUMNALIS	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
*C	—— —— ATRORUBENS	Mexico	42*s.*, 63*s.* and 84*s.*
I	—— BOOTHIANA, *vide* CATTLEYA LOBATA.		
C	—— CINNABARINA	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— CRISPA, *vide* CATTLEYA CRISPA.		
I	—— DAYANA	Brazil	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— (CATTLEYA) ELEGANS	Brazil	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I	—— (——) GRANDIS	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— LOBATA, *vide* CATTLEYA LOBATA.		
C	—— MAJALIS or FLOR DE MAIO	Oaxaca	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— (CATTLEYA) MARGINATA	Oaxaca	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— (——) PERRINII	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— (——) PINELII (pumila)	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— PURPURATA	Brazil	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— SCHILLERIANA	Brazil	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I	—— SUPERBIENS	Malacatan	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	LEPTOTES BICOLOR	South America	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
*I	LIMATODES ROSEA	Moulmein	5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
S	LUISIA MACROTIS	East Indies	21*s.*
S	—— PLATYGLOSSA	East Indies	21*s.*
S	—— PRIMULINA	East Indies	21*s.*
S	—— TENUIFOLIA	East Indies	21*s.*
C	LYCASTE AROMATICA	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— BARRINGTONÆ	West Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— CRUENTA	Guatemala	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C	—— DEPPEI	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C	—— GIGANTEA	South America	21*s.*
I	—— (MAXILLARIA) HARRISONIÆ	South America	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C	—— LANIPES	Guayaquil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— MESOCHLÆNA	Guayaquil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
*C	—— SKINNERI	Guatemala	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
*C	—— —— GRANDIS	Guatemala	42*s.*
*C	—— —— MACULATA	Guatemala	21*s.*
*C	—— —— MAGNIFICA	Guatemala	31*s.* 6*d.*
*C	—— —— PICTA	Guatemala	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
*C	—— —— PURPURATA	Guatemala	31*s.* 6*d.*
*C	—— —— ROSEA	Guatemala	21*s.*
*C	—— —— RUBELLA	Guatemala	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
*C	—— —— SPLENDENS	Guatemala	31*s.* 6*d.*
*C	—— —— SUPERBA	Guatemala	21*s.*
C	MASDEVALLIA ABBREVIATA	Colombia	15*s.*
C	—— AMABILIS	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— BACKHOUSIANA	Colombia	84*s.* and 105*s.*
C	—— BELLA	Colombia	42*s.*, 63*s.* and 84*s.*

A decidedly handsome species, having large flowers of a nicely shining dark purplish brown outside and yellow inside. The odd sepal and outer halves of the other sepals are densely blotched with dark purplish brown, which is the colour of the long tails. The interior sides of the equal sepals and the base of the odd sepal are of an ochre-yellow colour, which gives an unusual contrast.

C	—— BONPLANDI	Colombia	10*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— CANDIDA, *vide* M. TOVARENSIS.		
C	—— CHIMERA	Colombia	63*s.*, 84*s.* and 105*s.*
C	—— CIVILIS	Colombia	10*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— COLIBRI, *vide* M. TROCHILUS.		
C	—— CORIACEA	Colombia	7*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— CORNICULATA	Colombia	42*s.*
C	—— DAVISII	South America	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— DENISONIANA	Colombia	
I	—— ERINACEA	South America	31*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— ESTRADÆ	South America	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*

C MASDEVALLIA HARRYANA	Colombia	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— —— CŒRULESCENS	Colombia	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— —— PURPUREA	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
C —— —— SPLENDENS	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
C —— IGNEA	Colombia	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— INFRACTA	Colombia	21*s.*
C —— LILACINA	Colombia	63*s.* and 84*s.*
C —— LINDENI	Colombia	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— MACULATA	South America	
C —— MELANOPUS	Colombia	10*s.* 6*d.*
C —— MILITARIS	Colombia	63*s.* and 84*s.*
C —— —— PURPUREA	Colombia	63*s.* and 84*s.*
C —— MYRIOSTIGMA	Colombia	7*s.* 6*d.*
C —— NYCTERINA	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— OCULATA	Colombia	63*s.* and 84*s.*
C —— PERISTERIA	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— POLYSTICTA	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— —— BREVIOR	Colombia	21*s.*
C —— PSITTACINA	Colombia	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— SHUTTLEWORTHII	Colombia	
I —— TOVARENSIS (CANDIDA)	South America	7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*
C —— TROCHILUS (Colibri)	Colombia	84*s.* and 105*s.*
C —— VEITCHIANA	Peru	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— —— GIGANTEA	Peru	31*s.* 6*d.*, 42*s.* and 63*s.*
C —— VIOLACEA	Colombia	63*s.* and 84*s.*
C —— WAGNERIANA (XANTHINA)	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
C —— XANTHODACTYLA	Colombia	10*s.* 6*d.*
I MAXILLARIA GRANDIFLORA	South America	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— HARRISONIÆ, *vide* LYCASTE HARRISONIÆ.		
I —— LEONTOGLOSSA	South America	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
**C* —— LUTEO-ALBA	Colombia	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— NIGRESCENS	Merida	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— PICTA	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— TURNERI	South America	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— VENUSTA	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C MESOSPINIDIUM SANGUINEUM	Ecuador	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
C —— VULCANICUM	Ecuador	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S MICROSTYLIS CALOPHYLLA	South America	21*s.*
S —— CHLOROPHRYS, *vide* page 19.		
S —— METALLICA, *vide* page 19.		
I MILTONIA CANDIDA	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— CLOWESII	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— CUNEATA	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— FLAVESCENS	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— MORELIANA	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— —— PURPUREA	Brazil	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— REGNELLII (cereola)	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— SPECTABILIS	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— VIRGINALIS	St. Catherine's	31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— WARSCEWICZII, *vide* ONCIDIUM WELTONI.		
I MORMODES PARDINUM	Mexico	21*s.*
I —— —— ARMENIACUM	Mexico	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— —— UNICOLOR	Mexico	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I NANODES MEDUSÆ	South America	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
**C* ODONTOGLOSSUM ALEXANDRÆ, *vide* O. CRISPUM.		
C —— ANDERSONIANUM	Bogota	105*s.* and 147*s.*
C —— ANGUSTATUM	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— BAPHICANTHUM	Colombia	105*s.* and 147*s.*
**C* —— BICTONIENSE	Guatemala	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
**C* —— —— GRANDIFLORUM	Guatemala	31*s*, 6*d.*

*C——ODONTOGLOSSUM BICTONIENSE ROSEUM	Guatemala	21*s.*
*C—— BLUNTII, *vide* O. CRISPUM.		
*C—— CERVANTESII	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
*C—— —— DECORUM	Mexico	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C—— CIRRHOSUM	Ecuador	5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*
C—— —— GEMMATUM	Ecuador	63*s.*
C—— —— KLABOCHORUM	Ecuador	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C—— CITROSMUM (pendulum)	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C—— —— ALBUM	Mexico	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C—— —— ROSEUM	Mexico	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C—— CONSTRICTUM	South America	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
*C—— CORDATUM	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C—— CORONARIUM	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
*C—— CRISPUM (Alexandræ, Bluntii)	Colombia	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
*C—— —— AMŒNUM	Bogota	63*s.* and 84*s.*
*C—— —— GRANDIFLORUM	Bogota	63*s.* and 84*s.*
*C—— —— GUTTATUM	Bogota	63*s.* and 84*s.*
*C—— —— NIVALE	Bogota	42*s.* and 63*s.*
*C—— —— SPECIOSUM	Bogota	63*s.* and 84*s.*
*C—— —— SUPERBUM	Bogota	63*s.* and 84*s.*
*C—— —— TRIANÆ	Bogota	63*s.* and 84*s.*
C—— CRISTATUM	Peru	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C—— CROCIDIPTERUM	South America	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C—— EHRENBERGII	Peru	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C—— GLORIOSUM	Ocaña	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C—— —— PICTUM	Ocaña	63*s.* and 84*s.*
C—— —— SUPERBUM	Ocaña	42*s.* and 63*s.*
C—— GRANDE	Guatemala	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C—— HALLII	Ecuador	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C—— —— LEUCOGLOSSUM	Ecuador	42*s.* and 63*s.*
C—— —— XANTHOGLOSSUM	Ecuador	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C—— HASTILABIUM	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C—— HYSTRIX	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
*C—— INSLEAYI	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I—— —— LEOPARDINUM	Mexico	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I—— KARWINSKII	South America	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C—— LINDENI	Colombia	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C—— LINDLEYANUM	Colombia	5*s.*
C—— —— SPECIOSUM	Colombia	21*s.*
I—— LONDESBOROUGHIANUM	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C—— LUTEO-PURPUREUM	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
*C—— MACULATUM	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
*C—— —— EROSUM	Mexico	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
*C—— —— STENANTHUM	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
*C—— —— SUPERBUM	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C—— MADRENSE	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C—— MEMBRANACEUM	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C—— MINIATUM	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C—— MULUS	Colombia	63*s.* and 84*s.*
C—— NÆVIUM	Ocaña	42*s.* and 63*s.*
C—— NEBULOSUM	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C—— —— CANDIDUM	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C—— —— PARDINUM	Mexico	42*s.* and 63*s.*
C—— ODORATUM	Colombia	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I—— PARDINUM	South America	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C—— PENDULUM, *vide* O. CITROSMUM.		
C—— PESCATOREI	Colombia	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C—— —— GRANDIFLORUM	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
C—— —— NIVALE	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
C—— —— SPLENDENS	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*

ODONTOGLOSSUM VEXILLARIUM, for description and price, *vide* page 106.

I ODONTOGLOSSUM PHALÆNOPSIS ..... Ocaña ..... 31*s.* 6*d.*, 42*s.* and 63*s.*
C —— PRETIOSUM *vide* O. SCHLEIPERIANUM.
**C* —— PULCHELLUM ..... Mexico..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
**C* —— —— GRANDIFLORUM..... Mexico..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— RADIATUM ..... Colombia..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*

C	ODONTOGLOSSUM RAMOSISSIMUM	Colombia	63*s.* and 84*s.*
C	—— RAMULOSUM	Ocaña	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— ROEZLII	Colombia	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— —— ALBUM	Colombia	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— ROSEUM	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
**C*	—— ROSSII	Mexico	5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
**C*	—— —— MAJUS	Mexico	7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*
C	—— SCEPTRUM	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
C	—— SCHLEIPERIANUM (pretiosum)	Costa Rica	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— TRIPUDIANS	Perú	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— TRIUMPHANS	Ocaña	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— UROSKINNERI	Guatemala	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— VEXILLARIUM	Colombia	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*

This magnificent Orchid produces the largest and most beautiful flowers of the whole genus. The plant is exceedingly free-flowering, often giving spikes of from 4 to 8 of its charming flowers, which are of a lovely rose colour. For illustration, *vide* page 105.

I	—— —— PICTURATUM	Colombia	
I	—— —— PULCHERRIMUM	Colombia	
I	—— —— ROSEUM	Colombia	63*s.* and 84*s.*
C	ONCIDIUM ÆMULUM, *vide* O. SUPERBIENS.		
S	—— ALTISSIMUM	West Indies	10*s.* 6*d.* to 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— AMPLIATUM	Panama	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— —— MAJUS	Panama	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— ARMILLARE	South America	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— ASCENDENS	South America	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— AUROSUM	Ecuador	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— BALDERRAMÆ	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
**C*	—— BARKERI, *vide* O. TIGRINUM.		
C	—— BICALLOSUM	Guatemala	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— BIFOLIUM	Monte Video	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— CARTHAGINENSE	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C	—— CAVENDISHIANUM	Guatemala	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— CHEIROPHORUM	Ecuador	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— CHRYSOMORPHUM	South America	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— CONCOLOR	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— CORNIGERUM	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— CRISPUM	Brazil	7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*
I	—— —— GRANDIFLORUM	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— —— MAGNIFICUM	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— —— SPLENDENS	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— CRUENTUM (pelicanum)	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— CUCULLATUM	Ocaña	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— —— MACULOSUM	Ecuador	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— CURTUM	Brazil	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I	—— DASYTYLE	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— DIADEMA, *vide* O. SERRATUM.		
C	—— DIVARICATUM	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— FLEXUOSUM	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— FORBESII	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— FUSCATUM	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— GARDNERIANUM	Brazil	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I	—— GLOBULIFERUM	Colombia	105*s.*
C	—— HASTATUM	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— INCURVUM	Oaxaca	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
**S*	—— KRAMERIANUM	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— LANCEANUM	Surinam	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
**C*	—— LEUCOCHILUM	Mexico	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C*	—— —— SPLENDENS	Mexico	42*s.*
S	—— LURIDUM	Tropical America	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— MACRANTHUM	Ecuador	31*s.* 6*d.*, 42*s.* and 63*s.*

C ONCIDIUM MACRANTHUM HASTIFERUM	Ecuador	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I —— MARSHALLIANUM	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— OBRYZATUM	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— ORNITHORRHYNCHUM	Guatemala	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
**C* —— —— ALBUM	Guatemala	105*s.*
S —— PAPILIO	Panama	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S —— —— MAJUS	Panama	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— PELICANUM, *vide* O. CRUENTUM.		
I —— PHILIPSIANUM	South America	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— PHYLLOGLOSSUM	South America	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S —— PHYMATOCHILUM	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— PRÆTEXTUM	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— PUBES	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— PULVINATUM	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— REFLEXUM	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— REICHENBACHII	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— ROSEUM	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— SARCODES	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— SERRATUM (Diadema)	Peru	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— SESSILE	Santa Martha	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— SPHACELATUM	Mexico	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
C —— STELLIGERUM	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S —— STIPITATUM PLATYONYX	Central America	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— SUPERBIENS (æmulum)	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— SUTTONI	South America	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— TETRACOPIS	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
**C* —— TIGRINUM (Barkeri)	Mechoacan	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— TRILINGUE	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— TRIQUETRUM	West Indies	10*s.* 6*d.*
I —— UNGUICULATUM	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— UNIFLORUM	Brazil	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I —— VARICOSUM	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— ROGERSII	Brazil	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I —— WELTONI (Miltonia Warscewiozii)	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— WENTWORTHIANUM	Guatemala	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— ZEBRINUM	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I PALUMBINA CANDIDA	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I PAPHINIA RUGOSA	South America	42*s.*
S PERISTERIA ELATA (The Dove Flower)	Panama	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*

The *Espiritu Santo* (*Holy Ghost Flower*) of the Spaniards. The centre of each blossom bears a striking resemblance to a waxen dove, hence its name.

I PESCATORIA (Huntleya) CERINA	South America	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— DAYANA	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— —— CANDIDULA	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— —— SPLENDENS	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— ROEZLII	Ecuador	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I PHAIUS ALBUS, *vide* THUNIA ALBA.		
S —— BENSONIÆ, *vide* THUNIA BENSONIÆ.		
I —— BLUMEI	Assam	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— GRANDIFOLIUS (Bletia Tankervillæ)	Hong Kong	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
S —— HUMBLOTII	Madagascar	
I —— MACULATUS	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S —— TUBERCULOSUS	Madagascar	
I —— WALLICHII	Sylhet	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— WOODFORDII	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S PHALÆNOPSIS AMABILIS	Sunda Islands	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— GRANDIFLORA	Borneo	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S —— —— AUREA	Tambelan Islands	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S —— LEUCORRHODA	Manilla	8 guineas

S PHALÆNOPSIS LISTERI	East Indies	
S —— LUDDEMANNIANA	Philippine Islands	15*s.* and 21*s.*
**S* —— SCHILLERIANA	Manilla	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I PILUMNA (Trichopilia) FRAGRANS	Merida	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— NOBILIS	South America	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
**C* PLEIONE HUMILIS (Hookerii)	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
**C* —— —— TRICOLOR	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— LAGENARIA	Khasya	7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*
**C* —— MACULATA	Assam, Khasya	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
**C* —— WALLICHIANA	Arracan Mountains	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S POGONIA DISCOLOR	Java	21*s.*
S RENANTHERA COCCINEA	Cochin China	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C RESTREPIA ANTENNIFERA	Colombia	42*s.*
C —— ELEGANS	Colombia	42*s.*
S SACCOLABIUM AMPULLACEUM	Rangoon	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
S —— BLUMEI	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— —— DAYI	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— —— MAJUS	East Indies	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
S —— —— SPLENDENS	East Indies	31*s.* 6*d.*, 42*s.* and 63*s.*
S —— CURVIFOLIUM	Nepal, Ceylon	15*s.* and 21*s.*
**S* —— GIGANTEUM (Vanda densiflora)	East Indies	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— GUTTATUM	East Indies	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— —— GIGANTEUM	Ceylon	63*s.*
S —— —— HOLFORDII	East Indies	84*s.* and 105*s.*
S —— —— SPLENDENS	Ceylon	63*s.*
S —— HARRISONI	Pulo, Copang	42*s.* and 63*s.*
S —— HENDERSONIANUM	Borneo	105*s.*
S —— PRÆMORSUM	Java	42*s.* and 63*s.*
S —— RETUSUM	Java	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S —— VIOLACEUM	Manilla	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I SARCOCHILUS HARTMANNI	Australia	63*s.*
S SARCOPODIUM LOBBII	East Indies	21*s.*
I SCHOMBURGKIA CRISPA	Guiana	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— TIBICINA	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— UNDULATA	La Guayra	15*s.* and 21*s.*
SELENIPEDIUM, *vide* CYPRIPEDIUM.		
I SOBRALIA MACRANTHA	Guatemala	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— —— NANA	Guatemala	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— ——SPLENDENS	Guatemala	42*s.* and 63*s.*
C SOPHRONITES CERNUA	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— GRANDIFLORA	Organ Mountains	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— —— AURANTIACA	Organ Mountains	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— VIOLACEA	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C STANHOPEA DEVONIENSIS	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— GRANDIFLORA	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— INSIGNIS	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— MARTIANA	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— OCULATA	Xalapa	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— SACCATA	South America	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— SHUTTLEWORTHII	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— TIGRINA	Xalapa	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— —— SUPERBA	Xalapa	21*s.*
I —— WARDIANA	La Guayra	21*s.*
C STENIA FIMBRIATA	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I THUNIA (PHAIUS) ALBA	India	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— ALBA STRIATA	India	5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
S —— (PHAIUS) BENSONIÆ	Moulmein	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S —— MARSHALLIÆ	India	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— PULCHRA	East Indies	21*s.*
C TRICHOPILIA COCCINEA	Costa Rica	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

I	TRICHOPILIA CRISPA (gloxiniæflora)	Costa Rica	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I	—— —— MARGINATA	Costa Rica	84*s.* and 105*s.*
I	—— FRAGRANS, *vide* PILUMNA FRAGRANS.		
I	—— GALEOTTIANA (picta)	Costa Rica	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I	—— LEPIDA	South America	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I	—— ORIOPHYLAX	South America	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— SUAVIS	Costa Rica	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— —— SUPERBA	Costa Rica	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— TORTILIS	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C	—— TURIALVÆ	Costa Rica	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	TRICHOSMA SUAVIS	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	UROPEDIUM LINDENI	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	VANDA BATEMANNI	Moluccas	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— BENSONI	Burmah	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— CATHCARTII	Sikkim	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I	—— CŒRULEA	Khasya	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— CŒRULESCENS	Burmah	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— —— BOXALLII	Burmah	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— DENISONIANA	India	63*s.* and 84*s.*
S	—— DENSIFLORA, *vide* SACCOLABIUM GIGANTEUM.		
S	—— GIGANTEA	Moulmein and Rangoon	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— LAMELLATA BOXALLII	Philippine Islands	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S	—— LOWII	Borneo	
S	—— PARISHII	Burmah	21*s.*, 31*s.*6*d.*, 42*s.*& 63*s.*
S	—— ROXBURGHII	Bengal	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— SUAVIS	Java	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S	—— TERES	Sylhet	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— TRICOLOR	Java	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— —— FORMOSA	Java	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— —— INSIGNIS	Java	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— —— MULTIFLORA	Java	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— —— NEBULOSA	Java	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I	—— —— PLANILABRIS	Java	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— —— SUPERBA	Java	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— UNDULATA	Assam	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	VANILLA AROMATICA	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	WARREA LINDENIANA	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	WARSCEWICZELLA DISCOLOR	Costa Rica	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— MARGINATA	Ocaña	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— VELATA	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	ZYGOPETALUM BRACHYPETALUM	South America	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— CRINITUM	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— GAUTIERI	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— MACKAYI	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— —— MAJUS	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— MAXILLARE	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*

CHOICE ORCHIDS.

EAST INDIAN | WEST INDIAN | COLOMBIAN
MEXICAN | PERUVIAN | BRAZILIAN.

Collections made at 4, 6, 9 *and* 12 *guineas per dozen.*

ORCHIDS FOR COOL HOUSES.

It being well known that many Orchids can be easily and successfully cultivated in a cool temperature, with scarcely any artificial heat during a great part of the year, Mr. W. B. has devoted several houses to this beautiful and desirable class, and will be pleased to make good selections of them at

4, 6, 9 *and* 12 *guineas per dozen.*

SPHAGNUM MOSS FOR ORCHIDS.

3*s. per bushel;* 12*s. per sack.*

GESNERAS (NÆGELIAS).

The value of Gesneras as decorative plants can scarcely be over estimated. Most of them have rich velvet-like foliage, which, in the respective kinds, varies from green to crimson. If only grown for the foliage they are very attractive, but they produce splendid pyramidal spikes of blossom, which are extremely handsome. Originally, however, the principal colour was orange-scarlet; now, as the result of fertilization, there are various colours and shades, added to which the spotting on the flowers of some of the varieties is extremely pretty.

ADELINA, creamy-white tube, pure white lobes, deep yellow throat. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ALBO-LUTESCENS GRANDIFLORA, very large flowers, of a delicate cream colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

AMABILIS, fine snow-white flowers, with a large citron-yellow spot on the lower lip. 2*s.* 6*d.*

A. RIVIÈRE, large dark red flowers, throat marbled with white, and tinted with lilac. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BERTHA, soft lilac-carmine, mouth of the throat flesh colour and orange dotted with carmine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CERISE D'OR, surface of the tube cerise, throat and lobes golden-yellow, netted and dotted with cerise; a beautiful flower and good habit. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CHROMATELLA, large and well expanded flowers of a clear yellow colour; fine foliage. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CINNABARINA ROSEA, a beautiful clear vermilion; the tube almost transparent; the interior carnation marbled with white; throat citron-yellow, speckled with gold. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CITRINA CORONATA, coral tube; throat and lobes pure citron, each lobe being spotted with vermilion; an admirable variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CLAUDE LORRAINE, very large bright lilac flowers, with yellow throat, the mouth white, spotted with magenta. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CYMOSA, clear rose-pink; very handsome foliage. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DAPHNE, tube and border of lobes bright rose, centre pure white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DAUW, lobes white, sprinkled with rose; throat golden-yellow, netted with vermilion; the divisions of each lobe snowy-white, marked with very bright rose. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DAVID, a splendid variety with magnificent foliage and fine large flowers, with light rose tube, cream coloured throat and bright rose lobes. 3*s.* 6*d.*

FULGIDA BICOLOR, a fine flower; upper part rich vermilion, white marbled underneath. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FULGIDA VAN HOUTTEI, rich vermilion, interior pure white dotted with vermilion. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GABRIELLE, crimson-carmine, bordered with white, mouth of the throat dotted carmine on yellow ground; very distinct and beautiful. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GAY-LUSSAC, clear vermilion, spotted with vermilion on the inside. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GRAND MOGUL, flowers of the most intense vermilion colour, with rich citron mouth and throat; very fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GREUZE, a very large and fine flower; the throat clear yellow, mouth cream colour, lobes regularly margined with rose; very distinct and beautiful. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GUILLAUME TELL, a large flower, of a dark orange-vermilion colour, the interior white, spotted with orange. 2*s.* 6*d.*

HÉLÈNE, crimson, white throat spotted with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HORACE VERNET, bright shining red, with snowy white throat; an attractive flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

INFANTA, exterior of tube light rose; interior deep yellow; lobes white, slightly tinged with blush; a very pretty flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ITAMBÉ, large vermilion flowers, bordered with golden-yellow, and dotted vermilion; beautiful velvety foliage. 2*s.* 6*d.*

JOVIAL, orange; tube snow-white, dotted and bordered with the most beautiful vermilion. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LEICHTLINII, pure yellow, margined with deep rose; fine foliage. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LÉONARD DE VINCI, very large clear red flowers, the interior marbled with white and lilac; very rich foliage. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LEOPARD VERMILLON, magnificent corymbs of large flowers, of the most brilliant vermilion, encircling a cream-coloured ground, which is sparingly dotted with vermilion. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LE TINTORET, cerise tube, dark scarlet lobes, interior of throat lilac striped with crimson; dark velvety foliage. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME A. LACOMBLÉ, pure white, with rose netting; a charming variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MASTOUCHE, flesh colour, bordered with red; the interior of the flower white, spotted with flesh colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MORGENLICHT, superb foliage, and fine pyramids of well-formed flowers of a beautiful pure golden yellow colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NIKITA, white interior, broadly bordered and spotted with dark vermilion ; exterior brilliant orange colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NIVALIS, fine pyramidal spikes of pure white flowers, with rich yellow throat. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PAUL VERONESE, a variety with beautifully marbled leaves, and fine large flowers ; tube bright salmon, lobes rose, throat white spotted with salmon. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PERA, lobes pink, spotted with crimson ; exterior of tube rosy crimson ; interior orange ; the foliage of this variety is remarkably rich and attractive. 3*s.* 6*d.*

REFULGENS, rich violet flowers ; throat white with large chamois spot. 2*s.* 6*d.*

REMBRANDT, tube velvety cerise ; throat white, spotted and maculated with carmine ; lobes bordered with bright purplish-carmine ; very fine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROSALIE, blush tubes, white lobes, deep golden yellow throat. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ROSEA PUNCTATISSIMA, very deep rich rose, with canary yellow throat. 2*s.* 6*d.*

RUBAN COCHINILLE, outside red, with cochineal margin ; golden encircled white interior. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SAPPHO, blush pink tube and lobes ; rich yellow throat ; very pretty. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SCEPTRE BRILLIANT, a fine variety, with very richly coloured foliage, freely producing large bright coral flowers, shaded with lilac, with a richly spotted citron yellow throat. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SCEPTRE CERISE, bright cerise vermilion, spotted with golden yellow ; flowers produced in fine pyramidal branched spikes ; magnificent bronzy foliage. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SCEPTRE CORAIL, fine pyramids of brilliant coral flowers, the mouth striped with canary yellow ; rich velvety amaranth foliage. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SOCIAL, rosy salmon tube, buff lobes, which, with the throat, are covered with minute spots of bright carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SUAVITAS, delicate flesh colour ; interior, white ground speckled with flesh colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TOTA ALBA, this is the only pure white Gesnera. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TRICOLORE ORANGE, light orange red, bordered with dark red ; interior white, spotted with golden yellow. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VALENTINE, carmine crimson ; white throat, spotted with carmine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ZONNENDAAL, a fine flower, of a delicate rose colour, with beautiful cinnamon dottings. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ZUCHT, fine coral-coloured lobes, throat distinctly veined and netted with chamois colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

EUCODONIAS.

EHRENBERGII, an attractive variety, having the foliage of a Ligeria, and freely producing clear blue flowers, which are slightly crumpled and have a white throat. 1*s.*

NÆGELIOIDES, a pretty hybrid ; the flowers have the soft colouring and elegant markings of some of the rosy-flowered Tydeas, with the throat of a citron yellow. 1*s.*

NÆGELIOIDES DIAMANTINA, this variety is similar to the preceding in growth and habit, but differs in the colour of its flowers, which are brilliant violet-purple, with citron yellow throat. 1*s.* 6*d.*

NÆGELIOIDES LILACINELLA, the flowers of this variety are of a beautiful fresh lilac colour, marbled, and the throat is pure white, spotted and dotted with citron, yellow and lilac. 1*s.* 6*d.*

NÆGELIOIDES NANA MULTIFLORA, a charming variety, extremely dwarf and free-blooming ; the flowers are amaranth and golden yellow, dotted with vermilion. 1*s.* 6*d.*

VAN HOUTTEI, a splendid variety, with large flowers of the most perfect form ; colour vivid carmine and pure white, ornamented with flesh coloured stripes ; very striking and attractive. 1*s.* 6*d.*

TYDÆAS.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 21.

AILSA, *vide* page 21.

ALARM, exterior of tube rosy purple ; white lobes rayed and spotted with rich purplish crimson, light throat, spotted with crimson. 5*s.*

ALBA NIGRA, fiery red ground, white throat, striped with black. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ALEXANDRE, tube cochineal red ; lobes and throat spotted with blackish carmine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

AMARANTE ET CANNELLE, amaranth cerise, fiery throat, marked with deep cinnamon. 3*s.* 6*d.*

APOLLON, violet corolla ; spherical brown dottings. 3*s.* 6*d.*

AURANTIACA ZEBRINA, vermilion orange, the entire flower striped ; very beautiful. 2*s.* 6*d.*
AVONDSTER, clear cerise, with white throat, regularly marked with large black blotches. 2*s.* 6*d.*
BELZEBUTH, crimson, richly marked with black spots ; a very fine variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*
BOMB, *vide* page 21.
CECILIA, *vide* page 21.
CÉRÈS, tube coral red ; the lobes half white and half vermilion, dotted with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*
CHAMALIÈRES, light red, striped with golden yellow. 2*s.* 6*d.*
CHERUB, tube light cerise ; lobes cream colour, spotted and striped with rich dark crimson. 5*s.*
CIMON, tube lilac red ; greenish lobes spotted with violet red. 3*s.* 6*d.*
CLOVIS, tube light reddish vermilion ; lobes creamy yellow, maculated with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*
COQUETTE, *vide* page 21.
CORNEVILLE, amaranth tube ; chamois yellow lobes, netted and dotted with purplish brown ; the edges of the lobes fringed. 3*s.* 6*d.*
CRATERE, deep fiery crimson, barred with black ; a large and well-formed flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*
CYNTHIA, *vide* page 21.
DIANE, coral red tube ; yellowish green lobes dotted with cherry red. 2*s.* 6*d.*
EMBLEM, tube rosy crimson ; lobes creamy white, marked and spotted with rich purplish crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*
ETNA, very dark scarlet, striped with black. 2*s.* 6*d.*
EUTERPE, lower lobes white, marbled and spotted with vermilion ; tube vermilion, shaded with carmine ; upper lobes amaranth, densely speckled. 2*s.* 6*d.*
FAME, rosy purple tube ; cream coloured lobes, lined and spotted with dark crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*
FLORETTA, *vide* page 21.
FOURNAISE DE PLUTON, intense vermilion, darkly striped. 2*s.* 6*d.*
GIGANTEA, a variety of majestic growth, with large flowers of a vermilion and golden yellow colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*
HECTOR, *vide* page 21.
HERCULE, red tube ; deep violet lobes, dotted with rich brown. 3*s.* 6*d.*
HYPATICA, *vide* page 21.
IGUASI, a large flower of a light carmine colour, thickly spotted with dark purple. 2*s.* 6*d.*
ITACULUMI, a large and well-formed flower ; rosy-carmine tube and satiny-rose lobes. 3*s.* 6*d.*
JULIETTE, *vide* page 21.
JUNON, reddish purple tube ; scarlet purple lobes, spotted with reddish brown. 3*s.* 6*d.*
JUPITER, coral red tube ; straw yellow lobes covered with small crimson spots. 2*s.* 6*d.*
LADY CAROLINE KERRISON, tube orange scarlet ; lobes rich light rose, spotted with violet ; interior of the tube beautifully marked with carmine crimson. 1*s.* 6*d.*
LÉANDRE, white lobes, sprinkled and marbled with clear cerise ; vermilion tube. 3*s.* 6*d.*
LE NAIN ROSE, a dwarf and free-blooming variety ; large flowers with clear rosy carmine tube ; upper lobes carmine rose ; lower lobes blush white, spotted with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*
LEON DUVAL, carmine tube, shaded violet ; lobes lilac violet, spotted with purple carmine. 3*s.* 6*d.*
LÉONIDAS, tube of a brilliant coral colour ; lobes half straw yellow pointed with cherry red, and half dark red pointed with vermilion. 3*s.* 6*d.*
LIEFKEN, orange vermilion with white throat, speckled with carmine, and rayed with cinnamon crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*
LORENZO, *vide* page 21.
MADAME HALPHEN, a fine flower, with well-expanded carmine coloured tube ; the lower lobes lightly tinted with lilac and spotted with carmine ; the upper lobes shaded with carmine rose. 2*s.* 6*d.*
MADAME HEINE, clear carmine-coloured tube ; lower lobes white, marked with spots of purple black, shading off to purple carmine ; upper lobes bordered with amaranth. 2*s.* 6*d.*
MADAME LAVALLÉE, a beautiful flower ; tube rose colour ; lower lobes white, spotted with purple carmine ; upper lobes margined with carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*
MANCINUS, carmine tube ; yellow lobes thickly maculated with dark brownish crimson. 5*s.*
MELPOMENE, large flowers of a bright carmine colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*
MIERKEN, white, thickly blotched with cochineal, and marbled with white ; throat white, maculated with orange scarlet. 2*s.* 6*d.*
MINERVE, purple tube ; purple violet lobes, with crimson dots. 3*s.* 6*d.*
MIRANA, *vide* page 21.
OPHIR, orange vermilion, upper petals spotted with black, lower petals spotted with yellow. 2*s.* 6*d.*
PAINPONDOR, clear vermilion tube ; golden yellow lobes, beautifully marbled with amaranth ; exceedingly floriferous. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TYDÆAS—continued.

PELOPIDAS, tube cochineal; lobes and throat spotted with dark carmine; a very fine flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PERONILLA, tube vermilion carmine; lobes yellow, freckled with purplish maroon; throat maculated carmine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PHYLLIS, tube rosy carmine; light lobes heavily maculated with rich crimson. 5*s.*

PLUTON, violet tube; purple violet lobes, marked with reddish brown dottings. 3*s.* 6*d.*

POLYMNIE, carmine tube; upper petals bright carmine, lower petals pure white; the whole of the petals spotted with rich dark carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PORTIA, vermilion tube; cream coloured lobes maculated with bright crimson. 5*s.*

RHOTOMAGO, clear salmon vermilion tube; white lobes marbled with dark purplish carmine; the mouth maculated with violet purple. 3*s.* 6*d.*

RIO CAROTTE, orange-red tube; yellow lobes richly spotted with deep orange; very distinct and attractive. 3*s.* 6*d.*

RUBIS, a dwarf-gowing variety, with prettily-veined foliage; tube of the flowers bright carmine; lobes purple-carmine, with darker spotting; a magnificent colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SABINA, *vide* page 21.

SAPÉ, a beautiful flower of a fiery vermilion colour; the mouth and throat golden-yellow, lined and dotted with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SERAPH, purple tube; whitish lobes, heavily maculated with rich purplish-crimson. 5*s.*

THALIE, citron, spotted and flaked with vermilion; tube vermilion. 2*s.* 6*d.*

THEMISTOCLE, tube coral-red; lobes creamy-white, spotted with cherry-red. 3*s.* 6*d.*

THERA, tube rosy-purple; lobes pale lemon colour, minutely spotted and freckled with crimson. 5*s.*

TRICOLOR, white, beautifully spotted with amaranth, coral coloured tube. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VIOLET ET MARRON, rich violet ground, throat white, spotted with chamois, lobes bright purple, the whole streaked with maroon. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VULCAIN, ample metallic foliage, marbled with purple veins; the tube and lobes of the flower deep bright scarlet, the lobes finely spotted with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

WILHELMINE LEFEBVRE, upper petals amaranth, lower petals white, all the flowers reticulated with amaranth on a pink ground. 2*s.* 6*d.*

WONDER, flowers of a bright orange-vermilion colour, veined with black; majestic spikes. 3*s.* 6*d.*

XENOPHON, a fine large flower; tube cochineal-orange, salmon-red lobes covered with a dark red netting, throat marked and spotted with dark carmine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

Tydæas can be cultivated so as to produce an abundance of bloom throughout the winter, their flowering season principally depending on the time at which their tubers are started into growth; with a little management a succession of blooming plants can be had nearly throughout the year.

NEW AND CHOICE ACHIMENES.

ADMIRATION, a fine variety of free robust habit and growth; the flowers, which are beautifully formed and of large size, are of a deep rose colour with light throat; very free-blooming. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ARGUS, colour rich plum, large deep orange eye, spotted with carmine, upper lobes of the flowers beautifully rayed towards the margin. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CELESTIAL, a very fine and distinct variety, of good habit and a profuse bloomer, producing exceedingly beautiful flowers of a very light blue colour, with attractive centre, the upper part of the eye being rich purple, and the lower part cream colour, darkly rayed. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CHARM, a very large fine flower, of a beautiful light rosy-purple colour, with light throat marked with orange at the mouth. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CHERUB, a splendid variety, producing abundantly large white flowers, which are tinted with blue on the margin of the lobes; it is exceedingly attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DIADEM, magenta shaded carmine, with golden yellow eye; medium-sized flower; a very bright-looking and free-blooming variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ECLIPSE, bright orange, red eye, beautifully spotted with carmine, good habit and free. 2*s.* 6*d.*

EVELINE, an extremely pretty variety, producing well-formed flowers of a soft blue colour, shaded with lilac towards the centre. 5*s.*

EXCELSIOR, plum colour, large and fine, good habit, very distinct. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FIREFLY, flowers of great size and substance, with beautifully fringed edges; colour a rich deep carmine, golden-yellow eye, spotted with crimson and shading off to magenta. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE ACHIMENES—continued.

HARRY WILLIAMS, very large fine flowers of a bright cerise colour, with yellow eye spotted with maroon, lower part of eye pale mauve, the edges of the flowers beautifully fringed. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LADY LYTTLETON, magnificent large flowers of a rich magenta colour deeply shaded with crimson, clear orange yellow eye, edges of the petals beautifully fringed. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LOVELINESS, a fine flower of good size and substance, rich magenta, shading off to crimson towards the margin, golden-yellow eye dotted with maroon. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MAGNET, orange, spotted with crimson, deep carmine circle and spotted eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MARVEL, a remarkably rich and bright-looking flower, of fine form and large size, colour a very bright rosy-violet, with light throat, darkly spotted at the base. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MASTERPIECE, this variety is of robust growth, and the flowers, which are very smooth and well-formed, are of a very rich rose colour, with violet shade ; a splendid variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NESIDA, soft lilac ; light yellow centre, spotted and rayed with lilac ; a very pretty flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NINA, a very large and handsome flower of a dark satiny lilac colour, beautifully rayed in the three lower petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

OBERON, bright blue, upper portion of the eye purple, white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

RIVAL, deep puce, excellent habit and profuse bloomer. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SPARKLER, rich deep scarlet, dwarf compact habit ; extra fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

STELLA, fine large flowers of a clear magenta colour, orange eye, spotted with carmine, nicely serrated, distinct and beautiful. 3*s.* 6*d.*

UNIQUE, very large fine flowers of a soft rosy pink colour, with pale orange eye, dotted scarlet and shading off to magenta. 2*s.* 6*d.*

WILLIAMSII, a free-blooming variety of good compact and branching habit, producing large flowers of good substance, of a vivid scarlet colour, with orange yellow throat. 2*s.* 6*d.*

AMBROISE VERSCHAFFELT, 1*s.*
AURORA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
BELLE CRACOVIENNE, 1*s.*
CARL WOLFARTH, 1*s.*
CARMINATA ELEGANS, 1*s.*
CHIRITA, 1*s.*
DAZZLE, 1*s.*
DENTONIANA, 1*s.*
EDWARD BOSSIER, 1*s.*
FRANCOIS CARDINAUX, 1*s.* 6*d.*
GEORGIANA, 1*s.*
GRANDIFLORA, 1*s.*
—— FLORE-PLENO, 1*s.*
GRANDIS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
HENDERSONI, 1*s.*
LEOPARD, 1*s.*
LONGIFLORA, 1*s.*
—— ALBA, 1*s.*
—— MACRANTHA, 1*s.*
—— MAJOR, 1*s.*
LOUIS VAN HOUTTE, 1*s.*
MARGARITÆ, 1*s.*
MAUVE PERFECTION, 1*s.*
—— QUEEN, 1*s.* 6*d.*
METEOR, 1*s.*
MINIATA, 1*s.*
M. MIELLEZ, 1*s.* 6*d.*
PARSONSII, 1*s.*
PATENS, 1*s.*
PICTA, 1*s.*
PURPUREA ELEGANS, 1*s.*
—— MULTIFLORA, 1*s.*
ROLLISSONI, 1*s.*
ROSEA ELEGANS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— MAGNIFICA, 1*s.*
SIR TREHERNE THOMAS, 1*s.*
SKINNERI, 1*s.*
VENUSTA, 1*s.*
VESTALIN, 1*s.*
VIOLACEA SEMI-PLENA, 1*s.*
VIVICANS, 1*s.*

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 20.

Those marked thus (*) *have erect flowers.*

*ADMIRATION, dark velvety cerise, with vermilion throat ; lobes widely bordered with pure white ; a splendid flower. 5*s.*

*ADONIS, pure white throat, lobes white, striped rose ; mouth surrounded with carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*AÏDA, soft rose, lobes reticulated with bluish lines, throat encircled with dark rose. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*ALBO-MARGINATA MYRIOSTIGMA, white spotted carmine, and bordered pure white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*ALBO-SULFUREA, a fine large white flower, with sulphur yellow throat ; very distinct. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*ALCIBIADE, white tube, the lobes maculated with lake ; white throat ; spotted at the base. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ALICE, an immense flower with large smooth limb of rich mauve, and clear yellow throat. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS—continued.

*ANNA DE CONDEIXA, throat and mouth cream colour; lobes bordered with indigo violet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*ARIADNE, very bright carmine lobes, shading off to rose; pure white throat, the white running up into the centre of each lobe; a fine flower and exceedingly attractive. 5*s.*

*AURELIA, milky white, each lobe marked with a ring of mauve dots; throat and mouth cream colour, the base of the throat dotted with purplish crimson; a very fine large flower. 5*s.*

*BARONNE DE ROTHSCHILD, white beautifully marked with rose; mouth of throat shaded with purple; an enormous flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*BELLE JEANNETTE, pure white, lightly margined with clear lavender. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*BOULE DE FEU, a fine large flower of the most intense and brilliant red colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*BRADAMANTE, very large flower; pure white tube; light rose lobes bordered with rich rose, and blotched with white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*CABELLO, velvety purplish crimson lobes with lilac rose margin; light throat densely spotted with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*CECILE D'ELCHINGEN, bright crimson, bordered with rose, a very large and fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*CECILE MICHAUX, a very large and well-formed pure white flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*CHARME DE LUTÉCE, pure milky white, ornamented with violet-purple spots; the margin densely freckled with light bluish dots; cream-coloured throat with violet spots. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*CHAUCER, *vide* page 20.

*CLÉMENCE DELAHAYE, white, tinted with flesh colour; each division of the lobes marked with a cerise red spot surrounded with bright rose. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CLIO, crimson lobes; mouth shaded violet; light throat minutely freckled. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*COLOR NOVA, magenta, shaded with carmine; a most distinct and attractive variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*COMTE BALSCHE, cochineal; milk white throat dotted with lavender. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*COMTESSE DE FLANDRE, a very fine large flower with open throat; lobes white spotted with magenta rose, and maculated with carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*COMTESSE DUCHÂTEL, lilac throat, rayed and spotted with crimson; white lobes, blotched with carmine; a very fine large flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CONCENTRIQUE, white throat, shaded with lilac; magenta lobes, surrounded with white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*CONQUEST, rich velvety purplish-crimson, shading off to rose towards the edge of the lobes; throat deep crimson, freckled at the base; rich and showy. 5*s.*

*CORNÉLIE, dark violet; the centre of the lobes striped and spotted, and the whole flower margined with white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*COWPER, *vide* page 20.

*DIONE, pure white, the lobes covered with a dense sprinkling of minute blue dots; creamy white throat, dotted with blue; a magnificent variety. 5*s.*

*DRYDEN, *vide* page 20.

*DUC DECAZES, a splendid flower; white ground, beautifully maculated with lilac magenta. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*DUC DE SUTHENHAM, white, richly maculated and thickly spotted with carmine; a very large fine flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*DUCHESSE DECAZES, a very fine flower; lobes carmine rose, shaded with lilac towards the mouth; throat creamy white; extremely floriferous. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*ELDORADO, cerise shaded with amaranth, the centre of the lobes striped and spotted with bright red; a beautiful velvety looking flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*ELFIN, bluish-violet lobes with slight purple shade; white throat. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*FANFRELUCHE, centre lobes of rosy pink, densely freckled with carmine and bordered with white; throat and mouth creamy white, covered with minute soft magenta dots; pretty. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*FEU BRILLANT, rich bright velvety crimson, margined with rose; a remarkable showy and attractive flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FLEUR DE FLANDRE, white throat, purple mouth; lobes marbled and netted with indigo blue, white edge. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*FLORE, rosy lavender, shaded with light purplish pink; pure white centre, rayed and spotted with bright mauve; creamy white throat, slightly spotted with pink. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*FLORIAN, white, the lobes prettily pencilled with rose, the base of the throat marked with rosy pink; a large and exceedingly beautiful flower. 5*s.*

*FULGIDA, vermilion red; a magnificent flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*GRANIT ROSE, pure white, spotted in centre of lobes with bright carmine, the spotting becoming more scattered towards the margin; cream-coloured throat, freckled with rosy pink. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*GRAY, *vide* page 20.

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS—continued.

*HENRI FLÈCHE, a magnificent flower, of fine form; colour magenta, brilliantly shaded with red at the mouth; the edges of the lobes widely bordered with snowy white. 2s. 6d.

HILDA, lobes light blue edged with lavender; throat and mouth deep rich purple shaded with crimson. 3s. 6d.

*INALTÉRABLE, a fine flower, of an intense shade of carmine magenta; very showy. 2s. 6d.

*INES, bright solferino, veined with magenta; a very beautiful flower. 2s. 6d.

*ISABELLA, light blue lobes, with white centre, spotted and shaded with purplish violet; light throat, rayed and freckled with purplish crimson; very fine. 2s. 6d.

*JEANNE D'ARC, a very large white flower, lightly spotted at the intersections of the lobes; the throat is also spotted. 3s. 6d.

*JUPITER, a fine flower of a very dark velvety violet plum colour; extremely showy. 3s. 6d.

*LA FRANCE, rich bright scarlet, rayed with crimson and shaded with orange; very fine. 5s.

*L'ÉCLAIR, dark crimson marbled carmine, with bluish reflections; the throat encircled with a star of bright red and dark blue; extremely distinct and effective. 5s.

*LIVINGSTONE, rich velvety amaranth crimson, shaded with soft purplish violet, and margined with rosy lilac; light creamy throat, shaded with rose at the mouth; a splendid flower. 2s. 6d.

LOUISE, cochineal, edged with lilac and slate-colour, and striped with white. 2s. 6d.

*LOUIS VAN HOUTTE, dark indigo, surrounded by rich reddish crimson and shaded with light blue. 3s. 6d.

*MADAME BASSOT, cream-coloured throat, spotted with lilac; the mouth shaded with mauve; lobes surrounded with satiny rose. 2s. 6d.

*MADAME CHARLES WOOD, blue spotted and maculated with white, and ornamented with small blue veins: distinct and pretty. 5s.

MADAME DUVAL, dark fiery crimson, shaded off to a bright scarlet towards the edges of the lobes, which are margined with rose; dark crimson mouth; light throat, spotted with crimson. 2s. 6d.

*MADAME HUBERT, centre of the flower rich velvety violet purple, surrounded with lavender blue. 2s. 6d.

*MADAME PYNAERT, white shaded with blue; the lobes ornamented with a velvety violet crimson marking; the tube finely reticulated; novel and distinct. 5s.

*MADAME TRUFFAUT, very bright fresh rose with snowy white tube. 3s. 6d.

*MDLLE. ANGÉLINE MARTIN, rich magenta, striped and spotted with solferino, the lobes bordered with white. 2s. 6d.

*MDLLE. BLANCHE BACHELOT, cream-coloured throat, spotted crimson; mouth amaranth, shaded crimson; lobes cerise, veined and spotted with carmine, and edged with pure white. 3s. 6d.

*MDLLE CHARLOTTE DE LA TRÉMOILLE, a fine large white flower, marbled and dotted with rose; the throat lined with lilac; an extremely beautiful variety. 2s. 6d.

*MDLLE. JEANNE MEURET, white, beautifully marked with violet purple spots, shaded with bluish violet; the lobes margined with pure white. 3s. 6d.

*MDLLE. MARIE MOREAU, lobes clear rose, spotted and shaded with carmine in the centre; throat rayed and dotted with lilac. 2s. 6d.

*MARGUERITE D'ELCHINGEN, violet purple lobes; creamy white throat, freckled with purplish dots, and stretching up into the centre of each lobe and forming a kind of star. 2s. 6d.

*MARQUISE DE CHENNEVIÈRES, bluish violet beautifully striped and reticulated with dark violet, the lobes broadly margined with pure white; cream coloured throat, lightly spotted. 2s. 6d.

*MATADOR, very dark reddish crimson, neatly bordered with white; very rich and showy. 2s. 6d.

*MEMNON, rich reddish purple; white tube; light rose throat; a very fine flower. 2s. 6d.

*MENTOR, violet amaranth, surrounded with bluish violet; very fine. 2s. 6d.

*MILTON, indigo, shaded violet; the lobes have a white margin, spotted with violet. 3s. 6d.

MINA, very bright cerise, with snow-white mouth; an attractive variety. 2s. 6d.

*MON CAPRICE, soft mauve, the divisions of the lobes to the tube white; very pretty. 2s. 6d.

*MONSIEUR A. BLANC, a fine large flower with lilac throat; the centre of each lobe marked with reddish crimson; the edges of the lobes distinctly spotted with violet. 3s. 6d.

*MONSIEUR A. LAVALLÉE, white, very thickly spotted with violet; the centre of the lobes and the mouth of the throat maculated with reddish violet. 2s. 6d.

*MONSIEUR A. TRUFFAUT, bright reddish crimson, shaded with amaranth; dark maroon mouth. 3s. 6d.

*MONSIEUR HITT, white spotted with carmine cerise and marked with bright red at the intersections of the lobes; throat rayed and spotted with sulphur yellow; a very large flower. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS—continued.

*MONSIEUR LUCIEN LINDEN, creamy yellow throat; bright rose lobes veined in the centre with carmine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*MONSIEUR TESTARD, white ground, nearly covered with a marking and spotting of dark violet; each lobe marked with a violet horse-shoe; a beautiful flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NOTAIRE MOENS, a very fine large flower; white richly marked with light carmine dots; border of lobes pure white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*NYMPH, pure white; a fine flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*ORIFLAMME, rich reddish vermilion, the mouth lightly encircled with clear blue; creamy white throat. 5*s.*

*PATRIE, mouth of the throat intensely dark indigo purple, the lobes shading off to bluish violet and margined with white; light throat shaded with violet crimson; a very fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*PAULINE BRETON, a very large flower, white tube, and rosy carmine lobes, bordered with white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*PHYLLIS, lobes bluish violet; mouth rich purple crimson; throat white spotted with crimson; very fine. 3*s.* 6*d*

*POPE, *vide* page 20.

*PRÉSIDENT J. GIRAUD, throat and part of the lobes pure white, forming a white star in the centre of the flower; the lobes of a rich cerise red colour; very fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*PRÉSIDENT THOMAS, a large flower; lobes of a bright velvety cerise colour, surrounded with carmine amaranth; very fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*PRINCE DE GALLES, centre of lobes dark lilac, passing to clear violet towards the border, which is pure white. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*PRINCE P. TROUBETZKOY, a very large flower of an extremely dark violet colour, bordered with puro white; a remarkably attractive variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*ROMOLA, lavender blue lobes; mouth dark crimson; white throat spotted with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROSE D'AMOUR, cream-coloured throat, lobes bright rosy carmine, shaded towards the base with rose cerise. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*ROSEA GRANDIFLORA, a fine large flower of a beautiful carmine rose colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*ROSE ET HERMINE, white throat and mouth; lobes bright rose spotted with pure white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*SANG GAULOIS, a fine flower of a rich bright red colour with golden reflections; edges of the lobes undulated; dull red throat. 5*s.*

*TEMPLAR, lobes white, spotted with blue, the mouth encircled with purplish violet; light throat, freckled with crimson; a showy and effective variety. 5*s.*

*TENNYSON, *vide* page 20.

*TRITON, lobes delicate rose pink; throat and mouth white freckled with pink; a very pretty flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*URANIE, lobes white, the centre of each rayed and spotted with bright pink, the outer part of lobes and the mouth freckled with pink; light throat, densely freckled with pink; extremely pretty. 5*s.*

*VARIABILIS, white freckled with blue and blotched at the intersections of the lobes; the flowers often have six and seven divisions. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*VICOMTE DE CONDEIXA, pure white, spotted and freckled in the centre with soft rose, and maculated with carmine at the intersections of the lobes. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*VILLE DE NANCY, reddish violet, deeper towards the throat, which is white; extremely distinct and attractive. 5*s.*

VLAANDEREN, white throat, ornamented with myriads of carmine spots, tube carmine, shaded with plum, lobes rich velvety purple. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*WILLIAM ROBINSON, lobes bright rosy carmine, margined pink; centre of lobes white, spotted and freckled with bright pink; throat creamy white, thickly spotted with pink. 2*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good kinds can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *general collection at* 18*s.* *and* 30*s.* *per dozen.*

GLOXINIA INSIGNIS, this distinct variety produces its flowers during the autumn and winter; colour bluish lilac, marked with a large crimson blotch at the base of the tube. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GLOXINIA MACULATA SCEPTRUM, a magnificent hybrid, with extra large erect cordate foliage. It produces a rigid terminal inflorescence, exceeding twenty inches in height, which bears majestically its large clear lilac well-formed blooms. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW REGAL PELARGONIUMS.

This name is applied to that magnificent group of Pelargoniums, the flowers of which are of large size, and very rich and showy colours, and which, although they are not really double, yet have the appearance of being so from their full and crispy form and the extra number of their frilled petals.

ALEXANDRE DE NAPADIEWICZ, a very fine flower of a salmon carmine colour; the upper petals blotched with maroon; large white centre; the petals widely margined with white. 7*s.* 6*d.*

BEAUTY OF OXTON, upper petals rich maroon darkly blotched; under petals dark crimson shaded with maroon; light centre tinted rose; all the petals regularly margined with white, and beautifully fringed; flowers large and full, the extra number of petals giving them the appearance of being semi-double. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CAPTAIN RAIKES, a fine large full flower; upper petals deep fiery crimson, flaked with purplish black and bordered with carmine; lower petals clear bright fiery crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

COUNTESS OF ROSEBERY, a most desirable variety, producing profusely large trusses of beautiful pure white flowers, with a feathered spot of delicate rose in the two upper petals; the margin of the flower is prettily fringed. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DR. MASTERS, a fine variety; the upper petals have large black blotches in the centre, with a narrow margin of rich crimson; the lower petals have a smaller blotch, with a broader margin of the same colour as the upper. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DUCHESS OF BEDFORD, one of the most useful and charming of this highly decorative section of Pelargoniums; its blossoms are of the purest white, prettily fringed, with feathered spot of delicate rose in the upper petals; one of the best of the early blooming varieties. 2*s.* 6*d.*

KARL KLEIN, a splendid variety, producing very bright red flowers, darkly spotted; extremely showy. 5*s.*

LUCY LEMOINE, a very large and fine pure white flower, having the petals beautifully undulated and fringed. 5*s.*

MADAME EVRARD, a most attractive and distinct variety; the flowers are very full, with beautiful crispy petals of an exceedingly bright purplish crimson colour, richly spotted with dark maroon. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME THIBAUT, white, richly blotched and marbled with rose; the upper petals marked with crimson maroon; large white centre; immense trusses of very large fine flowers, with undulated petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MAID OF KENT, an exceedingly attractive variety, of neat dwarf habit and extremely free blooming; the flowers are pure white, with bright rose-coloured spots on all the petals, which are beautifully undulated and fringed, giving the blossoms a full crispy appearance. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MARIE FOUCARD, white, with clear violet spotting; the petals prettily fringed and undulated. 5*s.*

PRINCE OF PELARGONIUMS, large flowers with elegantly fringed margins; brilliant vermilion scarlet ground colour, finely relieved by a blush white centre, with violet veins, flushed with rich crimson in upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCE OF TECK, rich deep crimson, shaded with violet; upper petals blotched and feathered with dark blackish maroon; centre shaded with violet; a remarkably free-blooming variety, producing fine large trusses. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCE OF WALES, an exceedingly handsome variety, freely producing good trusses of flowers, which are not really double, but from their fulness of form, and extra number of prettily undulated petals, have the appearance of being so; the colour is a bright vermilion with light centre and light edge to the petals, the superior ones being marked with light crimson, and darkly blotched. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCESS OF WALES, an extremely beautiful variety with very large and effective flowers, which are of a most pleasing colour; rosy lake marbled and reticulated with white; large, clear and distinct white centre; all the petals margined with white, and the upper ones blotched with maroon; an exceedingly attractive flower. Figured in the *Florist*. This charming variety has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society, and also by the Pelargonium Society. 5*s.*

QUEEN VICTORIA, the flowers of this handsome and distinct variety have peculiarly crispy petals, of a rich vermilion colour, broadly margined with pure white, the upper ones blotched with maroon; extremely attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SULTAN, carmine-lake; the upper petals blotched with maroon; light centre shaded with soft violet rose; all the petals slightly undulated; a very pretty flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

NEW REGAL PELARGONIUMS—continued.

UKRAIN, upper petals bright crimson, blotched with maroon and edged with white; under petals deep rose, edged with white; white centre, shaded with violet, the petals slightly fringed; a very free and pretty variety. 10*s.* 6*d.*

VENUS DE MILO, this variety produces immense trusses of fine large white flowers, slightly striped in the centre with delicate rose. 7*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE ATTRACTIVE COLOURED AND SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS.

These have been obtained by carefully hybridising the attractive French kinds with the best varieties of the most eminent English raisers, so that while possessing the rich and varied colours of the French sorts, combined with their wonderfully free-flowering character, they partake of the shape of the English varieties.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 22.

ANGUS, delicate rose; upper petals blotched with dark crimson and shaded with bright rose; under petals spotted with dark crimson; a fine showy flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ANNABELLA, an attractive flower, with large light centre; upper petals rich crimson, blotched with very dark maroon; under petals rich bright crimson, with violet shade. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BLACK PRINCE, a fine flower of a bright maroon ground colour, with dark shading and pale margin; very free. 5*s.*

BRIDAL BOUQUET, an extremely free-flowering and attractive variety, producing fine large trusses of beautiful pure white flowers; the two upper petals blotched with pink; admirably adapted for forcing. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BRONGNIART, pure white, each of the five petals spotted with rose and purple. 3*s.* 6*d.*

COMMANDER, bright rosy scarlet, the upper petals heavily blotched with maroon; under petals blotched with rich crimson, fine striking white centre; a magnificent flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CONSISTENCY, violet, margined with lavender, upper petals blotched with crimson, the under ones spotted with the same colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DAMON, upper petals bright crimson, blotched with maroon; under petals rosy crimson, white centre; all the petals edged with white; a pretty flower. 5*s.*

DEBATE, violet mauve, upper petals blotched with maroon; light centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DECORATOR, rosy crimson; all the petals spotted with dark maroon; a very pretty and attractive variety. 5*s.*

DELIGHT, *vide* page 22.

DRAGON, dark crimson, upper petals margined with bright red; under petals fiery carmine, spotted with crimson; pure white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ECLIPSE, upper petals very dark blackish maroon, edged with fiery crimson; under petals rich deep crimson, shaded with bright scarlet, and blotched with very dark maroon; light centre. 5*s.*

ELVINA, *vide* page 22.

ENSIGN, all the petals blotched with maroon, surrounded with crimson and margined with rose. 3*s.* 6*d.*

FIREFLY, fiery crimson, the upper petals blotched with maroon; under petals spotted with crimson, light centre shaded with violet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GARLAND, *vide* page 22.

GASTON MALET, bright purple, upper petals blotched with black; lower petals spotted with black; white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GRISON, light rosy pink, all the petals blotched with very dark blackish maroon, and shaded with crimson; a very fine flower. 5*s.*

HARLEQUIN, pale orange carmine, with slight dark blotches; upper petals darkly shaded, white throat; very free and showy. 5*s.*

HECTOR MALET, clear rose, all the petals heavily blotched with crimson. 5*s.*

HIAWATHA, upper petals very dark maroon, margined with crimson and edged with white; under petals rosy crimson, margined with blush and blotched with maroon. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HUNTSMAN, fiery crimson, upper petals blotched with maroon, dark spots on the under petals, violet centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

KENNETH, upper petals rich dark purplish crimson, margined with light violet crimson and feathered with crimson maroon; under petals rich violet crimson, edged with rosy lavender; light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LUCULLUS, fiery crimson; upper petals blotched with blackish maroon; under petals spotted with crimson maroon; light centre. 5*s.*

MADAME CHARLES KŒNIG, a remarkable floriferous variety, producing beautiful pure white blossoms. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MARCELLA, upper petals blackish maroon, with narrow margin of bright crimson; under petals deep rose, spotted with dark crimson; extremely showy and attractive. 7*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS—continued.

MARSUS, upper petals white, blotched with rich crimson and surrounded with rose; under petals blush white spotted with violet crimson; a fine showy variety. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MEDINA, upper petals dark maroon, shaded with crimson and edged with rose; under petals rose, blotched with very dark crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MINARET, upper petals crimson, with maroon blotch; under petals rosy crimson marked and spotted with maroon. 5*s.*

MODERN, bright rose, shaded with violet, upper petals blotched with maroon; under petals spotted with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. POTTEN, a fine round flower with undulated petals of a blush white colour; the upper petals blotched with velvety purple. 5*s.*

NELLIE HAYES, blush white, with maroon spots on all the petals; a robust, free-growing variety, producing very large trusses. 5*s.*

OSCAR, upper petals crimson, margined with rose and blotched with maroon; under petals rose, spotted crimson, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

OUIDA, a beautifully formed flower with undulated petals; white, lightly striped with violet in the centre. 5*s.*

PATRICIAN, bright violet, the upper petals heavily blotched with dark maroon; under petals having a small blotch of dark maroon, light centre; an attractive variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PEERLESS, *vide* page 22.

PIONEER, a fiery crimson, upper petals blotched with maroon; under petals slightly spotted with crimson, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

POITEAU, purplish violet; upper petals spotted with black; under petals spotted with purple. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PRIAM, *vide* page 22.

PROFESSOR NORDENSKIOLD, lilac mauve, large white centre shaded with lilac; a fine flower; trusses immense. 5*s.*

RENDIGO, upper petals nearly black, with crimson edge; under petals crimson, blotched with maroon. 5*s.*

SALUTE, under petals soft rose, spotted with dark crimson; upper petals maroon, surrounded with crimson, with rose margin. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SENATOR, upper petals very dark maroon, bordered with crimson and edged with rose; lower petals rich crimson, blotched with maroon and edged with rose. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SERENA, *vide* page 22.

SYPHAX, upper petals bright carmine, blotched with maroon, and edged with white; under petals rich crimson, with maroon spots and light edge. 5*s.*

TELAMON, upper petals blackish maroon, margined with fiery crimson; under petals light red, slightly shaded with orange and spotted with dark maroon; a very fine flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

TEMPLAR, a beautifully formed flower, of a rich soft shade of violet crimson; upper petals blotched with dark purple; under petals slightly marked with purple, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TENNYSON, upper petals dark maroon, margined with rose and edged with white; under petals pure clear white, with a small blotch of bright lake in the centre of each. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TRIUMPHANS, rich violet crimson, margined with violet rose, upper petals feathered with dark crimson; light rosy violet centre; a rich velvety looking flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TROJAN, crimson upper petals, surrounded with bright rose and margined with pink; under petals blush, spotted crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TYRIAN, very rich dark maroon, upper petals almost black, with narrow edge of deep rose; under petals shaded with rosy scarlet and blotched with crimson maroon. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VANGUARD, rich violet mauve, upper petals blotched with crimson, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VELLEDA, rich deep velvety crimson, upper petals blotched with maroon, under petals spotted with very dark crimson; a fine flower; bright and attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VIZIER, upper petals dark maroon, surrounded with rich violet crimson and margined with lilac; under petals bright crimson, blotched with maroon, and bordered pale lilac. 5*s.*

ZORA, upper petals bright rosy carmine, blotched with dark crimson, and widely margined with white; under petals blush white; an extremely showy and attractive flower. 5*s.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *general collection at* 18*s.*, 24*s.*, *and* 30*s. per dozen.*

NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 21.

ALICE, lower petals rosy crimson, maroon spot on top petals, crimson purple edge, large white eye; very fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ALLIANCE, *vide* page 21.

AMETHYST, beautiful rich purple, with deep maroon upper petals; of very dwarf and free-blooming habit. 5*s.*

NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS—continued.

ANATINA, upper petals dark maroon, edged with rosy crimson; under petals rose, shaded with crimson; light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ARTHUR, upper petals dark maroon, with orange shade; narrow lilac margin; a large flower of fine form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ARTIST, lower petals mottled carmine; maroon spot on upper petals, carmine edge; large white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

AURORA, deep crimson scarlet, with medium spot on top petals; a very richly coloured variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BASIL, rich rosy violet, upper petals blotched with dark crimson maroon; all the petals edged with lavender; light centre. 7*s.* 6*d.*

BECERRA, upper petals dark maroon, shaded with bright crimson; under petals light rose; large white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CECILIA, upper petals dark velvety maroon, surrounded with bright crimson and edged with rose; under petals rosy pink; clear distinct white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CHALLENGER, deep scarlet, spotted with maroon; very showy. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CHARTER, rich maroon, upper petals margined with violet rose; under petals violet rose; shaded crimson; large white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

COMBATANT, *vide* page 21.

CONDUCTOR, dark crimson, upper petals margined with bright rose; under petals delicate rose; pure white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CONQUEST, bright red, small maroon spot on top petals; fine shape; very effective. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CONSTANCE, fawn colour, with small spot on top petals, shaded with orange; clear white eye; a large flower of fine form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

COSSACK, upper petals very dark maroon, surrounded with bright crimson; under petals bright rose; large white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

COVENANT, lower petals rosy purple; upper petals very dark maroon; narrow fiery margin; white centre; a large smooth flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CREUSA, light rose, the upper petals blotched with dark crimson; light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CRITERION, black top petals, with narrow fiery margin; under petals shaded rosy crimson; white edges and centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DANTE, under petals rose; medium maroon spot on upper petals; orange shaded to rose edge; clear white eye. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DARDAN, upper petals black maroon, bordered with rosy crimson; under petals light bright rose; large white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DAUNTLESS, upper petals spotted with maroon, shaded to an orange rose edge; under petals rose; light centre; a fine large flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DEVASTATION, a rich dark variety, of dwarf free habit; black top petals, with narrow scarlet margin; painted crimson lower petals. 5*s.*

DIPLOMATIST, upper petals dark maroon, lower petals rosy purple; clear white eye; good habit. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DOUGLAS, under petals deep rich crimson; upper petals painted dark glossy maroon; white centre; flower of fine shape and substance. 5*s.*

DUCHESS OF CAMBRIDGE, scarlet, medium black spot on top petals; a smooth flower of fine form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE, bright crimson scarlet; black blotch on upper petals; a free-flowering smooth bright variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ELFRIDA, *vide* page 21.

ELOQUENCE, lower petals pale rose, large dark blotch on upper petals, shaded with orange rose to the margin; a large bold flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

EMBLEM, bright rose, shaded with violet; upper petals blotched with dark crimson; light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EVELYN, lower petals pale rose, small black spot, clear white centre; a large, smooth, and finely formed flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

EXCHEQUER, maroon upper petals, surrounded with crimson, and margined with rose, under petals rose; white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

FIREBALL, scarlet; a fine flower with broad petals; very effective. 3*s.* 6*d.*

FORTITUDE, upper petals orange, with black spot and rose edge; under petals pink; clear white centre; a fine large flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GARNET, maroon upper petals, surrounded with crimson, and margined with violet rose; bright rose under petals; light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GEORGE FREDERICK, bright orange scarlet, very glossy. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GIANT, under petals rosy pink; maroon spot on upper petals, lilac edge, white centre; a large variety; very dwarf habit. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GIPSY, very dark upper petals; lower petals richly marked, narrow crimson margin; white eye; very attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GRACE, crimson, with dark maroon upper petals, and narrow crimson edge. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GRANTA, maroon upper petals surrounded with rosy-crimson, and edged with lavender; under petals light rosy crimson, white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HUMPHREY, upper potals dark maroon, bordered with rose; under petals bright rose, shaded with crimson, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ILLUMINATOR, bright vermilion scarlet of a most glowing shade; clear white centre; a rich and glossy looking flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

INSTANCE, *vide* page 21

INVINCIBLE, rich crimson; upper petals maroon; light centre; free and of dwarf habit. 5*s.*

ISABEL, *vide* page 21

NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS—continued.

ISIDORUS, rich crimson; the upper petals heavily blotched with dark maroon and edged with rose; light centre shaded with violet. 5*s.*

JOE, under petals rosy purple; upper petals dark maroon with narrow purple margin; white centre; dwarf and free. 5*s.*

LORA, upper petals maroon, margined with scarlet and edged with rose; under petals rosy pink, white eye. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LORD OF THE ISLES, crimson with maroon spot on the upper petals, rich crimson edge, white centre; a very fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MAGICIAN, upper petals dark maroon with crimson margin; under petals rosy crimson; white centre; a large flower; fine habit. 5*s.*

MAJESTIC, rosy crimson, with dark maroon spot on upper petals, and clear white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MARMION, upper petals dark maroon with crimson edge; crimson under petals; large white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

METEOR, a glowing bright scarlet flower, with maroon spot on upper petals; very fine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MOUNTAINEER, rich painted crimson, with fiery crimson edge and white centre; dark maroon top petals; an effective flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MURILLO, maroon upper petals, surrounded with crimson and margined with rose; under petals bright rose, pure white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NIMROD, bright scarlet; maroon spot on upper petals; white centre; a nice smooth flower; free habit. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PROTECTOR, under petals purple maroon, with maroon spot on upper petals, lilac margin; extra fine form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PURPLE GEM, lower petals deep purple; top petals black maroon, margin of purple, very glossy; novel and fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

QUEEN OF SCOTS, upper petals orange with rose edge; under petals rose; white centre. 5*s.*

RUSTIC, *vide* page 21.

ROVER, upper petals dark maroon, bordered with rose and edged with pale lavender; under petals very light rose, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

RUTULIA, upper petals crimson maroon, bordered with rosy crimson; under petals scarlet crimson; light centre, shaded violet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SAPPHO, a dwarf and most abundant bloomer, cherry rose suffused with purple, small maroon spot on upper petals, white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SCIPIO, upper petals dark maroon edged with light rose; under petals rose marbled with crimson; large white centre. 5*s.*

SENSATION, upper petals black with narrow crimson margin; under petals painted crimson; white centre; a rich dark flower of fine form and substance. 5*s.*

SPARTAN, upper petals rich crimson, with central blotch of intensely dark maroon, almost black; under petals of a beautiful rich violet rose colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SPLENDENT, upper petals maroon, surrounded with scarlet and edged with pink; under petals salmon rose, white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

THALIA, rosy-purple upper petals with maroon blotch; under petals light lavender-rose; white centre. 5*s.*

TOBY, rich dark maroon, medium dark spot on upper petals; a very fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TOPSY, a fine flower; the under petals purplish rose; the upper petals black, with narrow crimson margin; white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TRUMPETER, black top petals, with bright crimson margin; crimson under petals; white centre; very fine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VALIANT, crimson; upper petals blotched with black maroon, shaded with crimson and edged rose; a large flower of good shape. 5*s.*

VICTORY, a pleasing pink, small spot on top petals, white eye, shaded off to the edge with orange; large and fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VISCOUNT, lower petals mottled rose; upper petals maroon, white centre; a fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *general collection, at* 18*s.*, 24*s.* *and* 30*s. per dozen.*

NEW AND CHOICE FANCY PELARGONIUMS.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 22.

AGATHA, upper petals dark crimson maroon, edged white; under petals crimson, margined with white, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ALPICUS, upper petals rich crimson, blotched with violet and margined with white; under petals white blotched with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ANGELIC, upper petals crimson, edged with white; under petals bright rosy violet, edged with white, attractive white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ANIMATION, *vide* page 22.

ARIADNE, rich rosy crimson, edged with white; the under petals deep rose margined with white, white centre; a pretty flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ASSEMBLY, upper petals rich maroon, edged with white; under petals rosy purple, margined with white, large white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BELUS, upper petals deep rose, with light edge; under petals soft rose, edged with white; large attractive white centre. 5*s.*

NEW AND CHOICE FANCY PELARGONIUMS—continued.

BRIGHTNESS, deep rosy crimson, with clear white centre and edges. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CASSANDRA, deep rosy crimson, shaded with violet; the three lower petals edged with lilac; light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CASTALIA, upper petals bright rosy pink with light edge; under petals soft rose, light centre; a fine large flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CONCORD, *vide* page 22.

DOMINGO, upper petals rich deep rose, edged with white; under petals light rose margined with white; large white centre. 5*s.*

DUCHESS OF EDINBURGH, white, with carmine spot on each petal; very distinct and attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ELIGIBLE, rosy crimson, upper petals with light blotch, shaded with violet; under petals violet lake, clean white centre, the entire flower edged with white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ELLEN BECK, lilac carmine, with bright edges; dwarf habit, very free flowering. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ELSIE, upper petals dark crimson, margined with lavender; under petals violet crimson, edged with white; white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ERMAN, upper petals violet crimson, edged rose; under petals blush, shaded with light crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ETHEL, upper petals rich crimson, margined with white; the centre of the petals shaded with violet; under petals rosy crimson, margined with white, large white eye; very fine. 5*s.*

ETRURIA, upper petals soft rose, edged with white; under petals white, tinted with rose; a very clearly marked and pretty flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

FIGARO, *vide* page 22.

GENEVRA, upper petals rich rosy carmine, edged with white and shaded with violet towards their centre; under petals soft rose with white margin; large white centre. 5*s.*

GENUINE, rich deep rose, all the petals edged with lavender; light centre. 5*s.*

HENRY BAILEY, crimson, with white eye; very dwarf, and a most abundant bloomer; extremely useful and effective. 2*s.* 6*d.*

IANTHINA, upper petals rich deep crimson, with violet shade; under petals white, widely margined with bright rose; a beautiful flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

JEWEL, *vide* page 22.

JEWESS, upper petals rosy carmine, suffused with carmine, lilac edge; light mottled under petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LADY MAYORESS, rosy lilac, with white edges and large white eye; a fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MANFRED, *vide* page 22.

MRS. ALFRED WIGAN, pink, with clear white centre and edges. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. HART, rosy crimson purple, with narrow white margin on upper petals, shaded off with rosy purple to a large clear white eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NELLY FORDHAM, white with delicate lilac shade; free and distinct. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ONISCIA, upper petals rich rose; under petals light rose; white centre. 5*s.*

ORION, a beautiful flower; the upper petals bright rose, margined with white; under petals soft rose, edged with white; white centre. 5*s.*

PELIAS, upper petals very dark crimson maroon, edged with violet rose; under petals rich dark crimson, edged with rose; white centre. 5*s.*

PRINCESS TECK, white with carmine spots, a smooth flower and a profuse bloomer. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PYRENE, upper petals rose, with light edge; under petals pale rose, with light margin; large white centre. 5*s.*

RESTITUTION, rich dark maroon margined with violet, light centre, encircled with violet. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ROMANCE, *vide* page 22.

ROSINA, rosy lake upper petals, edged with white; under petals rose, blotched with lake; large white eye; a very pleasing flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ROSY MORN, cheerful rose with clear white throat and edges; a fine flower of excellent shape. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SCIPIO, upper petals rich crimson, with light edge; under petals rich rose, light centre. 5*s.*

SEMELE, upper petals very dark crimson, with purple shading; under petals rich deep crimson; all the petals edged with white; a fine large flower with white centre. 7*s.* 6*d.*

SONNET, upper petals dark maroon, surrounded with violet and edged with white; under petals light crimson margined with white, and white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

THERESA, upper petals dark crimson, shaded with violet and edged with white; under petals crimson, margined with white; large light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TIMON, dark crimson maroon, the under petals shaded with violet crimson; light centre; a very dark-coloured variety. 7*s.* 6*d.*

TRIBUNE, violet peach, pure white centre, and all the petals edged with white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TRITON, deep rich rosy crimson, the upper petals shaded with violet; large white centre; a fine flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

UMBRIA, upper petals rich rosy crimson, shaded with violet, light edge; light under petals, mottled rose; large white centre. 7*s.* 6*d.*

VERTAGUS, upper petals pale lavender rose, edged with white; under petals white spotted with pale rose. 5*s.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *general collection at* 18*s.*, 24*s.* *and* 30*s. per dozen.*

HYBRID PERPETUAL PELARGONIUMS.

This section is recommended for its perpetual free-blooming character and the glowing colours of the flowers.

DR. SCHOMBURGK, upper petals deep crimson blotched with crimson maroon; under petals crimson, shaded with rose; light centre, shaded with violet; very free and showy. 3*s.* 6*d.*

FREUND EBBE, bright carmine, with dark veins and spots; a very rich and attractive flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

HOFGÄRTNER HUBER, a fine round flower; the upper petals rosy purple, darkly spotted and veined; the under petals rosy carmine, with light veins. 2*s.* 6*d.*

HOFGÄRTNER KELLERMANN, the upper petals of a dark fiery carmine red colour, with dark spots and veins; under petals light carmine, lightly veined. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME GLEVITZKY, a very showy flower; the upper petals of a fine vermilion colour, veined and spotted with purple, under petals light vermilion. 2*s.* 6*d.*

OBERBÜRGERMEISTER HEIM, rich velvety crimson, very darkly spotted; a splendid flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PELARGONIUMS.

CAPE SPECIES, HYBRIDS AND VARIETIES.

ARIEL, rosy crimson, with maroon blotch and feathering, and pale centre. 1*s.* 6*d.*

BEAUTY, rosy pink, blotched with maroon; white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

COMPACTUM MULTIFLORUM, bright rose, blotched with dark crimson; very pretty and effective. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ECHINATUM, white, with slight crimson marking in the upper petals. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PIXIE, dark rose, with chocolate blotch, and pale centre. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SÆPEFLORENS, very free-blooming; flowers rosy pink. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SPOTTED GEM, deep rosy magenta, spotted with dark crimson. 1*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

For new varieties offered for the first time, vide page 22.

ALBERT GRÉVY, a well-formed flower, of a rich violet amaranth colour, the upper petals marked with bright orange scarlet. 5*s.*

ALEXIS, rose, shaded with bright salmon; a fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

AMANUS, deep rosy magenta, with pink markings in upper petals. 1*s.* 6*d.*

AMASIA, very bright scarlet, with conspicuous white eye. 1*s.* 6*d.*

AMAZONE, bright lilac mauve, sprinkled with carmine dots; large truss; dwarf and free flowering. 1*s.* 6*d.*

AMPHION, rich deep rose pink, with white marking in upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

AMULET, deep rosy magenta, shaded with scarlet in upper petals; fine truss. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ANDRÉ GILL, large trusses of clear rose flowers, turning to a grayish tint; a free blooming variety, of fine habit. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ARNOBIUS, a splendid variety, producing immense trusses of very rich bright dazzling scarlet flowers, with white eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ARRIAN, a magnificent flower, with thick shell-like petals of a deep rosy carmine colour, shaded with violet. 5*s.*

ASTREA, *vide* page 22.

ATROPUS, deep rich scarlet crimson; fine large truss. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BARINGO, a pretty clean flower; pure white, with bright rosy salmon centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BIANCA, *vide* page 22.

BRENNUS, rosy cerise, with violet pink blotch in the upper petals; fine large round flowers, produced in immense trusses. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CALLIOPE, *vide* page 22.

CAMERON, magenta purple, marked with vermilion in the upper petals; a most beautiful and distinct shade of colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CAPELLA, *vide* page 22.

CATRINA, pure white, with pink centre; large truss. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CLARICE, bright scarlet, with white eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CYPRIA, rosy cerise, shaded with magenta; fine truss. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CYTHERA, a fine flower, of a beautiful shade of pink peach colour, with light marking in the upper petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DECOY, salmon, flaked and striped with white; a very pretty flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

DEMADES, rich crimson scarlet, shaded with orange in upper petals. 1*s.* 6*d.*

DIAN, pure white; a very clean looking flower of good form. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—continued.

DR. JOHN DENNY, rich crimson violet; the base of the two upper petals marked with orange scarlet; a magnificent flower, of large size and good form. 1*s.* 6*d.*

DRUSUS, bright salmon pink, flaked and striped with white; very showy. 2*s.* 6*d.*

EGERIA, a very pretty variety, with rosy peach flowers, shaded with magenta. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ELFIN, bright pink; a splendid colour, the upper petals marked with white. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ELSIE, rich deep scarlet; a fine flower and a free bloomer. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ENNIUS, pure white, with bright salmon pink centre; a very attractive variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EUGENIE GODDARD, very dark carmine rose, with white centre; a fine variety, producing its flowers in large globular trusses. 1*s.* 6*d.*

EUREUS, *vide* page 22.

EUROPA, flowers of exquisite form; rich deep scarlet, shaded with crimson in the upper petals; white eye; very attractive. 1*s.* 6*d.*

EURYNOME, pure white, with bright salmon pink centre; an attractive flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FABIUS, rich deep scarlet, with white eye; a fine flower of a very intense shade of colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

FLAMMETTA, rich dark crimson; the upper petals shaded with scarlet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

GALENUS, a very large and fine flower; of an exceedingly rich and bright scarlet colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GAUNTLET, rich deep rose pink, with white marking in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GENEVRA, bright scarlet with white eye. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GLAUCUS, bright orange scarlet, with white eye; very attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

HECLA, soft purplish rose; the upper petals marked with white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

HIDALGO, fine large flowers, of an intensely rich and bright scarlet colour; of good form and substance. 2*s.* 6*d.*

IDRA, intensely bright deep crimson scarlet; very fine large trusses. 5*s.*

INDUS, very rich bright scarlet; a smooth well-formed flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

JUANITA, salmon pink, deeper towards the centre of the flower; white eye. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JUBILEE, fine large flowers of a soft rosy lake colour; distinct and pretty. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LA FRANCE, a splendid variety, producing immense trusses of very fine large flowers of a rich violet crimson colour, with bright red marking in the upper petals. 7*s.* 6*d.*

LARA, *vide* page 22.

LAVERNA, a very large fine flower, of a delicate soft satiny pink colour, with white marking in the two upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LELA, very clean pure white; medium sized flower, of good form. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MADGE, *vide* page 22.

MARCUS, a fine well-formed flower, of a bright scarlet colour, with white eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MARTIUS, a magnificent flower, of a most showy and attractive rich rosy cerise colour, with beautiful violet crimson shading. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MELAS, rich deep scarlet, with white eye; very fine. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MINDORA, blush white, with bright salmon ring around the centre of the flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

M. LEVYLIER, fine large round flowers, of a beautiful bright salmon colour, slightly marbled with white; large white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MORVEN, a very large and fine flower of a deep rich crimson scarlet colour. 5*s.*

MURILLO, a fine round well-formed flower, of a dark amaranth crimson colour, striped and flaked with nankeen; very distinct. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NUMITOR, a magnificent flower of a rich rosy magenta colour, shaded with violet, the upper petals tinted with scarlet. 2*s.* 6*d.*

OMEGA, *vide* page 22.

OSMAN PACHA, a very large flower of good form, flesh colour, veined and marbled with salmon; white centre. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PALLAS, enormous trusses of flowers of a rich and deep rosy pink colour, slightly marked with white in the upper petals. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PAMELA, orange salmon, a fine flower, very bright and distinct. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PAREPA, rich salmon, deeper towards the centre; a fine flower of excellent form. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PELAGIA, *vide* page 22.

PHORBAS, rich bright scarlet; flowers of good shape, produced in large trusses. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PORSENNA, a fine large flower, of a rich salmon pink colour, with white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PORTIA, salmon, with light margin; very large and stout flowers, of excellent form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

POTAMOS, light bright scarlet, the upper petals shaded with crimson. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PRIMA DONNA, a beautiful variety, producing fine flowers of the purest white. 10*s.* 6*d.*

PYRRHUS, a magnificent variety, producing flowers of a rich magenta crimson colour, the upper petals shaded with bright scarlet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PYTHAGORAS, a fine flower, of an intense shade of scarlet crimson, with white eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PYTHIAS, deep rich crimson, shaded with scarlet; a fine large flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

RISTORI, deep orange scarlet, with small white eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SALVATOR, a very fine variety, producing large flowers of an intensely bright scarlet colour, with attractive white eye. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SESTOS, very rich deep pink with light marking in the upper petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SILISTRIA, deep crimson scarlet; a very rich and showy colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—continued.

SOLON, a fine large showy flower of an extremely rich and bright crimson colour, the upper petals shaded with scarlet. 5*s.*

SYREN, *vide* page 22.

TALBOT, *vide* page 22.

TARIM, cerise scarlet with white eye; a very fine large flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TELLUS, an extremely fine flower, of a very rich and bright scarlet colour, with large and conspicuous white eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

THESEUS, splendid rich bright scarlet flowers, with thick shell-like petals, produced in fine large trusses. 2*s.* 6*d.*

THETIS, pure white, with a distinct rosy pink zone around the centre of the flower, which is also white. 1*s.* 6*d.*

THRASEA, this variety produces fine large flowers of a very rich and deep shade of brilliant scarlet, and the trusses immense. 5*s.*

TIGRANES, a fine large flower of a deep salmon pink colour, lighter towards the margin of the petals; immense trusses. 5*s.*

UKARA, this variety produces fine trusses of very pure clear white flowers, of good form and substance. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VELINDRA, magenta crimson, shaded with scarlet in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VIVACITY, *vide* page 22.

XANTHO, salmon pink, deeper towards the centre of the flower; white eye. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ZARA, white, with distinct and well marked ring of a beautiful salmon rose colour around the white centre; very pretty. 2*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B's *general collection, at* 9*s. and* 12*s. per dozen.*

NEW AND CHOICE NOSEGAY PELARGONIUMS.

This section is admirably adapted for bedding, as the flowers are borne in the greatest profusion, and in immense trusses, and hence produce great effect.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 23.

ADMIRANDA, one of the most remarkable and distinct varieties ever raised; the flowers are of a beautiful blush colour, the base of the petals being marked with bright salmon scarlet, thus giving the flower the appearance of having a ring of that colour with a light centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ALBANIA, a magnificent variety, producing immense trusses of rich rosy violet flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ALETHIA, cerise, shaded with salmon, and margined with vermilion; distinct and effective. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ALGERNON, rich carmine crimson, flowers large and fine; extremely effective. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ALPHEUS, bright dazzling crimson scarlet; a very fine variety. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ARAB, *vide* page 23.

ARPA, rich bright crimson, the upper petals shaded with scarlet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ARSENAL, rich magenta crimson, with scarlet shade in upper petals; fine large truss. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BLACK DIAMOND, an extremely attractive variety, producing immense trusses of very rich dark crimson flowers; a splendid colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CAMERINO, a magnificent variety, producing enormous trusses of rich rosy cerise flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CARLOS, cerise, shaded with scarlet; fine flowers borne in immense trusses. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CAROLINE, *vide* page 23.

CATULLUS, a fine large flower of a rich deep crimson scarlet colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CORIOLANUS, this variety produces immenses trusses of fine flowers of a rich clear bright scarlet colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FAME, *vide* page 23.

ITHACA, soft delicate violet rose, with white marking in upper petals; trusses immense; a very fine variety. 5*s.*

JUNO, a magnificent flower of a deep rose colour, shaded with violet lake, slight light marking in the upper petals; a very distinct variety; extra fine. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JUSSIEU, immense trusses of orange scarlet flowers, veined with purple in the centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LATINUS, fine large trusses of beautiful rosy peach-coloured flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LEGATEE, *vide* page 23.

LEONIDAS, soft rosy violet, with scarlet marking in the upper petals. 1*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE NOSEGAY PELARGONIUMS—continued.

LUBAR, bright magenta rose ; extremely showy and effective. 3*s.* 6*d.*
MAMERTES, very light pink with deep rich salmon centre ; a very beautiful flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*
MANRIQUE, deep rosy magenta, with light scarlet marking in the upper petals ; flowers produced in fine large trusses. 2*s.* 6*d.*
MARCEAU, large round trusses of flowers, of a purplish lake colour, tinted with violet. 2*s.* 6*d.*
MARGUERITE MOUGIN, large flower, of a very clear rose colour, the upper petals marked with white towards the centre ; dwarf habit. 1*s.* 6*d.*
MARTHESIA, very rich and bright deep pink, with white marking in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*
M. CALAME, a superb variety, producing immense trusses of rich vermilion flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.*
NEKROS, rosy peach, suffused with magenta ; a beautiful shade of colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*
NUMICIUS, rich deep crimson magenta ; fine large round truss. 1*s.* 6*d.*
OLIVAR, deep magenta, tinted with violet, a magnificent colour ; the edges of the petals are shaded with rich scarlet crimson ; flowers borne in enormous trusses. 1*s.* 6*d.*
OSSIAN, violet rose, edged with deep scarlet ; an effective flower of good size and shape. 1*s.* 6*d.*
PARMENIO, soft rosy violet, the upper petals shaded with crimson ; a very large and fine flower ; trusses immense. 2*s.* 6*d.*
PERCY, *vide* page 23.
PERSEUS, light cerise pink, beautifully shaded with salmon ; one of the largest flowers in the section ; of good form, with fine broad petals ; extremely distinct and attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*
PHASIS, rich purplish crimson, tinted with violet ; a charming colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*
ROSARIO, blush, shaded with pink towards the centre, which is pure white ; immense truss ; very fine flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*
SÉNATEUR BERNARD, a very beautiful variety, giving large round trusses of flowers of a rose madder colour, with lighter centre. 1*s.* 6*d.*
SIGNET, *vide* page 23.
SONORA, a beautiful variety, giving immense trusses of very large and fine flowers of a light rosy cerise colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*
SYLPHE, this variety produces large trusses of white flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*
TAPOS, a fine variety, producing large trusses of bright rosy cerise flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.*
THAPTO, large flowers of a rich deep magenta crimson colour, shaded with violet. 1*s.* 6*d.*
THESSA, a showy variety, producing immense trusses of cerise scarlet flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.*
THIAM, intensely bright vermilion scarlet ; extremely showy and effective. 1*s.* 6*d.*
TINTAMARRE, an excellent bedding variety, producing immense trusses of fine flowers of a cerise red colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*
TISON, very fine large flowers, of a magnificent rich shade of magenta crimson ; very showy. 2*s.* 6*d.*
URANIE, a fine flower, of a very deep rich magenta crimson colour, with violet shading ; the upper petals are tinted with scarlet ; immense truss. 1*s.* 6*d.*
ZELIA, a very fine large flower, of a soft magenta rose colour ; good truss. 1*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B's *general collection at* 9*s. and* 12*s. per dozen.*

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS.

ADINE, pale rosy pink, with light centre ; a pretty flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*
ANNICA, fine showy hybrid, producing large double flowers of a rosy cerise colour, with light marking in the upper petals. 7*s.* 6*d.*
AURELIA, rosy pink, feathered with crimson in the upper petals. 1*s.* 6*d.*
CALYPSO, pale pink, the upper petals feathered with rich crimson. 1*s.* 6*d.*
CHARM, a very fine large flower of a beautiful bright pink colour, with rich crimson marking in the upper petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*
DUNOIS, delicate blush ; the upper petals slightly feathered with dark crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*
EGERIA, deep violet rose ; the upper petals slightly marked with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*
FESTINA, lavender rose, the upper petals marked with bright crimson. 1*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS—continued.

FINETTE, blush white, the upper petals flushed with rose and feathered with dark crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*
GAZELLE, delicate blush with light rose tint, upper petals feathered with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*
GLOIRE D'ORLEANS, a fine large flower of a reddish crimson colour shaded with violet. 3*s.* 6*d.*
HERMINE, rosy lavender, with rich crimson feathering in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*
ISABEL, soft pink, with attractive crimson marking in the upper petals; a fine showy flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*
LUCINDA, blush pink, the upper petals feathered with crimson; large and fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*
MADAME CROUSSE, a fine large full flower of a delicate blush white colour, shaded with light rose; the upper petals feathered with reddish purple. 7*s.* 6*d.*
MDLLE. JEANNE WOUTERS, a large full flower of a bright rose colour; the upper petals prettily veined. 3*s.* 6*d.*
MARSHAL, rich rosy cerise; a most attractive hybrid variety, producing fine double flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*
MARTHA, blush, with crimson feathering in the upper petals; a very beautiful flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*
MINERVA, pinkish lavender, the upper petals feathered with crimson. 1*s.* 6*d.*
M. DUBUS, fine full flowers of a brilliant rosy carmine colour; very attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*
NEPHELE, deep rosy lilac with purplish feathering in the upper petals; a fine large flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*
OLYMPUS, rich mauve pink, with slight crimson marking in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*
ONDINE, soft rosy pink colour, the upper petals feathered with bright carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*
OPHIR, rich rosy pink colour, with light crimson marking in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*
PABLO, soft lavender blush, with slight crimson marking in the upper petals. 1*s.* 6*d.*
PLUTUS, this splendid variety produces fine large rosette-like flowers of a violet rose colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*
PORTENA, pinkish lavender, the upper petals feathered with crimson. 1*s.* 6*d.*
RENOWN, a magnificent hybrid, producing fine double flowers of a rich rosy carmine colour shaded with scarlet; exceedingly showy. 2*s.* 6*d.*
ROBERT FORTUNE, a fine full flower of a clear rich carmine red colour; very attractive. 5*s.*
ROSETTE, soft rose, shaded with mauve; a beautifully formed large rosette-like flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*
ROSINA, pale pink, with crimson marking in the upper petals; a very pretty variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*
SCEPTRE, soft pink, shaded with lavender, the upper petals blotched with violet crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*
SERAPH, light mauve pink, the upper petals beautifully barred and feathered with rich dark crimson; flowers very full and double. 2*s.* 6*d.*
SIDONIE, a free-blooming variety, producing fine full flowers of a deep mauve pink colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*
THALIA, pale rosy pink, the upper petals marked with crimson; a pretty and effective flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*
THISBE, rosy lilac, with crimson feathering in the upper petals; a pretty flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*
URANIE, soft rose, tinted with violet, the upper petals blotched with rich crimson; very fine. 1*s.* 6*d.*
VESTA, fine large double flowers of a very delicate blush pink colour, the upper petals rayed with purplish crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*
VIRGO, a beautiful flower, of a very pretty soft pink colour, the upper petals feathered with bright crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*
ZEPHYR, a beautiful variety, with large full flowers of a rich soft rose colour with mauve tint, the the upper petals striped with carmine. 1*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS.

"PELARGONIUM LATERIPES."

Ivy-leaved Pelargoniums, on account of their graceful drooping growth, are extremely useful for vases, and rustic or suspended baskets; the rich wax-like foliage alone is ornamental, but added to that, they have pretty flowers, and the different varieties present a contrast and charm obtained by few other plants.

BUTTERFLY, bright rose, striped with crimson in upper petals, and blotched with rosy violet. 1*s.* 6*d.*
CAMBODA, bright rose, with rich crimson marking in the upper petals; a very attractive variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*
CAPTIVE, rose, marked with pink in the upper petals, and feathered with carmine. 1*s.* 6*d.*
CASSIDY, rose pink, with white centre; blotched in the upper petals very conspicuously with purplish crimson; a most attractive flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS—continued.

CEDARO, deep rose, shaded with purple, upper petals feathered with crimson and white; a fine large flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CONSTANCE, mauve, striped with crimson in the upper petals; very distinct and pretty. 1*s.* 6*d.*

DUCHESSE, violet pink, feathered with bright red on the upper petals. 1*s.* 6*d.*

FASCINATION, blush white, the upper petals barred with maroon and feathered with crimson; a fine showy variety. 1*s.* 6*d.*

FLORINDA, an extremely pretty flower, of a very delicate pink colour, with white centre; the upper petals marked with purplish crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MARION, white, tinted with blush, the upper petals feathered with dark crimson. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MEDINA, bright rosy lavender, with white centre; the upper petals marked with violet rose; a very pleasing flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MINA, white; the under petals suffused with blush; the upper petals blotched with deep violet rose. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MORA, an attractive variety, producing large flowers of a soft pink colour, with crimson markings in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NAIAD, lavender pink, a very delicate shade of colour; the upper petals ornamented with crimson feathering; a showy and attractive variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PERA, delicate blush; the upper petals blotched and feathered with rich purplish crimson. 1*s.* 6*d.*

TEKAPO, blush pink, the upper petals feathered with violet crimson; a fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

For New varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 23.

ALBA PERFECTA, a free-flowering variety, producing enormous trusses of large and well-formed pure snowy white flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*

AMAZONE, a fine variety, giving large trusses of creamy white flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

AMI HOSTE, very large compact trusses of fine full flowers, of a dark purplish brown colour, shaded with rich red. 10*s.* 6*d.*

ANATOLE DE LA FORGE, very large trusses of fine full flowers, of the most beautiful brilliant carmine lake colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ARETUSA, a magnificent variety, producing very fine large well-expanded flowers, of a deep rich crimson scarlet colour; extremely attractive. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ARISTOPHANES, *vide* page 23.

BARILLET, fine large full flowers, of a rosy carmine colour, shaded with violet; upper petals marked with white; trusses enormous. 10*s.* 6*d.*

BARTHÉLEMY SAINT HILAIRE, a very pretty variety with large well-formed flowers of a beautiful clear salmon colour bordered with rose. 7*s.* 6*d.*

BOULE DE NEIGE, a beautiful variety, producing enormous trusses of full double flowers of a pure snowy whiteness; of dwarf habit, and very free blooming. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BOUSSINGAULT, huge trusses of very full flowers of a light reddish-orange colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

BRONGNIART, a finely-formed full flower, with central petals of a bright scarlet colour, and outer petals of a violet-carmine colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

BRONTES, a fine variety, producing large, full, well-formed flowers of a rich dark crimson-scarlet colour; very attractive. 5*s.*

CANDIDISSIMA PLENA, very large, full and finely-formed flowers of the most pure snowy whiteness, not becoming tinted with rose as the flowers get fully expanded. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CELLA, soft rosy-purple, upper petals shaded with scarlet; quite a novel and distinct flower. 5*s.*

CHARLES HOVEY, fine full flowers of a delicate blush colour, produced in immense trusses. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CHARLES VOGT, an attractive variety, producing immense trusses of rosy-violet flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CH. DARWIN, rich deep violet-crimson; the upper petals marked with red; fine large well-formed flowers produced in immense trusses; a magnificent variety. 7*s.* 6*d.*

COMTESSE H. DE CHOISEUL, a free-flowering and attractive variety of dwarf habit; the flowers are of beautiful orange-salmon colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CRATINUS, bright cerise-scarlet, a very fine flower; trusses immense. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CRÉMIEUX, orange-red; a very attractive variety, producing enormous trusses. 1*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—continued.

CYBELE, this variety produces immense trusses of fine large flowers of a bright salmon-rose colour, some of the petals flaked and blotched with blush-white; extremely distinct. 5*s.*

DENFERT-ROCHEREAU, this variety gives huge trusses of flowers of a maddor colour, bordered with salmon. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DR. PHINNEY, a splendid variety, producing fine trusses of very large flowers of an intense scarlet colour, shaded with very deep crimson. 5*s.*

ED. ABOUT, a fine variety, producing enormous trusses of flowers of a clear coppery-red colour, paler towards the edges. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ED. ANDRÉ, enormous trusses of fine full flowers of a dark violet-rose colour. 10*s.* 6*d.*

ELATHEUS, a very free-blooming variety, producing large full flowers of a bright crimson colour slightly shaded with purple. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EMILE DE GIRARDIN, a splendid variety, producing immense trusses of flowers of a beautiful rose colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ERNEST LAUTH, a splendid variety, giving huge trusses of rich violet-crimson flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.*

EURIPIDES, *vide* page 23.

F. P. RASPAIL, a beautiful flower of a rich bright crimson colour, trusses enormous; a very attractive variety. 1*s.* 6*d.*

GAMBETTA, immense trusses of very large flowers of a deep rosy-cerise colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

GÉNÉRAL DE GALLIFFET, bright orange-red shaded with rose; a very beautiful variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GÉNÉRAL FARRE, this variety produces huge trusses of large semi-double flowers of a reddish-orange colour, shaded with salmon-rose towards the edge of the petals. 7*s.* 6*d.*

GORDIUS, rich bright salmon pink, the colour becoming deeper towards the centre of the flower; very showy and effective. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HARMONIA, a fine variety, giving enormous globular trusses of very large full flowers of a light cerise colour, shaded with vermilion. 2*s.* 6*d.*

H. CANNELL, this variety produces immense trusses of fine double flowers of a rich violet amaranth colour, the upper petals marked with bright red; an extremely attractive flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HILDA, a dwarf-growing variety, producing close compact trusses of pure white flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HOMER, *vide* page 23.

JULES SIMON, a dwarf and very free-flowering variety, producing beautiful flowers of a clear rose colour; an excellent bedder. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LA LORRAINE, a fine variety, producing enormous trusses of large flowers of a chamois-salmon colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LA NEIGE, a variety with double white flowers and variegated foliage; the leaves have a dark green centre and a broad margin of silvery-white. 10*s.* 6*d.*

LA QUINTINIE, large semi-double flowers of a soft magenta colour, with slight violet tint. 7*s.* 6*d.*

LE CENTENAIRE, reddish-crimson shaded with violet; a fine large flower, very attractive. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LE NÔTRE, immense trusses of fine flowers of a dark violet colour, the upper petals shaded with red. 7*s.* 6*d.*

LITTRÉ, immense trusses of clear rosy-violet flowers, the upper petals marked with white. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LORD E. CECIL, a splendid variety, producing enormous trusses of large full well-formed flowers of a bright cerise scarlet colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

LYSIAS, *vide* page 23.

MADAME AMÉLIE BALTET, an excellent variety producing very full and well-formed flowers of pure snowy whiteness; the trusses are of immense size and borne well above the foliage. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME LA MARÉCHALE DE MACMAHON, a remarkably attractive and beautiful variety, producing enormous trusses of flowers of a clear fresh rose-mauve colour with white centre. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MARIE TALLANDIER, a variety of dwarf vigorous habit, with small neat foliage, and fine full pure white flowers. 10*s.* 6*d.*

MINISTRE CONSTANS, very large double flowers of a bright orange colour shaded with salmon. 7*s.* 6*d.*

M. BÜCHLER, a distinct and attractive variety producing very fine flowers of a rich dark purplish crimson colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

M. DALLIÈRE, rich deep vermilion red; fine large flowers produced in strong trusses. 1*s.* 6*d.*

M. LAVIGNE, a fine flower of a rich and brilliant scarlet colour; very effective. 1*s.* 6*d.*

M. MACHET, fine large trusses of reddish-orange flowers, the lower petals of which are marked with salmon rose; very distinct. 2*s.* 6*d.*

M. MALLER, a magnificent variety freely producing very large flowers of a dazzling scarlet colour; extremely showy and attractive. 1*s.* 6*d.*

M. PASTEUR, large globular trusses of rich red flowers shaded with orange; very showy. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—continued.

M. PLAISANCON, immense trusses of dark crimson-purple flowers ; a splendid variety. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. E. G. HILL, pale blush, shaded with delicate lavender ; the flowers are very large and double and the trusses are of immense size. 5*s.*

NAMUR, a large flower of a bright orange-scarlet colour, tinted with lilac in the centre ; extremely attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NYMPHE, white, slightly tinted with rose ; very fine large full flowers produced in immense globular trusses. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ODYSSEUS, *vide* page 23.

PAUL BERT, a dwarf growing variety, giving huge trusses of large rosy violet flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PETER HENDERSON, a showy variety, with finely formed double flowers of a bright orange-scarlet colour, the base of the petals white ; of good habit and free-blooming. 5*s.*

PICCO, light pink ; a fine large showy semi-double flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PRESIDENT LÉON SIMON, a vigorous growing variety, producing huge trusses of very large and full flowers, of a clear deep red colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCESSE DE LÉON, a large and fine flower of a very deep crimson colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

REMARKABLE, rich deep violet crimson flowers of very fine shape, and produced in immense trusses ; extremely free-blooming. 5*s.*

REPRÉSENTANT BAUDIN, immense trusses of fine double flowers of a deep rich purple colour, shaded with scarlet in the centre. 7*s.* 6*d.*

RICHARD BRETT, this variety gives immense trusses of fine full flowers of a very bright orange colour ; extremely attractive. 5*s.*

ROBERT GEORGE, deep crimson scarlet ; flowers of great size and freely produced ; a remarkably showy variety. 5*s.*

SMUGGLER, rich carmine-scarlet ; a very fine large flower with broad petals ; large truss. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SOPHOCLES, *vide* page 23.

STENYO, a remarkably attractive variety, producing huge trusses of fine large flowers of a soft rosy carmine colour. 5*s.*

STUDENT, rich rosy-scarlet, shaded with magenta ; a fine, large and full flower ; extremely showy and effective. 2*s.* 6*d.*

THE BLONDE, salmon shaded with orange, base of petals white, with a distinct margin of white around each ; fine large flowers and immense truss. 5*s.*

TOSILOS, a splendid variety, with large trusses of fine full flowers of a rich magenta-crimson colour, shaded with scarlet ; habit dwarf and compact ; very fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TRITON, soft rosy pink, lighter in the centre of the flower ; trusses large and fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TYNDARUS, very fine, large and full flowers of an exceedingly rich shade of magenta-crimson colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VATINIUS, deep rich crimson, shaded with magenta, a most beautiful and attractive colour, flowers large and full. 1*s.* 6*d.*

VICTOR HUGO, a fine variety producing enormous trusses of double flowers of an orange-red colour, veined and marbled with rose. 1*s.* 6*d.*

VILLE DE NANCY, dwarf and floriferous ; large trusses of fine flowers of a soft rose colour ; a beautiful variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

XENOPHON, a splendid variety, producing huge trusses of very large and well-formed flowers of a rich deep magenta-crimson colour, shaded with violet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *general collection at* 9*s.*, 12*s. and* 18*s. per dozen.*

PELARGONIUMS WITH VARIEGATED FOLIAGE.

GOLDEN TRICOLOR VARIETIES.

Good selections of handsome kinds can be made be made by Mr. W. B. *at* 18*s and* 30*s. per dozen.*

SILVER TRICOLOR AND SILVER-EDGED VARIETIES.

Good selections of handsome kinds can be made by Mr. W. B. *at* 18*s. and* 30*s. per dozen.*

BRONZE AND GOLD VARIETIES.

Good selections of handsome kinds can be made by Mr. W. B. *at* 18*s. and* 30*s. per dozen.*

TREE FERNS.

Of these majestic plants the stock is very large. They have stems varying in height from one foot to ten feet, and having been imported from Australia and New Zealand, they are such as will succeed well in any ordinary greenhouse. Their fine graceful habit and singularly distinct appearance render them peculiarly adapted for the decoration of conservatories. They range in price according to sorts, sizes, and strength of the specimens. It may, however, be as well to remark that they are not merely newly imported trunks, but well established plants with fine heads, many of them having been grown in this country several years.

Prices on application, or an inspection invited.

No.	Name.	Height of Stem.	Height of Head.
1	Dicksonia antarctica	2 ft. 1 in.	1 ft. 10 in.
2	,, ,,	2 ft. 2 in.	2 ft.
3	,, ,,	5 ft.	4 ft.
4	,, ,,	5 ft.	3 ft. 3 in.
5	,, ,,	4 ft.	2 ft. 3 in.
6	,, ,,	5 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.
7	,, ,,	5 ft.	2 ft.
8	,, ,,	3 ft. 7 in.	2 ft. 10 in.
9	,, ,,	5 ft.	2 ft.
10	,, ,,	3 ft. 3 in.	4 ft.
11	,, ,,	4 ft. 6 in.	4 ft. 6 in.
12	,, ,,	5 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.
13	,, ,,	3 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
14	,, ,,	4 ft. 3 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
15	,, ,,	7 ft. 4 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
16	,, ,,	8 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
17	,, ,,	4 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 10 in.
18	,, ,,	4 ft. 8 in.	1 ft. 10 in.
19	,, ,,	2 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 3 in.
20	,, ,,	4 ft. 3 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
21	,, ,,	2 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
22	,, ,,	5 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
23	,, ,,	7 ft. 2 in.	3 ft. 3 in.
24	,, ,,	5 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.
25	,, ,,	5 ft. 3 in.	3 ft.
26	,, ,,	2 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 3 in.
27	,, ,,	7 ft.	5 ft.
28	,, ,,	5 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.
29	,, ,,	3 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.
30	,, ,,	3 ft.	2 ft. 9 in.
31	,, ,,	7 ft. 2 in.	3 ft.
32	,, ,,	7 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 8 in.
33	,, ,,	3 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
34	,, ,,	2 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
35	,, ,,	2 ft. 2 in.	1 ft. 6 in.
36	,, ,,	4 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.
37	,, ,,	4 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.
38	,, ,,	3 ft. 3 in.	2 ft.

CYATHEA SMITHII. CYATHEA DEALBATA.

DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA.

TREE FERNS—continued.

No.	Name.	Height of Stem.	Height of Head.
39	Dicksonia antarctica	4 ft. 9 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
40	,, ,,	6 ft. 9 in.	4 ft.
41	,, ,,	4 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
42	,, ,,	7 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
43	,, ,,	11 ft. 7 in.	3 ft.
44	,, ,,	9 ft. 9 in.	3 ft.
45	,, ,,	4 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 10 in.
46	,, ,,	7 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.
47	,, ,,	6 ft. 8 in.	3 ft.
48	,, ,,	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
49	,, ,,	4 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
50	,, ,,	6 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
51	,, ,,	5 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
52	,, ,,	5 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 3 in.
53	,, ,,	6 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.
54	,, ,,	2 ft. 9 in.	3 ft.
55	,, ,,	6 ft.	3 ft. 3 in.
56	,, ,,	4 ft. 5 in.	3 ft.
57	,, ,,	7 ft. 6 in.	4 ft. 6 in.
58	,, ,,	5 ft. 3 in.	3 ft. 8 in.
59	,, ,,	4 ft. 3 in.	3 ft.
60	,, ,,	9 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
61	,, ,,	6 ft. 7 in.	3 ft. 2 in.
62	,, ,,	7 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
63	,, ,,	6 ft. 9 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
64	,, ,,	4 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
65	,, ,,	7 ft. 5 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
66	,, ,,	7 ft. 3 in.	4 ft. 6 in.
67	,, ,,	6 ft. 7 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
68	,, ,,	5 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
69	,, ,,	6 ft. 10 in.	3 ft.
70	Dicksonia squarrosa	4 ft. 1 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
71	Alsophila Leichardtiana	7 ft. 8 in.	1 ft. 10 in.
72	Cyathea dealbata	3 ft. 11 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
73	,, ,,	5 ft. 4 in.	1 ft. 6 in.
74	,, ,,	4 ft. 8 in.	2 ft.
75	,, ,,	3 ft. 2 in.	2 ft.
76	,, ,,	4 ft. 10 in.	2 ft.
77	,, ,,	9 ft.	2 ft.
78	,, ,,	1 ft. 7 in.	1 ft. 8 in.
79	,, ,,	5 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
80	,, ,,	4 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 10 in.
81	,, ,,	2 ft.	2 ft.
82	,, ,,	3 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 10 in.

TREE FERNS—continued.

No.	Name.	Height of Stem.	Height of Head.
83	Cyathea dealbata	2 ft. 1 in.	1 ft. 10 in.
84	,, ,,	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
85	,, ,,	3 ft. 7 in.	1 ft. 10 in.
86	,, ,,	4 ft. 3 in.	3 ft. 4 in.
87	,, ,,	7 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
88	,, ,,	3 ft. 3 in.	2 ft.
89	,, ,,	4 ft. 10 in.	1 ft. 8 in.
90	,, ,,	2 ft. 11 in.	1 ft. 6 in.
91	,, ,,	2 ft. 2 in.	2 ft.
92	,, ,,	2 ft.	1 ft. 6 in.
93	,, ,,	2 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
94	,, ,,	3 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.
95	,, ,,	2 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
96	,, ,,	2 ft.	1 ft. 8 in.
97	,, ,,	5 ft. 7 in.	1 ft. 8 in.
98	,, ,,	2 ft. 1 in.	1 ft. 9 in.
99	,, ,,	2 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
100	Cyathea dealbata foliosa	4 ft.	2 ft. 8 in.
101	Cyathea Burkei	7 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 10 in.
102	,, ,,	7 ft. 7 in.	2 ft. 3 in.
103	,, ,,	4 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 8 in.
104	,, ,,	3 ft.	1 ft.
105	,, ,,	4 ft.	1 ft. 6 in.
106	,, ,,	2 ft. 5 in.	1 ft. 6 in.
107	,, ,,	3 ft.	1 ft. 6 in.
108	Cyathea Dregei	2 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
109	,, ,,	7 ft. 5 in.	3 ft.
110	,, ,,	5 ft. 7 in.	3 ft. 3 in.
111	,, ,,	3 ft. 2 in.	2 ft.
112	,, ,,	5 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
113	,, ,,	5 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 10 in.
114	,, ,,	4 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
115	Cyathea Smithii	3 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 10 in.
116	,, ,,	3 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
117	,, ,,	4 ft.	1 ft. 10 in.
118	,, ,,	2 ft. 10 in.	1 ft. 6 in.
119	,, ,,	3 ft. 2 in.	1 ft. 10 in.
120	,, ,,	7 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
121	,, ,,	5 ft. 10 in.	2 ft.
122	,, ,,	1 ft. 10 in.	1 ft. 10 in.
123	,, ,,	4 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
124	,, ,,	2 ft.	1 ft.
125	,, ,,	3 ft. 9 in.	1 ft. 6 in.
126	,, ,,	5 ft.	2 ft.
127	,, ,,	3 ft. 4 in.	1 ft. 10 in.
128	Cyathea medullaris	7 ft. 2 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
129	,, ,,	7 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.

CHOICE STOVE FERNS.

Mr. WILLAM BULL'S general collection of these elegant decorative plants is of considerable extent, and comprises kinds that are moderate in price, as well as many that are extremely rare and unique.

Selections for the Stove can be supplied at 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

ADIANTUM AMABILE, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— ANEITENSE, *vide* page 15.
ADIANTUM BAUSEI, 15*s.*
—— CARDIOCHLÆNA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

ADIANTUM BELLUM.

A remarkable neat and pretty dwarf Maiden-hair Fern, recently introduced from Bermuda. It forms dense green tufts ; the fronds are erect, ovato-lanceolate in outline, very slender, and divided in a bipinnate manner ; the pinnæ are short and the pinnules small, wedge-shaped, varying considerably in their individual form, except that the terminal ones are constantly wedge-shaped and somewhat larger. Its tufted habit and lively light green fronds recommend it to the attention of Fern growers and the cultivators of decorative plants. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ADIANTUM CILIATUM.

A very fine Maiden-hair, somewhat resembling *A. caudatum*, but its fronds are double the size of those of that variety, with the pinnæ boldly cut or fringed, and the colour is also brighter. It is of elegant growth, and well suited for hanging baskets or other decorative purposes. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ADIANTUM CAUDATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CURVATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CONCINNUM, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— LATUM, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— FARLEYENSE, 2*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— ALCICORNE, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— GHIESBREGHTII (SCUTUM), 3*s.* 6*d.*
ADIANTUM LUNULATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MACROPHYLLUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— PENTADACTYLON, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— PERUVIANUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— RUBELLUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SANCTÆ CATHERINÆ, 3*s.* 6*d.*

ADIANTUM TETRAPHYLLUM GRACILE.

A handsome stove Fern, sent by one of my collectors from the United States of Colombia. It is of moderate stature, and remarkable for the beautiful reddish tint assumed by its fronds when first developed, and continuing until they are fairly expanded. The fronds are bipinnate, on slender black stipes, arching over elegantly at the top, and dividing into from four to six linear pinnæ. The red colour of the young fronds adds very much to the ornamental aspect of the plant, which is moreover of an elegant mode of growth. For illustration, *vide* page 137. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ADIANTUM TINCTUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— TRAPEZIFORME, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ANEMIDICTYON PHYLLITIDIS, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

ANEMIDICTYON PHYLLITIDIS TESSELLATA.

A pleasing variety of the stove flowering Fern, *Anemidictyon Phyllitidis*, remarkable for its reticulated variegation. It has dimorphous fronds, which are ternately branched, the two lateral branches erect, contracted and fertile, and the terminal branch leafy, spreading and sterile. The venation of this Fern is reticulated in elongated meshes pointing towards the apex, and the course of the veins is indicated by a line of dark green, while the areolæ is of a paler green ; and sometimes there is a band of pale bright green along the centre of the pinnæ. Introduced from Brazil. 5*s.*

ANTIGRAMMA BRASILIENSIS, *vide* page 15.
ASPLENIUM BELANGERI, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— CICUTARIUM, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— FERNANDEZIANUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— HETEROCHROUM, 5*s.*
—— HOOKERIANUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— PROLONGATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— SHEPHERDII, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— VIVIPARUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
BLECHNUM BRASILIENSE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— INTERMEDIUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— POLYPODIOIDES, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CYATHEA (CIBOTIUM) PRINCEPS, 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— PUBESCENS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
DAVALLIA FIJIENSIS, *vide* page 17.
—— MOOREANA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— HEMIPTERA, 5*s.*
—— PARVULA, 5*s.*
—— PENTAPHYLLA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— POLYANTHA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— TENUIFOLIA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— (HUMATA) TYERMANNI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DIPLAZIUM ARNOTTII, 7*s.* 6*d.*

ADIANTUM TETRAPHYLLUM GRACILE. For description and price, *vide* page 136

ELAPHOGLOSSUM HERMINIERI.

This handsome acrostichoid Fern was introduced from Central America by Dr. Seemann, who compares its long, drooping, shining fronds to clusters of silvery eels, whence he proposes for it the popular name of Eel Fern. The sterile fronds are sessile, sword-shaped, tapering gradually to each end, very thick in texture, with a glossy surface of an iridescent glaucous green colour. The fertile fronds are much shorter, three to four inches long, and oblong in outline. 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

GONIOPHLEBIUM GLAUCOPHYLLUM.

A very distinct and interesting stove Fern, well suited for basket culture. It has widely creeping rhizomes, which are clothed with scales on the younger portions, and from which spring the simple coriaceous oblong-lanceolate fronds, which are of a deep glaucous green colour on the upper surface, silvery beneath, and rather conspicuously veined. An illustration of this plant was given in the *Gardeners' Chronicle* for July 4th, 1874. 5*s.*

GLEICHENIAS, *vide* page 141.
GONIOPHLEBIUM SUBAURICULATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
GYMNOGRAMMA CALOMELANOS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
GYMNOGRAMMA CHRYSOPHYLLA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— DECOMPOSITA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— LAUCHEANA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— GIGANTEA, 5*s.*

GYMNOGRAMMA MERTENSII DOBROYDENSIS.

A pretty form of Gold Fern, with the shortish triangular fronds, and irregular-shaped pinnules of *G. Mertensii*, densely clothed with golden powder beneath, and partially so on the upper surface of the younger fronds. 5*s.*

GYMNOGRAMMA PERUVIANA ARGYROPHYLLA.

Beautifully silvered above and below the fronds, and of neat and compact habit. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GYMNOGRAMMA WETENHALLIANA.

An exceedingly handsome species, richly powdered with sulphur, and having the ends of the fronds finely tasselled. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

GYMNOTHECA RADDIANA.

A noble Brazilian stove Fern of the Marattiaceous order, and one of the plants included in *Marattia cicutæfolia* by some authors. It has a large purplish-brown root-stock, formed by the imbricating stipuliform bases of the stout fleshy stipites, and produces ample bipinnate bright glossy green fronds, the pinnæ of which are lanceolate, and the pinnules linear with the posterior base cordate, the anterior base truncate, and the apex acuminate, while the margin is distinctly serrated with sharp even teeth. This plant can be recommended as being of noble and ornamental character. 2 and 3 guineas.

HYMENODIUM CRINITUM, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
LASTREA QUINQUANGULARE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
LOMARIA GIBBA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
LYGODIUM SCANDENS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MICROLEPIA HIRTA CRISTATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
NEPHROLEPIS DUFFII, *vide* page 139.

NEPHRODIUM TRUNCATUM.

An elegant free-growing subarborescent stove Fern introduced from the Sandwich Islands. It is well figured by Gaudichaud in his account of the plants of Freycinet's Voyage, and is quite distinct from the *N. truncatum (abruptum)* of gardens. It has a short erect caudex, with smooth green stipites. The fronds are large, lanceolate-ovate in outline, palish green in colour, of a firm membranaceous texture, and are chiefly remarkable in the pinnato-pinnatifid series for their elegantly wavy surface. 7*s.* 6*d.*

NEPHROLEPIS ENSIFOLIA.

A pretty Fern for suspended baskets. 5*s.*

NEPHROLEPIS PECTINATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PHLEBODIUM GLAUCUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
PLATYCERIUM GRANDE, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
—— STEMMARIA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

PLEOCNEMIA LEUZEANA.

This remarkably handsome stove Fern is of arborescent habit. The fronds are as broad as long, triangular, and tripinnate in the basal pinnæ. The pinnules appear deflexed from being set on below the surface of the rachides, which thus appear raised and produce a kind of ridge and furrow appearance. The ordinary pinnules are cut into ovate or oblong-toothed lobes, the sinuses being reflexed, which gives a crisped appearance to the surface. The specimens now offered were imported from the Philippine Islands, but it is found also in India, China, the Moluccas, and in some of the Pacific Islands. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

POLYSTICHUM VIVIPARUM, *vide* page 140.
PTERIS, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

SADLERIA CYATHEOIDES.

A very handsome Tree Fern of moderate stature, introduced from the Sandwich Islands. The fronds are bold and of coriaceous texture, the pinnæ cut down to the rachis into numerous linear pinnules. The sori form a continuous line on each side of the mid-rib, in the way of *Blechnum*, to which genus it is closely related, differing technically in the fact of the veins forming a series of costal arches. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Dundee in 1876. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

NEPHROLEPIS DUFFII.

NEPHROLEPIS DUFFII.

A very distinct and remarkable Fern, introduced from Duke of York Island. It is of a close tufted habit of growth, throwing out long thread-like stolones on which young plants are developed, and producing numerous fronds of a very peculiar character and exceedingly ornamental. The fronds, which have a charmingly drooping habit, are pinnate, with small rounded or flabellate pinnæ, which have the peculiarity of growing two together from the same point, and are crenate at the edges. 3*s*. 6*d*.

POLYSTICHUM VIVIPARUM.

POLYSTICHUM VIVIPARUM.

An evergreen West Indian Fern, with an erect dark-scaled caudex, from which the glossy green fronds arch out on all sides, forming a handsome specimen. The species is remarkable for its habit of producing buds at the tip of the fronds, from which young plants arise. The fronds are a foot and a half or more in length, with numerous pinnæ. It is a pretty and desirable introduction. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Botanic Society. *7s. 6d.*

CHOICE GREENHOUSE FERNS.

Selections of good kinds can be supplied from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

ADIANTUM CAPILLUS-VENERIS MAGNIFICUM.

The fronds of this really useful and attractive Fern are much larger than those of *A. Capillus-Veneris*, being from twelve to fifteen inches long by four inches broad, and curving over the sides of the pot. The pinnæ are of a beautiful soft green, and are almost as large as those of *A. farleyense*, and, like that variety, they gracefully overlap each other with finely incised and fringed edges. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ADIANTUM CAPILLUS-VENERIS PACOTTI, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— CUNEATUM, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s* 6*d.*
—— —— DISSECTUM, 10*s.* 6*d.*
ADIANTUM DECORUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— FORMOSUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— GRACILLIMUM, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ADIANTUM MUNDULUM.

A charmingly pretty and compact-growing variety ; its fronds are tripinnate, with numerous small crowded pinnules, which are narrowly cuneate, the larger of them three-lobed. This distinct and elegant plant was raised in France, and is quite a little gem among Adiantums. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 5*s.*

ALSOPHILA AUSTRALIS, 2*s.* 6*d.* & 3*s.* 6*d.*
CIBOTIUM REGALE, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

CYATHEA DEALBATA.

The Silver Fern of New Zealand, 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.* For large plants, *vide* pages 133 to 135.

CYATHEA DREGEI.

A very fine South African greenhouse Fern, with bipinnate fronds of stoutish texture, and having the pinnules lanceolate, with oblong-ovate falcate segments, bluntish at the point, and the sori in the lower half immersed in rufous wool. 10*s.* 6*d.* For large plants, *vide* page 135.

CYATHEA BURKEI, *vide* page 135.
—— MEDULLARIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.* *Vide* also page 135.
—— SMITHII, *vide* page 135.
CYRTOMIUM FALCATUM, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— FORTUNEI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DAVALLIAS, of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA, 2*s.* 6*d.* & 3*s.* 6*d.* For large plants, *vide* pages 132 to 134.
—— (BALANTIUM) CULCITA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SQUARROSA, *vide* page 134.

DOODIA ASPERA MULTIFIDA.

A handsome crested Fern, of neat dwarf evergreen habit, with prettily arched fronds, rendered drooping by the dense tassel at their apex ; the young fronds are prettily tinted with pink. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Preston in 1878. 7*s.* 6*d.*

GLEICHENIA DICARPA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— DICHOTOMA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— FLABELLATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— MENDELII, 1 guinea.
—— RUPESTRIS GLAUCESCENS, 1 guinea
GLEICHENIA MICROPHYLLA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— SEMI-VESTITA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
HYMENOPHYLLUM DEMISSUM, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
LITOBROCHIA VESPERTILIONIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*

LASTREA ARISTATA VARIEGATA.

One of the most charming of greenhouse variegated Ferns. It has the same kind of firm leathery fronds as the type, and like it is of a rich dark full green colour, which sets off to much advantage the distinct variegation consisting of a well-defined band of pale yellowish green running down the centre of the pinnæ and including the midrib or rachis. This will no doubt prove to be one of the most valuable of recent introductions. It was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Preston, in 1878. For illustration, *vide* page 142. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

LOMARIA CILIATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
LOMARIA CYCADÆFOLIA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

LASTREA ARISTATA VARIEGATA. For description and price, *vide* page 141.

LOMARIA DALGAIRNSIÆ.

A very fine Fern of arborescent habit, possibly a form of *L. Boryana* (*magellanica*) and having something the aspect of that arborescent variety of this species which bears the name of *L. zamioides*. It has a blackish trunk, shaggy at the apex; subcoriaceous fronds and lanceolate acute pinnæ, dark green on the upper surface and paler beneath. It has been introduced from South Africa, and is a free-growing vigorous plant in a greenhouse temperature, and therefore a valuable acquisition. In the absence of fertile fronds, its glabrous surface and confluent upper pinnæ point to the plant published by Dr. Pappe under the name here adopted. 1½ and 2 guineas; a few very handsome plants at 3 guineas each.

LOMARIA DISCOLOR BIPINNATIFIDA.

This beautiful Fern is certainly one of the most handsome of the Lomarias yet introduced. It is of symmetrical habit, its broad sterile fronds rise evenly from the crown, spread outwards in all directions, and arch in an exceedingly graceful manner. Their pinnæ are closely set, so that the parts overlap each other, and are divided to the mid-rib, the segments being very much toothed and somewhat crisped, which gives the fronds an elegantly fringed appearance. This was one of the twelve new plants with which Mr. W. Bull gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Dundee in September, 1876. The specimens offered have been imported from Victoria, and are of various sizes. Prices on application.

LOMARIA GIBBA, *vide* page 138. | LOMARIA ZAMIÆFOLIA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

MICROLEPIA ANTHRISCIFOLIA.

An elegant South African Fern of remarkably free growth, the creeping rhizomes throwing off an abundance of quadripinnate fronds, which resemble those of *Cheilanthes elegans* in their numerous and finely cut divisions, while their more ample size, velvety texture, and soft green colour, give a delightful effect to the whole plant. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEPHRODIUM MOLLE CRISTATUM, 5*s.* | NEPHRODIUM MOLLE RAMOSUM, 5*s.*

OSMUNDA PALUSTRIS.

A handsome evergreen warm greenhouse Fern, very closely resembling our native Royal Fern in its general style of growth, but differing in the fronds being persistent through the winter, which adds very much to its desirable qualities. The fronds are bipinnate, with the leaflets oblong and obtuse, the stipes and raches tinted of a reddish brown colour. It is a native of Brazil. 3*s.* 6*d.*

POLYPODIUM TRICHODES (LASTREA TENERICAULIS), 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
PTERIS ARGYREA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
PTERIS CRETICA ALBO-LINEATA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— SERRULATA CRISTATA, 2*s.* 6*d.*

PTERIS SERRULATA CRISTATA VARIEGATA.

A pretty Fern, which probably owes its origin to an accidental cross between *P. serrulata cristata* and *P. cretica albo-lineata*. The sterile fronds are pinnate, with the lower pinnæ forked; they are sharply toothed at the edge, sometimes tasselled at the tips, and marked with a white band down the mid-rib; the fertile fronds are similar in division but taller and narrower, with a gracefully drooping character, and multifidly tasselled at the apices of the pinnæ. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PTERIS SERRULATA FIMBRIATA, 5*s.* | PTERIS TREMULA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) HYMENOPHYLLOIDES.

This pretty New Zealand Filmy Fern, commonly called *Todea pellucida*, can be supplied in nice plants at 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) SUPERBA.

Any attempt at description must fall far short of conveying an adequate notion of the exquisite beauty of this lovely Fern, which is unquestionably one of the most handsome yet known. It should be seen to be justly appreciated.

The fronds, which are fifteen to eighteen inches in length, are of a bright green, of transparent texture and of a lanceolate outline, spreading, beautifully arching and feathered down to the very base; the pinnæ are crowded and cut into narrow segments, which, instead of lying flat, as in *Todea hymenophylloides*, are turned upwards, giving the frond a frilled surface, and producing an effect distinct from that of any Fern in cultivation.

This is probably the most beautiful of all the dwarf-growing New Zealand Ferns. Fine strong established plants, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.*, 1 and 1½ guinea. For illustration, *vide* page 144.

CHOICE GREENHOUSE FERNS—continued.

TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) SUPERBA. For description and price, *vide* page 143.

TRICHOMANES RADICANS.

(THE KILLARNEY OR IRISH BRISTLE FERN).

This is a British species, but it must, as far as culture is concerned, be included among the greenhouse kinds, as it is almost impossible to succeed with it if treated as an ordinary hardy Fern. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

NEW HARDY FERN.

ATHYRIUM FILIX-FŒMINA APICALE.

A dwarf crested form of considerable beauty, well deserving a place in collections of hardy Ferns. It grows about six inches in height, and has the fronds very much divided, the apices of the several divisions ending in a tasselled or cristate head of curled segments. It is one of the smaller and more elegant varieties of this very polymorphous Fern. 5*s.*

CHOICE HARDY FERNS.

Selections of good kinds can be supplied at 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

SELAGINELLAS (LYCOPODIUMS).

G, greenhouse ; *H*, hardy ; *S*, stove.

	s.	d.
S AFRICANA (Vogelii)	2	6
S APUS (APODA)	1	6
S ATROVIRIDIS	2	6
S BROWNII	2	6
S CAULESCENS GRACILIS, *vide* page 145.		
S CONFERTA	2	6
S CONVOLUTA (paradox)	2	6
S CUSPIDATA (circinalis)	2	6
S DELICATISSIMA (microphylla)	2	6
S ERYTHROPUS (umbrosa)	2	6
S FILICINA (dichrous)	2	6
S GALEOTTII (Schottii)	2	6
S INÆQUALIFOLIA	1*s.* 6*d.* & 2	6
H JAPONICA	3	6
G KRAUSSIANA (denticulata)	1	6
G —— AUREA, *vide* page 145.		
G —— VARIEGATA	2	6
S LÆVIGATA (cæsia arborea)	3	6
S LEPIDOPHYLLA	3*s.* 6*d.* & 5	0
S LOBBII	2	6
S LYALLII	3	6
S MARTENSII	1	6
S —— ALBO-VARIEGATA	2	6
S PERELEGANS (bellula), *vide* page 145.		
S POULTERI	2	6
S RUBRICAULIS	2	6

SELAGINELLAS (LYCOPODIUMS)– continued.

	s.	d.		s.	d.
S SERPENS (mutabilis and variabilis)	1	6	*S* UNCINATA (cæsia)	1	6
S SETOSA	3	6	*S* WALLICHII	3	6
S TRIANGULARIS	2	6	*G* WILDENOVII (pubescens) . .	2	6

Selections of good kinds can be supplied at 18s. per dozen.

SELAGINELLA CAULESCENS GRACILIS.

A remarkably neat and pretty Indian Club-moss. It has creeping rhizomes from which the erect arching stems spring up; these are distantly branched, the branches ovate with about six or seven divisions, each of which is three or four times parted. Its bright green colour and elegant dwarf growth, combine to give a most pleasing character. *5s.*

SELAGINELLA KRAUSSIANA AUREA.

This is a bright golden-tinted variety, and has the same free-growing habit as the type, and differs from it only in the colour of its leaves, which instead of being green are golden-yellow, making the plant exceedingly distinct and ornamental. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society, and also by the Royal Botanic Society. *2s. 6d.*

SELAGINELLA PERELEGANS (BELLULA).

An elegant plant from Ceylon, of erect habit, the reddish tinted terete stems rising to about a foot in height, with successive branches, which are set on at short distances apart along the stem, the ultimate branches terminated by long tetragonal rigid spikes. The larger lateral leaves are close-set, oblong, sub-falcate, the smaller ones ovate-acuminate. *3s. 6d.*

SELAGINELLA VICTORIÆ.

An elegant sub-scandent species, introduced from the South Sea Islands. It has a creeping caudex, from which at intervals spring up an erect stem, which lengthens by forming new growths at the point; these stems produce alternate lateral branches of an ovate outline, flat and closely pinnate, like the frond of a Fern. The colour is a dark sap green, the spikelets and young growth being of a paler and lighter hue. It is allied to *S. Wallichii*, but is a still more elegant plant, and differs essentially in having a long terminal pinnulet to each branch, instead of diminishing gradually to the end. *3s. 6d.*

PALMS, CYCLANTHS AND CYCADS.

Including ENCEPHALARTOS, MACROZAMIA, &c.

The Palms constitute the most noble family in the vegetable kingdom, and afford sufficient diversity of aspect to allow of selections being made from them for the greenhouse, stove, or conservatory, to either of which Palms impart a richer tropical character than any other plants. Some of the miniature dwarf-growing kinds are, from their light and graceful forms, admirably adapted for table decoration, for vases, or for almost every purpose in which ornamentation is desired. The more hardy and larger kinds can be used for sub-tropical gardening, to which they impart a most luxuriant grandeur, evidence of which has been given in Battersea Park, and in other places where Palms have been used.

Selections of Stove Palms, at 6, 9 *and* 12 *guineas per dozen.*
Selections for the Greenhouse, at 6, 9 *and* 12 *guineas per dozen.*
Larger specimens, from 2, 3, 4 *and* 5 *to* 10 *guineas each.*

Those marked with an asterisk are kinds that will succeed in a greenhouse.

ACANTHOPHŒNIX (ARECA) CRINITA ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

ARECA ALBA, *vide* **Diotyosperma alba.**

—— ALICÆ, this name has been given by Dr. Mueller, to a new North-east Australian Palm found in Trinity Bay by Mr. Walter Hill, and commemorates the late Grand Duchess of Hesse—Princess Alice. It is of dwarfish habit, bearing pinnatisect leaves, the pinnæ-like segments being sessile. Its comparatively dwarf habit will render this pinnate Palm a valuable one for decorative purposes ..... 1 guinea

—— AUREA, a fine and graceful Palm, with yellowish stems ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

*—— BAUERI (**Seaforthia robusta**) ..... 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

—— CRINITA, *vide* **Acanthophœnix crinita.**

—— DICKSONI ..... 1½ guinea

—— LUTESCENS ..... 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— MADAGASCARIENSIS ..... 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— RUBRA ..... 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— SAPIDA ..... 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

—— TRIANDRA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

—— VERSCHAFFELTII, *vide* **Hyophorbe Verschaffeltii.**

ARENGA SACCHARIFERA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

ASTROCARYUM ARGENTEUM, a fine silver-leaved Palm, from the United States of Colombia. The stalks and the under surface of the leaves are covered with a fine white scurf, which gives them a silvered appearance. The leaves are arching, wedge-shaped and bilobed, distinctly plicate, and of a bright green colour on the upper surface, which contrasts strongly with the whitened under surface. One of the best of the so-called Silver Palms, 1½ and 2 guineas.

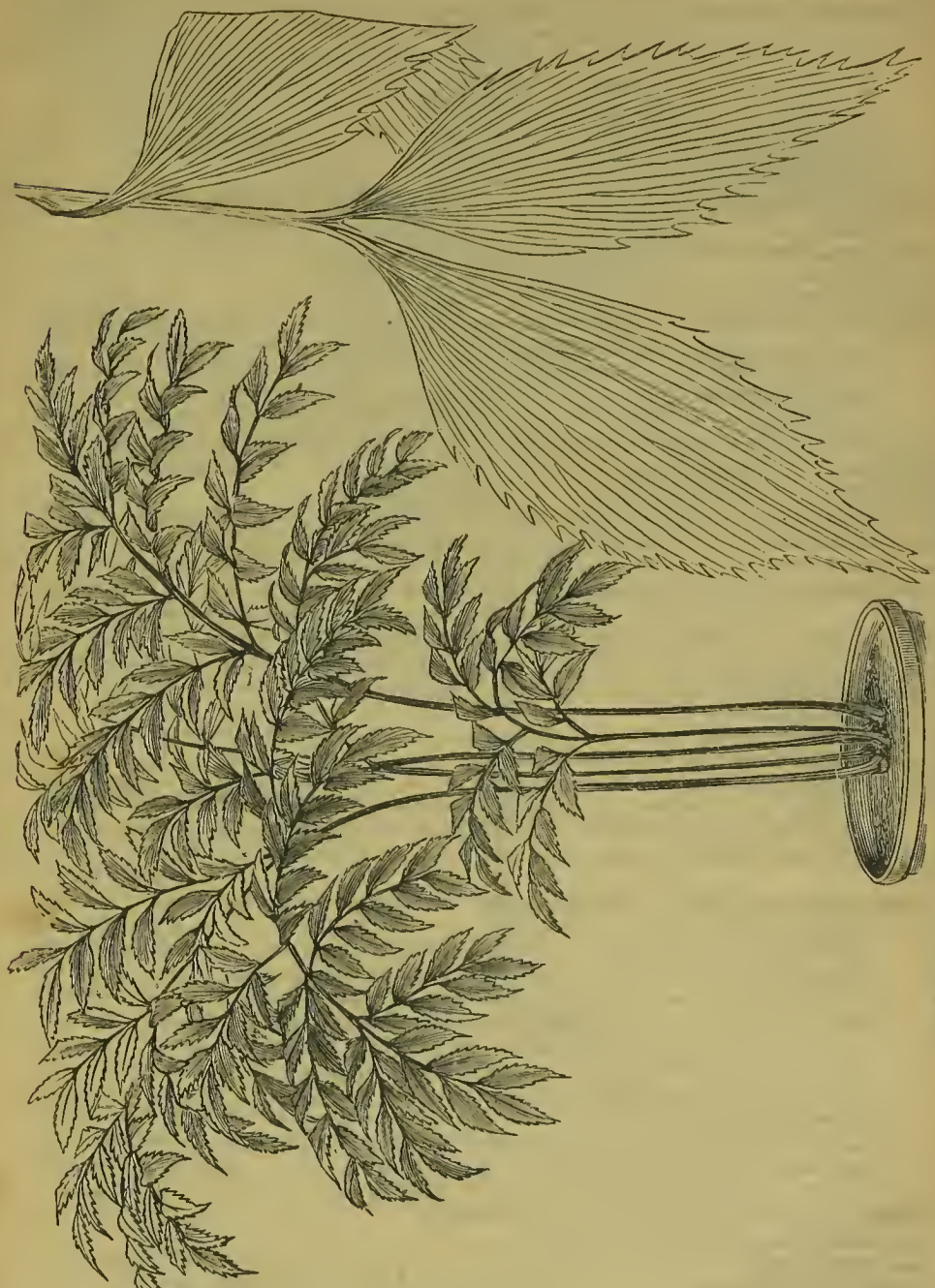
—— GRANATENSE, a distinct Palm from the United States of Colombia. It has brownish-looking leaf-stalks, which latter are armed with numerous scattered needle-shaped dark-coloured spines. The leaves themselves are pinnately parted, with oblong acuminate segments, and the rachis is spiny, like the petiole, both on the upper and lower surfaces..... 10*s.* 6*d.*

ATTALEA COHUNE ..... 1 guinea

BACTRIS ARISTATA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— MAJOR ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*

BOWENIA SPECTABILIS SERRULATA. This is a most distinct and remarkable plant, Bowenia being the only known Cycad having bipinnate fronds. It has a short thick caudex, from the crowns of which are developed its large and singularly handsome leaves. The petioles are long, slender, roundish, and of a dark green colour; the lamina is bipinnatisect and spreading, the pinnules are firm in texture, differing materially from the typal and only other known Bowenia in having their margins distinctly and prettily toothed or serrated. Any description must fail to give an adequate idea of the distinct and striking character of this ornamental Australian plant. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. William Bull gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Carlisle in 1877, and the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Ghent in 1878 For illustration, *vide* page 147 ..... 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*



BOWENIA SPECTABILIS SERRULATA. For description and price, *vide* page 146.

*BRAHEA FILAMENTOSA *(Pritchardia filifera)*,
small plants, 1*s.* 6*d.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.* ; fine plants, 1 and 1½ guinea
CALAMUS ADSPERSUS ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— CILIARIS ..... 1, 1½, and 2 guineas
—— ROXBURGHII ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
CALYPTRONOMA SWARTZII ..... 1 guinea

CARLUDOVICA DRUDEI, a noble and decorative stove plant, introduced from the United States of Colombia. In habit it somewhat resembles a Fan Palm, with handsome and effective deep green lustrous leaves. The flowers are borne on a stalked erect spadix of cylindrical form and of ivory-white colour, and resemble a bottle brush by reason of the long stamens which project horizontally from the female flowers. This plant was illustrated and described in the *Gardeners' Chronicle* for December 8th, 1877 ..... 15*s.*

—— PALMATA ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

—— WALLISII, *vide* page 16.

CARYOTA SOBOLIFERA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

—— URENS ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

CATAKIDOZAMIA HOPEI ..... 5 guineas

—— MACLEAYI.....

CATOBLASTUS MONTANUS ..... 15*s.*

CERATOZAMIA FUSCO-VIRIDIS, a noble species of Ceratozamia, introduced from Mexico. Its trunk is furnished with broadish scales surrounding each of the leaf stalks, which are nearly terete above and asperous along the edges. The leaves are from three to four feet long, broadly pinnate, and of a fine arching habit, the pinnæ deep green, six to seven inches long, sessile, lanceolate, and tapering to a longish point. The young leaves are of a rich bronzy-chocolate colour, gradually changing to olive-green, and ultimately developing into deep green ..... 4 and 5 guineas

*CEROXYLON ANDICOLA..... 1 guinea

—— NIVEUM (Diplothemium caudescens) ..... 1 and 1½ guinea

CHAMÆDOREA FORMOSA..... 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— GRAMINIFOLIA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

*CHAMÆROPS FORTUNEI (excelsa), in all sizes, from 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.* to 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each.

*—— HUMILIS, this useful decorative Palm can be supplied in all sizes, from 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea to 2, 3 and 4 guineas each.

*—— —— GRACILIS ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

*—— —— ROBUSTA ..... 15*s.*and 1 guinea

*—— —— TOMENTOSA ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

*COCOS CHILENSIS, *vide* Jubæa spectabilis.

—— WEDDELLIANA, perhaps the most elegant of all the smaller Palms, of which so many charming species are now to be found in cultivation. Its slender erect stem is not of rapid growth, but is freely furnished with its gracefully arching leaves, made up of innumerable long narrow pinnæ or segments, of a rich green colour. For illustration, *vide* page 149. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

COPERNICIA (CORYPHA) CERIFERA, this is the Caruauba Palm of Brazil, one of the most useful and hence valuable Palms known. The top, when young, is an appreciable and nutritious article of food; and from this tree also wine, vinegar and a saccharine matter are extracted, as well as a kind of gum similar in its tastes and properties to Sago. From the wood musical instruments are made, as also tubs and pumps for water. The delicate fibrous substances of the pith of the stalk and its leaves make a good substitute for cork. The roots have the same virtues as the Sarsaparilla. The pulp of the fruit is of an agreeable taste, and the nut, oily and emulsive, is roasted and then used as coffee by many persons. From the trunk are obtained strong fibres, and also a species of flour similar to Maizena, and a liquid resembling that of the Bahia Cocoa-nut. From the dried straw are made mats, hats, baskets, and brooms; and large quantities of the straw are exported to Europe for the manufacture of fine hats. Finally, from the leaves is produced the wax used in the manufacture of candles; and the export of this wax from Brazil exceeds £162,000 a year in value. 1½ and 2 guineas

*CORYPHA AUSTRALIS, *vide* Livistona australis.

—— CERIFERA, *vide* Copernicia cerifera.

—— UMBRACULIFERA ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

CYCAS ARMSTRONGII ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

—— CIRCINALIS ..... 1½ and 2 guineas

—— MEDIA, a noble form of Cycad introduced from intertropical New Holland. The trunk is both stout and tall, cylindrical, and tolerably even in outline, the surface closely dotted by the scar-like marks which indicate the places whence leaves have been removed. This stem produces a grand head of leaves, which are of a large size, and somewhat variable in form and character in different specimens. Trunks of various sizes. Prices on application.

COCOS WEDDELLIANA. For description and price, *vide* page 148.

CYCAS NORMANBYANA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

—— PLUMA .....

—— REVOLUTA, in all sizes, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea; fine specimens, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each.

—— RUMPHII.....

—— SIAMENSIS .....

CYPHOKENTIA GRACILIS ..... 2 and 3 guineas

—— MACROCARPA, this remarkable new Caledonian Palm is also known under the names of *Kentiopsis macrocarpa* and *Kentia Lindeni*. It is a noble plant, of vigorous habit, with a stout smooth stem, furnished with bold pinnate leaves which in the young state are ovato in outline and spreading, and are supported on stout purplish red leaf-stalks; the pinnæ or segments of the leaves are rather distant and oblong-lanceolate. The young leaves are of a deep olive crimson colour, and in this state add very materially to the effectiveness and beauty of the plant, which is at other times remarkable for its red petioles and broad leaf segments. 3, 4, 5 and 7 guineas

DÆMONOROPS PALEMBANICUS.

One of the most elegant of Palms, and, together with *D. periacanthus*, exceedingly appropriate for table decoration and other ornamental purposes. The leaves are broadly ovate, pinnate, consisting of numerous narrow elongated segments, and they are supported by leaf-stalks bearing numerous deflexed spines, which latter are thickened at the base. The young leaves are of a bright cinnamon-brown, and the contrast between this warm colour and the deep green of the matured leaves renders the plants exceedingly beautiful at the time they are in course of development. It is a native of Java. *5s.*, *7s. 6d.* and *10s. 6d.*

DÆMONOROPS FISSUS ..... 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— MELANOCHÆTES ..... 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— ORNATUS ..... 1 and 1½ guinea
—— OXLEYANUS..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— PALEMBANICUS, *vide* page 150.
—— PERIACANTHUS, this graceful Palm, a native of Java, bears a general resemblance to *D. palembanicus.* It differs, however, in having a greater abundance of spines, which group themselves in irregular rings round the petiole, a circumstance which has doubtless suggested the name; it differs also in the young leaves being almost straw coloured instead of cinnamon coloured ..... 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— PLUMOSUS, this graceful Palm is exceedingly handsome, either in a small or large size. Its leaves are of a rich dark green, and remarkably plume-like, hence its name. It is unquestionably one of the most elegant of the Palm family, and being of compact growth, is admirably adapted for vases and table decoration ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
DESMONCUS GRANATENSIS, the species of this genus of Palms are peculiarly distinct in their appearance, having a pair of divergent leaflets at the top of the petiole. In the young plants of this species the petioles are terete and spineless, except at the top, where they bear a few setæ, and where are also seated a pair of lanceolate divergent pinnæ, nearly two inches broad, and of a lively green colour. It has been imported from Colombia. 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— MAJOR ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
DICTYOSPERMA (Areca) ALBA ..... 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
DIOON EDULE .....
DIPLOTHEMIUM CAUDESCENS, *vide* Ceroxylon niveum.
ELÆIS GUINEENSIS, this is the Oil Palm of Africa ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
*ENCEPHALARTOS ALTENSTEINII .....
*—— BRACHYPHYLLUS .....
*—— CAFFRA .....
*—— (Zamia) CYCADÆFOLIUS.....
*—— FRIDERICI-GUILIELMI, this is a very distinct-looking South African species; the leaves are oblong-obtuse, arching, and conduplicate; the petiole and rachis are terete, and somewhat flattened on the upper surface, destitute of spines but covered with woolly down, the segments closely crowded, nearly opposite, linear-oblong, and of glaucous hue. At first sight this distinct Cycad would give the impression of being an intermediate species between *Dioon edule* and *Cycas revoluta*..... price on application.
*—— GHELLINCKII (gracilis) .....
*—— HILDEBRANDII, this Cycadaecous plant has been introduced from Eastern Africa. The leaves are particularly bold looking, with spiny edges, the stipes being leafy to the base, and there clothed with close cob-webby hairs. The leaf-blade is lanceolate, with numerous pairs of pinnæ or lobes, the lower pairs diminishing into trifid scales half an inch long; the larger segments are lanceolate, with distinct marginal and stronger and more crowded terminal teeth, there being often as many as six or eight crowded around the apex, and five or six distributed along each side ..... price on application.
*—— HORRIDUS.....
*—— —— MULTIFLEXUS .....
*—— (Zamia) LEHMANNI .....
*—— —— —— GLAUCUS.....
*—— —— —— SPINOSUS.....
*—— (Zamia) VILLOSUS, a noble greenhouse Cycad, with a stout trunk or caudex, supporting a head of erect pinnate fronds, the stout rachis of which is densely clothed with cottony wool; the pinnæ or segments number from eighty to ninety on each side, and are narrowly elliptic-linear. It has been found in, and introduced from, the interior of South Africa. 3, 4 and 5 guineas
*—— —— AMPLIATUS, a magnificent greenhouse Cycad, imported from South Africa. It has a stout cylindrical stem, and grandly arching leaves, which are pinnately divided; the pinnæ are lanceolate, distinctly serrate, the teeth being more numerous towards the tip of the pinnæ. The base of the petiole is thickly clothed with woolly hairs. 6, 8 and 10 guineas.
*—— —— DENTICULATUS .....
*—— —— GRACILIS .....
*—— (Zamia) VROOMII, one of the noblest of this very noble group of plants; the leaf segments are alternate below, opposite above, forty to fifty in number on each side of the rachis, which latter is marked with a prominent rounded ridge in the centre; they are oblong lanceolate, spine-pointed, with a variable number of long spine-pointed teeth at the margins, and of a bright shining green colour, rather paler on the under surface ..... 4 and 5 guineas

EUTERPE EDULIS (Oreodoxa Sanoona) ..... 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
GEONOMA CARDERI ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— CONCINNA ..... 1½ and 2 guineas
—— GRACILIS ..... 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— PRINCEPS ..... 1 guinea
—— SARAPIQUENSIS ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— SPECIOSA ..... 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— SPIXIANA ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
GLAZIOVA INSIGNIS ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
HETEROSPATHE ELATA, a very elegant Palm from Java. It is a smooth-stemmed species, and is remarkable for the length of the tapered segments of its pinnate fronds. The leaflets are half an inch broad, with somewhat wider intervals between them, bright green on both the surfaces, narrowing upwards into a long slender tapering point. The plant has a naturally graceful spreading habit, and ranks amongst the most ornamental of the pinnate-leaved series. 1 guinea.
HYOPHORBE (Areca) VERSCHAFFELTII ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
*JUBÆA SPECTABILIS (Cocos chilensis, Molinia chilensis) ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
*KENTIA AUSTRALIS ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
*—— BELMOREANA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
*—— FOSTERIANA ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— GRACILIS, *vide* Cyphokentia gracilis.
—— LINDENI, *vide* Cyphokentia macrocarpa.
*—— RUPICOLA ..... 2 and 3 guineas
—— WENDLANDIANA, a noble Palm, belonging to the pinnate-leaved series, introduced from Queensland. The leaves have numerous unequal segments, usually toothed at the apex, the upper ones confluent at the base. The inflorescence is monœcious, and consists of a panicle of numerous slender spikes, the female flowers being succeeded by ovoid or globular fruit. It belongs to that group of Kentias which has a branched spadix. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held in Ghent in 1878.
KENTIOPSIS MACROCARPA, *vide* Cyphokentia macrocarpa.
LATANIA AUREA (Verschaffeltii) ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
*—— BORBONICA (Livistona sinensis). Mr. W. B. can supply this useful decorative Palm in all sizes, from 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea to 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each
*—— COMMERSONI ..... 1 and 1½ guinea
*LEPIDOZAMIA PEROFFSKYANA, this name is adopted for the Australian *Macrozamia Denisoni*, on the authority of Dr. Regel, who describes and figures the mature plants as having a stout, short, scaly trunk, supporting a crown of long-stalked leaves. The young plants are very elegant, having ovate horizontal leaves, with decurved linear leaflets ..... 4 and 5 guineas
LICUALA PELTATA ..... 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
LIVISTONA ALTISSIMA ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
*—— (Corypha) AUSTRALIS, this useful Palm can be supplied in all sizes, from 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea to 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each.
*—— HOOGENDORPII, a fine stove Palm, of spreading habit; the leaves, which are nearly three feet broad, are palmately divided, the segments being broad, and giving the leaves a bold and distinctive character. The leaf-stalks are abundantly furnished at the margins with stout sharp spines ..... 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
*—— ROTUNDIFOLIA (subglobosa) ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
*—— SINENSIS, *vide* Latania borbonica.
*MACROZAMIA CORALLIPES, a very remarkable Cycadaceous plant from New South Wales. The trunk is subspherical; the leaves form a very contracted crown, and are diverging below, then sub-erect; petiole deep green, smooth, but not polished, reddish-brown towards the base; pinnæ, about fifty pairs, five to seven inches long, one-third of an inch broad, very narrow linear-lanceolate, acute but hardly pungent, dark green, with a bright red petiolule.
*—— CYLINDRICA, a distinct and well-marked Cycad, introduced from Queensland. It has a long-necked stem, from which proceed the dark green coriaceous leaves; the pinnæ are glossy on the surface, each being marked at the base with a large ivory white patch, which strongly contrasts with the dark green midrib which lies between the two rows of ivory markings ..... 2 and 3 guineas
*—— DENISONI, *vide* Lepidozamia Peroffskyana.
*—— FRASERI .....

MACROZAMIA MACKENZII.

*MACROZAMIA MACKENZII, one of the handsome Cycads which are found inhabiting the Australian Continent. It has been obtained from Queensland, and is a fine ornamental species. The leaves are ovate in outline, with numerous pairs of narrow tapering segments of a dark green colour, and nine to ten inches in length. The rachis is strongly convex behind, slightly so in front, with the segments of the central portion set on at about half an inch apart, the upper ones being more closely, the lower ones more distantly placed ..... 3, 4 and 5 guineas.

*—— PLUMOSA, this beautiful Cycadaceous plant has recently been imported from Queensland. From a small ovate stem, the scales of which are woolly, rise the erect spirally-twisted leaves, which are from two feet to two and a half feet long, and have a flattened petiole. These leaves are furnished nearly to the base with narrow linear leaflets, which are set on at intervals of about a quarter of an inch, and are from six to eight inches long. The plant is remarkable for its distinct and elegant character. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society ..... 2, 3 and 4 guineas

*—— SPIRALIS..... ..... 3, 4 and 5 guineas

MARTINEZIA EROSA ..... 2 and 3 guineas

—— GRANATENSIS, a desirable new dwarf Palm, from Colombia ; the leaves are of roundish oblong or roundish ovate outline, entire at the base, bifid at the apex, and evenly toothed along the edges, the young leaf-stalks being slightly mealy. Both the petioles and the rachis are armed with dark brown needle-shaped spines, varying from half an inch to an inch in length, and which are either spreading or deflexed..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

MAXIMILIANA REGIA ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

*MOLINIA CHILENSIS, *vide* Jubæa spectabilis

ORANIA MACROCLADA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*

OREODOXA GRANATENSIS, a very ornamental pinnate-leaved Palm, introduced by one of my collectors from the United States of Colombia. The stem is smooth, and the leaf pinnate, with long narrow leaflets, which are more or less drooping. It is a very elegant plant, and in the young state is admirably adapted for table decoration ..... 1 guinea.

—— REGIA ..... 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

—— SANCONA, *vide* Euterpe edulis.

PHŒNICOPHORIUM SECHELLARUM (Stevensonia grandifolia)... 1½, 2 and 3 guineas.

*PHŒNIX ACAULIS ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*

*—— DACTYLIFERA (the Date Palm) .. .. 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

*—— RECLINATA ..... 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*

—— RUPICOLA, this is one of the most exquisitely graceful amongst the smaller Palms, and in elegance takes a similar place among Phœnices to that of *Cocos Weddelliana*, among Cocoses. It is of acaulescent habit, with wide spreading arching pinnate leaves, broadly lance-shaped in outline, with long narrow pinnæ, the lower of which become gradually reduced to spines. It comes from India, and is a most valuable acquisition for collections of ornamental plants. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— SENEGALENSIS ..... 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

*—— SYLVESTRIS, a Sugar-yielding Palm ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

PHYTELEPHAS MACROCARPA, this Palm yields the Vegetable Ivory of commerce. 1 and 1½ guinea.

*PRITCHARDIA AUREA..... 2 and 3 guineas.

*—— FILIFERA, *vide* Brahia filamentosa.

—— GRANDIS, *vide* page 19.

—— PACIFICA ..... 1 guinea.

PTYCHOSPERMA ALEXANDRÆ ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

*—— CUNNINGHAMII, this plant is usually cultivated under the erroneous name of *Seaforthia elegans*. A most useful conservatory or cool greenhouse plant, as it will stand a low temperature with impunity, and possesses a highly decorative character ; scarcely anything can equal the effect of a large plant of this noble Palm. All sizes, from 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.* to 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

—— LÆVIGATA ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— RUPICOLA ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

—— SEEMANNI..... 1½ guinea

REGELIA PRINCEPS, *vide* Verschaffeltia splendida.

*RHAPIS FLABELLIFORMIS..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea

SABAL ADANSONI ..... 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— CŒRULESCENS, this is described by the collector as a remarkably bold and handsome Palm. It has been sent from the United States of Colombia, but is only known here in a young state. These young plants have the leaves of an elongate linear-lanceolate form, with a plicate surface, and a bluish or glaucous tinge of green, which is very strongly marked on the under surface ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

*—— (Trithrinax) MAURITIÆFORMIS ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

—— UMBRACULIFERA (Blackburniana), noble and very distinct ... 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

*SEAFORTHIA ELEGANS, *vide* Ptychosperma Cunninghamii.

*—— ROBUSTA, *vide* Areca Baueri.

STANGERIA PARADOXA .....small plants, 10*s.* 6*d.* ; strong specimens, 1½, 2 and 3 guineas

STEVENSONIA GRANDIFOLIA, *vide* Phœnicophorium sechellarum.

THRINAX BARBADENSIS, this is a very elegant and neat-growing Fan Palm. The petiole terminates in a digitately multipartite blade, the numerous segments of which are of a stoutish texture, three-nerved, and of a lively green colour. It is, as its name implies, a native of the Island of Barbados. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Ghent in 1878. 1 guinea

PALMS, CYCLANTHS AND CYCADS—continued.

THRINAX ELEGANS, very handsome for exhibition purposes ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— ELEGANTISSIMA, an exceedingly elegant and graceful miniature-growing Palm..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
*—— PARVIFLORA ..... 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
VERSCHAFFELTIA MELANOCHÆTES ..... 1½ and 2 guineas
—— SPLENDIDA (Regelia princeps), a magnificent and very distinct Palm from the Island of Seychelles ..... 2 and 3 guineas
*ZAMIA BREVIFRONS..... 1½ and 2 guineas
*—— CYCADÆFOLIA, *vide* Encephalartos cycadæfolius.
*—— FURFURACEA ..... 2 and 3 guineas
*—— INTEGRIFOLIA..... 2 and 3 guineas
*—— LEHMANNI, *vide* Encephalartos Lehmanni.
—— LINDENI.....
*—— MIQUELII, this species has been imported from Queensland. It has a short stout stem, spindle-shaped below, and producing from the crown remarkably elegant fronds, which are erect and somewhat spirally twisted, the smooth bright green pinnæ being of an ivory white colour at their point of juncture with the rachis. It is known in some collections as *Z. Frasceri* and *Z. tenuifolia* ..... 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— OBLIQUA .....
—— PRASINA, *vide* page 20.
*—— ROEZLII .....
—— SKINNERI .....
*—— VILLOSA, *vide* Encephalartos villosus.
*—— VROOMII, *vide* Encephalartos Vroomii.

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S selection of 12 varieties, 24s., 30s. and 42s.
New and Choice Varieties. 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d. each.

ADOLPHE ADAMS, green leaf-ground, densely speckled with white, and rose-coloured midribs. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

AGRIPPINE DIMITRY, a fine variety, large leaves with white ground, narrow green margin and veins, and pink centre. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ALCIBIADE, crimson-rayed centre, surrounded with pale green, stained with pure white blotches; deep green margin. 5*s.*

ALFRED BLEU, leaf rich green, with pure white spots and flesh-coloured centre; distinct. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ALFRED MAME, carmine red, bordered with white and profusely spotted with rose; very fine. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ALPHAND, green, spotted with red, crimson centre. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ALPHONSE KARR, rosy carmine centre and red spots. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ARGYRITES, pale green with white and rose spots. 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

AUBER, green ground, marked with white spots and central pink ones. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

AUGUSTE LEMONIER, fine large leaves with soft green centre and distinct rosy-crimson rib and veins. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

AUGUSTE RIVIÈRE, white centre and rays upon a light green ground, with crimson spots. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

BARAQUINII, crimson centre, dark green margin, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

BARILLET, bright rosy-crimson centre and ribs on green ground, with broad margin of rich green. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

BARON DE ROTHSCHILD, rich blood red centre, and spots, on mottled green leaf-ground. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BARONNE JAMES DE ROTHSCHILD, a remarkably rich coloured variety; the young leaves are entirely of a bright rose colour; the more matured foliage soft rose, with splendid red veins. 15*s.*

BARRAL, bright green, with a fine red centre, and large spots of rose. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

BEETHOVEN, ground colour white, intersected and veined with green, centre rib delicate rose. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

BELLEYMEI, fine white variegated leaves. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

BELLINI, mottled pale green ground with rosy centre and spots. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

BICOLOR SPLENDENS, 2*s.* 6*d.*

BLANQUÆRTI, dark green with grey veins and white spots. 5*s.*

BOIELDIEU, like *Bicolor splendens*, but very superior to it. 5*s.*

BUREL, dark bluish-green, veined bright rose, marked with rosy-violet and spotted orange red. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

CALYPSO, large smooth leaves with dark green margin, bright crimson centre and veins, and pink spots. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CERES, centre of the leaves rosy-salmon, outer portion rich green. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

CHANTINII, reddish ground, spotted white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CHARLES VERDIER, fine green, with blush-pink centre and spots. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

CHELSONI, bright glossy green, suffused with brilliant red, and blotched with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DE CANDOLLE, rich green with beautiful rose-coloured spots and creamy-white centre rays. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DE HUMBOLDT, a fine variety having glossy green leaves spotted with scarlet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DEVINCK, leaves heart-shaped with delicate pink centre ribs, interspersed with white spots. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DONIZETTI, rich red centre and bright green border, spotted with rose. 2*s*, 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DR. BOISDUVAL, centre rayed with crimson; snow-white blotches on a green ground. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DR. LINDLEY, crimson centre, the green ground marked with rose blotches. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DUC DE CLEVELAND, deep red centre, surrounded with pea-green, largely spotted with red. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DUC DE MORNY, deep green leaf borders with large and beautiful crimson-rayed centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DUC DE NASSAU, brilliant red centre and ribs, white scattered spots on emerald green leaf borders. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DUC DE RATIBOR, green ground, with red midribs marked with white spots. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DUCHARTRE, leaf ground white, flushed rose, green veins and red spots. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EDOUARD MOREAUX, mottled green ground, with rich lake centre. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

EDOUARD RODRIGUES, deep carmine, margined with light green, and spotted with rose. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

E. G. HENDERSON, green, finely marked with transparent rose spots and brilliantly mottled crimson rays and centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EMILIE VERDIER, a very fine and distinct variety, with leaves of a light transparent rose colour, sometimes spotted with red. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ETOILE D'ARGENT, bright green, midribs and veins creamy-white, shaded with gray. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

FELICIEN DAVID, centre of leaf dark carmine, surrounded with white and beautifully veined with red on a light green ground; a splendid variety. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

GOLDEN QUEEN, leaves large, pale green or yellow, uniform in colour; very handsome. 5*s.*

GRÉTRY, carmine centre, with white spots on a dark green ground. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HELEVY, white midribs and marked with crimson blotches on a green ground. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HEROLD, dark carmine veins, surrounded by light green zone, blotched with pure white spots, and margined bright dark green. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

HOULLETTII, green with white spots. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

IBIS ROSE, a magnificent variety, with beautiful rich rose-coloured foliage; extremely charming and attractive. 15*s.*

IMPÉRATRICE EUGÉNIE, light green, with grayish-pink centre, and rose-coloured veins. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ISADORA LEROY, rich metallic green, with crimson red centre rays. 3*s.* 6*d.*

JULES PUTZEYS, rich dark green, with crimson midrib and veins; central portion of leaf mottled gray, and the whole surface marked with red blotches. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

KETELEER, spotted white upon emerald green; large crimson centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LAINGII, reddish-carmine centre, surrounded with yellowish-green, the whole of the leaf thickly sprinkled with pure white. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LA PERLE DU BRÉSIL, an exceedingly attractive variety, with fine large leaves, white, delicately tinted with rose, midrib and veins dark green; extremely chaste and beautiful. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

LEOPOLDII, rich crimson-rayed centre, with deep green border. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LEPESCHKINEI, leaves thickly marked with large spots of a rich rose colour, and having a rich bright red centre. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

LEPLAY, leaves attractively marked with white, and beautifully veined with rosy-violet. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

LOUISE DUPLESSIS, deep red rays and veins on a white ground, with deep green margin. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LOUISE POIRIER, crimson leaf ground, with green margin and white spots. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

LOWII, *vide* Alocasia Lowii.

LUCY, leaves pea green, with crimson centre and white spots. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LURLINE, light green, profusely blotched and spotted with white. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MADAME ALFRED BLEU, deep green, with large blotches of pure white, and broad veins of deep crimson scarlet; distinct and fine. 5*s.*

MADAME ALFRED MAME, light green, densely covered with large white spots, rosy-carmine centre. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MADAME ANDRIEUX, crimson centre rays, with pink spots. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MADAME DE LA DEVANSAYE, leaves white, sometimes slightly shaded with rose, and veined with red and green. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MADAME DOMBRAIN, leaves large, centre and ribs pale yellowish-green, shaded rose, surface covered with large white and rose spots. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME HEINE, silvery-white, stained and edged with pale green; distinct. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME HOULLET, large leaves, with clustered blush-white blotches on the opposite leaf margins. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME HUNNEBELLE, large leaves veined with light garnet colour on a white ground, and profusely margined with delicate green veins. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MADAME LAFORGE, centre and ribs reddish-crimson, with narrow margin of deep green. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME MARJOLIN SCHEFFER, a beautiful variety with white foliage, charmingly veined and netted with pure rosy-lake; very fine. 15*s.*

MARQUIS DE CAUX, red centre and veins, with rose blotches on the margins. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

MARS, clouded crimson centre, the whole leaf spotted with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

MAXIME DUVAL, fine broad crimson centre and ribs, green margin. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MAX KOLB, light green ground, with pale centre; distinct. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

MERCADANTE, pale copper-coloured centre and veins, bordered with green. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MEYERBEER, white leaf ground, green veins and red midribs. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

MINERVE, silvery-white midrib and rays, surrounded with grayish-white; green margin, with snowy-white spots. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MOZART, delicate rose centre and veins on green ground. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. LAING, a fine variety, with large shield-shaped leaves; white ground; deep rose centre and veins; green margin. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MURILLO, centre and veins metallic red, with large crimson blotches, broad margin of lustrous bronzy green. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NAPOLÉON III., flamed crimson centre, with forked rays, and carmine red spots on rich green ground. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ONSLOW, deep rosy-crimson, centre, with broad green margin, spotted with rose. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PAILLET, crimson centre, broad green margin, splashed with crimson and dotted with white. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

PAUL VERONESE, large leaves, with pinkish-white centre, deep scarlet ribs and broad green margin. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PETSCHKAUI, 5*s.*

PHILIPPE HERBERT, a very fine variety with deep mottled crimson rays and clear green margin, spotted with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCE ALBERT EDWARD, dark emerald green, rich crimson midrib, radiating from centre to margins, the intervening spaces densely spotted with ivory white. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCE OF WALES, a very handsome variety, with large golden yellow leaves. 5*s.*

PRINCESS ALEXANDRA, rosy-salmon leaf, green centre rib, bordered with magenta crimson; green margin with light pink chain through its centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCESS OF TECK, a fine golden-leaved variety; ground colour bright orange yellow, the veins suffused with deep red. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCESS OF WALES, large pale golden yellow leaves spotted with crimson. 5*s.*

PRINCESS ROYAL, leaves of a golden ground colour, with crimson centre. 5*s.*

PYRRHUS, centre and ribs deep crimson, surrounded with a margin of pleasing pea-green. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

QUADRICOLOR, centre of leaf pale yellowish-green, ribs white, edged with rosy-crimson, and margined with bright green. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

RAMEAU, centre deep reddish-crimson, ribs much deeper; surface covered with large white blotches shaded with red. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

RAULINII, rich red centre and veins, finely spotted with white. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

REINE VICTORIA, green veins and margins, densely spotted or marbled between with white and rich crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

RICCI, pale greenish-white centre, shaded with rosy crimson; broad margin of bright green, spotted with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROSSINI, large leaf, with pale centre, pink midribs, and red blotches. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROUILLARD, glossy green margin, pale green centre, midrib and rays rich violet plum; the whole leaf spotted crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

SIEBOLDII, rich green, with fiery red crimson-rayed centre; green spaces, densely spotted with claret red. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

SOUVENIR DE MADAME E. ANDRE, large deep green leaves marbled with pure white; veins fine rosy crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

SPONTINI, an attractive variety; foliage pea-green, with large white spots and rosy pink ribs and veins. 5*s.*

THIBAUTII, fine large leaf, with rich crimson veins on a red ground. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TRICOLOR, edges of leaves gray-green intersected with dark green; centre red-lake, carmine midribs. 5*s.*

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS—continued.

TRIOMPHE DE L'EXPOSITION, crimson centre, with red ribs and green border; very fine. 3s. 6d.

VEITCHII, *vide* Alocasia Veitchii.

VESTA, greenish white veins, surrounded with crimson; outer portion of leaf clear green dotted with dark green; the whole of the leaf spotted bright rose. 3s. 6d.

VICOMTESSE DE LA ROQUE-ORDAN, red midrib and rays bordered with white; the margin of a beautiful emerald green. 3s. 6d.

BEGONIAS.

TUBEROUS-ROOTED SECTION.

The following novel and beautiful varieties will be found admirably adapted for the summer and autumn decoration of the Greenhouse and Conservatory, for they produce in the utmost profusion, magnificent flowers of very large size, and great variety in colour. They do not require stove cultivation, but will succeed well in a Greenhouse. The tubers rest during the winter months, similar to Gloxinias, and can be easily started into growth in the spring. Their profuse flowering quality, and the charming variety of colour of their blossoms, render them extremely showy and effective.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide pages 23 and 24.

Those marked (*) are double-flowered varieties.

*ALBA PLENA, a useful free-blooming variety, producing double white flowers. 5s.

ALFONSO, a fine flower; colour cinnamon, shaded with salmon. 2s. 6d.

ALBERT JOLY, a fine large well-formed flower of a pale salmon rose colour. 7s. 6d.

*AMBROISE THOMAS, a fine large full flower of a clear rose colour. 10s. 6d.

AURELIA, a very fine large flower of a cinnamon rose colour; very distinct. 2s. 6d.

*BALSAMINÆFLORA PLENA, a showy and attractive variety, producing fine full orange-coloured flowers with large petals. 5s.

BRILLIANT, rich bright orange, a dazzling colour; flowers large and fine; very showy. 3s. 6d.

CALYPSO, a fine flower with very broad petals of a bright rose colour, shaded with magenta. 5s.

CARDINAL, a magnificent variety, producing large flowers of a deep rich magenta rose colour. 3s. 6d.

CAROLINE, deep rosy pink, a very fine showy flower with broad petals. 2s. 6d.

CLEOPATRA, rosy lake, shaded with magenta; a very large flower with fine broad petals. 3s. 6d.

CLIMAX, deep rich rosy carmine; the two outer petals extremely broad; a beautiful variety. 2s. 6d.

*CLOVIS, an attractive variety giving fine large flowers, with fimbriated petals of a bright orange red colour. 7s. 6d.

CORONET, rich rosy carmine; a large flower with broad petals. 5s.

CORSAIR, rosy salmon; a most profuse blooming variety. 2s. 6d.

DAVISII, a very dwarf growing species, freely producing bright scarlet flowers; extremely showy and attractive. 3s. 6d.

DEFIANCE, *vide* page 23.

DELICATA, *vide* page 23.

*DINAH FÉLIX, a very large flower of a beautiful reddish shade with white centre. 7s. 6d.

DRAGON, a beautiful flower, with fine large long petals; colour rich bright rose; very effective. 3s. 6d.

DR. MASTERS, an effective variety, with very rich carmine-crimson flowers. 2s. 6d.

EMBLEM, a very attractive variety, giving fine large showy flowers with extremely broad petals, of a deep rose colour, shaded with magenta. 2s. 6d.

EMPEROR, a splendid variety, producing very large flowers of a brilliant orange scarlet colour. 3s. 6d.

ENSIGN, bright pink; a beautiful shade of colour; flowers large; a very elegant variety. 2s. 6d.

EXCELSIOR, a free-blooming variety, with fine large flowers of a bright cinnabar-red colour. 2s. 6d.

FIREFLY, *vide* page 24.

FLAMMETTA, bright orange-scarlet; a remarkably large and fine flower. 3s. 6d.

FRŒBELII, a splendid species from Ecuador, very distinct and attractive, producing well above the foliage erect bunches of large brilliant scarlet flowers. 1s. 6d.

GEM, light cream colour, the reverse of petals light pink; extremely distinct and attractive. 3s. 6d.

GLITTER, vivid orange scarlet: an extremely bright and showy colour; a fine large flower. 3s. 6d.

*GLOIRE DE NANCY, a beautiful flower; the exterior petals being of a rich vermilion colour and the centre of a light bright scarlet. 7s. 6d.

HANDSOME-FLOWERED BEGONIAS, for prices, *vide* pages 158 to 160.

HERMINE, light orange cinnamon, a very distinct and attractive shade of colour; a pretty flower; large and well formed. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ICARUS, a very fine large flower of a bright salmon colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

INTERMEDIA, a fine hybrid, of free-branching strong upright growth; the flowers are of the size and form of *B. Veitchii*, which they also resemble in colour, but are of rather a darker shade. 2*s.* 6*d.*

JEANNE D'ARC, a beautiful variety with very fine large pure white flowers. 5*s.*

*LEMOINEI, a splendid variety with large flowers of a rich orange-vermilion colour; the female flowers single; the male flowers very full and double. 5*s.*

LUCINDA, an extremely attractive variety, producing very large and fine flowers, with remarkably long petals of a deep rose colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MAGENTA QUEEN, a beautiful variety, with large pendent flowers of a rich deep rose colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MAGNET, beautiful light pink, the reverse of the petals deep pink; a charming variety, producing fine large flowers with good petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MARATHON, deep crimson; a very fine large flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*MARIE BOUCHET, this variety produces immense double flowers of a dark reddish-scarlet. 7*s.* 6*d.*

*MARIE LEMOINE, a fine variety, producing large bunches of very full double flowers of a salmon-chamois colour, with soft rose centre; the female flowers semi-double. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MARTHA, *vide* page 24.

MASTERPIECE, a magnificent variety, producing immense flowers of an intensely bright vermilion-scarlet colour; extremely attractive. 5*s.*

MAZEPPA, very light cream colour, the reverse of the petals tinted with orange-pink; extremely distinct and pretty. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MINIATA, a fine showy variety, producing flowers of a bright rosy-carmine colour; very elegant and distinct. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MODIOLA, bright rose, shaded with salmon; a very large flower with fine broad petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

OBERON, bright crimson, shaded with orange-scarlet; a splendid variety. 5*s.*

OCTOPETALA, a Peruvian species, producing splendid flowers of large size, composed of eight petals, which are white, with the reverse of a bright rosy-carmine colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ORESTES, deep rosy-carmine; a magnificent flower with fine large petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ORIFLAMME, an exceedingly beautiful variety, producing very large flowers of a vermilion-carmine colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*ORNEMENT, a robust-growing variety, producing very fine full flowers of a beautiful soft rose colour. 5*s.*

*PÆONIÆFLORA, a vigorous-growing variety, producing very large and full flowers, with petals of good substance and of a beautiful soft salmon-rose colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

*PANTHEON, a fine variety of good habit, producing very full flowers of a clear vermilion colour. 5*s.*

PAUL MASUREL, a fine variety of pyramidal habit, producing very large flowers of a pure orange colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PEARCEI, flowers large, bright yellow, and borne on slender stems well above the foliage. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PEARCEI GRANDIFLORA, a remarkably showy and attractive variety, with rich dark olive-green leaves, which contrast admirably with the very large and fine flowers, which are of a bright golden yellow colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PHYLLIS, a most beautiful variety, with blossoms of a delicate sulphur colour tinted with pink; an extremely distinct and charming flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

QUEEN OF WHITES, a desirable variety, with pretty lustrous leaves, and pure white flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

RUBESCENS, a fine hybrid variety of neat robust branching dwarf habit, giving a profusion of elegant half-drooping racemes of large rich salmon-tinted red blossoms. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*SALMONEA PLENA, fine large double flowers of a clear rosy-salmon colour; a very effective variety. 5*s.*

SERAPH, a dwarf-growing variety of neat and compact habit, freely producing fine flowers of a soft pink colour, the exterior part of the two outer petals suffused with rose. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SILVIO PELLICO, a fine flower with very long petals of a pale yellow colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

SPARKLER, a splendid flower, with fine broad petals of a bright crimson colour. 5*s.*

STARLIGHT, a beautiful variety of dwarf compact habit, and a profuse bloomer; the flowers are large and effective, of a pretty shade of blush-pink. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SUNRISE, a magnificent variety, producing large flowers of a bright rosy-scarlet colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SUNSET, rich crimson; a fine large showy flower. 5*s.*

SURPRISE, a beautiful variety, producing pretty bright pink flowers in great profusion. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TEMPLAR, a fine flower, with broad petals of a rosy-pink colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TROJAN, an effective variety, freely producing fine flowers of a light rosy-pink colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VEITCHII, this species was discovered near Cuzco in Peru; it differs from other Begonias in having roundish blooms of a vivid vermilion or cinnabar red, and in being comparatively hardy. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VERONA, bright rosy pink; a very pretty variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VESUVIUS, a fine variety, producing very large flowers of a rich orange scarlet colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VICTORY, *vide* page 24.

VIVICANS, a very graceful plant, with semi-transparent stems, its leaves slightly villose or hairy, and numerous drooping brilliant orange scarlet bell-shaped flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*

WHITE QUEEN, a beautiful variety, producing ivory white flowers tinted with rose. 2*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of good varieties can be made by Mr. W. B. at 18s., 30s. and 42s. per doz.

BEGONIAS.

VARIEGATED-FOLIAGED SECTION.

These are remarkable for their variegated and beautifully coloured ornamental foliage.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 23.

ABBÉ DELAHAYE, 2*s.* 6*d.*
A. CARRIÈRE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ACUMINATA SPLENDIDA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
ADRIEN ROBINE, 2*s.* 6*d.*
AMAZON, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ANDALOUSIE, 2*s.* 6*d.*
ANNICA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
ARCTURUS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
ARGENTEA HIRSUTA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— ZEBRINA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ARGUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ARIADNE, *vide* page 23.
BERENICE, 2*s.* 6*d.*
CHERUBINI, 2*s.* 6*d.*
COMTESSE DE THELUSSON, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— GABRIELLE DE CLERMONT-TONNERE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CONSTELLATA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
CORSAIR, 3*s.* 6*d.*
COUNTESS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CRYSTALLINA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
DELIGHTFUL, 2*s.* 6*d.*
DIAMANT, 2*s.* 6*d.*
DIANA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DUCHESS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
EDOUARD ANDRÉ, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ELAINE, *vide* page 23.
EMILE CHATÉ, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— LOISE, 2*s.* 6*d.*
FINETTE, *vide* page 23.
FULVA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
GLOIRE DE MONTEREAU, 2*s.* 6*d.*
IONA, *vide* page 23.
JACKSONI, 2*s.* 6*d.*
JULES DEHAUSSY, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— DUPLESSIS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— MAJOR, 2*s.* 6*d.*
LA PERLE DE PARIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
LEBRUN, 2*s.* 6*d.*
LE SCHAH, 3*s.* 6*d.*
LOUISE FONTAINE, 2*s.* 6*d.*
LOVELY, *vide* page 23.
LUCIENNE BRUANT, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MABEL, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MADAME DE CAUVILLE, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— HACHETTE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— JULES LECOCQ, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— SARRAZIN, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— SVAHN, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— TAUBER, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— VERSCHAFFELT, 2*s.* 6*d.*
MADEMOISELLE A. BLEU, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— BERTHE PROUTIERE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— EMMA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— HENRIETTE GRAUX, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MARIA DENIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MALETTA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
MARGA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
MARGARITACEA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
MARGUERITE BRUANT, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MARMION, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MARQUIS DE NADAILLAC, 2*s.* 6*d.*
MAZEPPA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MONSIEUR ANDREWS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— BENAIMÉ, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— CHRÈTIEN, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— LEFEBVRE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
NAIALA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
ONDINE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PEARL, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PICTURATA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
PRIMA DONNA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
PRINCE OF WALES, 2*s.* 6*d.*
PROFESSOR GASPARRINI, 2*s.* 6*d.*
PROGNE, *vide* page 23.
QUADRIZONALIS ORNATA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
ROSALIE, *vide* page 23.
SATIN BLANC, 2*s.* 6*d.*
SECRÉTAIRE DE LA MARRE, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— MORREN, 2*s.* 6*d.*
SERAPH, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SIDONIE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SOVEREIGN, 3*s.* 6*d.*
STARLIGHT, *vide* page 23.
VARSOVIE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
VICOMTE DE CONDEIXA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
VICTOR BLEU, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— LEMOINE, 2*s.* 6*d.*
VOIE LACTÉE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
W. E. GUMBLETON, 3*s.* 6*d.*

BEGONIA OTTO FORSTER.

A magnificent hybrid between *B. imperialis* and *B. rex.* Its splendid large foliage is of a rich bronzy green colour, ornamented with shining silvery white veining and marbling, producing an exceedingly superb effect. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BEGONIA IMPERIALIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*

BEGONIA SMARAGDINA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

The following are useful flowering species and varieties, and highly effective for decoration; and the majority of them are winter blooming. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. each.

ARGYROSTIGMA ELEGANTISSIMA
DESIDERATA
DIGSWELLIANA
GLAUCOPHYLLA
HYBRIDA FLORIBUNDA
INGRAMII
INSIGNIS
MANICATA
METALLICA
MOONLIGHT
NITIDA
RICHARDSIANA
—— VASTISSIMA
RUBRO-VENIA
SAUNDERSIANA
VALIDA
WELTONIENSIS.

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 21.

Those marked (*) are double-flowered varieties.

ACIS, deep crimson tube and sepals ; tube short, sepals broad, slightly refloxed ; large purplish crimson corolla of good substance. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*ACMON, deep rosy pink tube and sepals ; large double corolla of a bluish slate colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ADDISON, *vide* page 21.

ADINE, a very pretty variety, producing beautiful flowers with white tube and sepals, the latter completely reflexed, and rich deep rosy magenta coloured corolla. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ADMIRATION, a beautifully formed flower ; tube and sepals rich crimson, the latter completely recurved ; corolla well expanded, and of a purplish crimson colour. 1*s.*

ALICE, tube and sepals pure white ; sepals well reflexed ; corolla bright rosy scarlet, sometimes edged with a deeper shade. 1*s.*

AMADEO, bright rosy pink tube and sepals ; tube very short ; bright bluish corolla. 3*s.* 6*d.*

AMBROSIA, bright crimson tube and sepals ; tube short and thick ; sepals broad and nicely reflexed ; fine large corolla of a rich purplish plum colour, marked with rosy crimson at the base ; an attractive flower of good form. 5*s.*

ANNIE LUSTRE, tube and sepals, pure white ; tube very long ; sepals broad and beautifully reflexed ; corolla vivid crimson. 1*s.*

ANTONA, bright crimson tube and reflexed sepals ; dark purple corolla ; a pretty flower. 5*s.*

ATALANTA, crimson tube and sepals, the latter reflexed ; purplish crimson corolla. 1*s.*

*AZUREA SUPERBA, tube and recurved sepals of a bright reddish coral colour ; enormous corolla, with very large petals of an azure violet colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BARAMO, deep rose tube and sepals ; the latter prettily reflexed ; corolla of a rich purplish crimson colour. 5*s.*

BARONESS, a very pretty and attractive flower, with long white tube, white sepals well reflexed, and violet rose corolla. 1*s.*

BASILISK, long thick white tube ; broad horizontally reflexed sepals, blush white tipped with green ; corolla bright light scarlet. 1*s.*

BEAUTY OF THE WEST, an attractive flower, with white tube and sepals, and bright vermilion scarlet corolla. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BEAUTY OF WILTS, a splendid flower, with long white tube, and white sepals elegantly recurved ; short corolla of a rich rosy carmine colour. 1*s.*

BERENICE, tube and sepals rich crimson, the sepals broad and beautifully reflexed ; corolla rich deep purple marked with rosy crimson at the base. 5*s.*

BLUE KING, flowers of good substance, with bright crimson tube, well-reflexed sepals, and fine cup-shaped blue corolla. 1*s.* 6*d.*

BULRUSH, light crimson tube and sepals ; tube long, and sepals horizontally reflexed ; light rosy purple corolla. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CALYPSO, tube and sepals rich crimson ; sepals completely reflexed ; large bell-shaped corolla, of a rich crimson purple colour. 1*s.*

CAMILLE FLAMMARION, a free-blooming variety of good habit, producing large flowers with reflexed sepals of a rosy red colour, and well-formed reddish violet corolla. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CHARMER, fine large flowers, with extremely rich and bright reddish crimson tube and sepals ; tube short, the sepals broad and well reflexed ; fine rich purple plum corolla. 1*s.*

CISSIE, bright crimson tube and sepals, the latter prettily recurved ; fine full corolla of a rich dark purple colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*CLARINDA, this variety has a huge spreading double white corolla, which is extremely attractive ; short tube and broad sepals of a rich crimson colour. 5*s.*

CREUSA, rich crimson tube and sepals, the latter short and completely reflexed ; fine large corolla of a rich dark purple plum colour, shaded crimson at the base ; the corolla is of a glossy satiny texture ; a beautiful flower. 5*s.*

DECIMA, tube and sepals deep rose colour ; corolla violet purple ; a pretty flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DUNOIS, tube and sepals bright reddish crimson, the sepals well reflexed ; fine rich purple corolla, each petal of which is distinctly serrated on the edge. 1*s.*

ECLIPSE, bright red tube and sepals ; large corolla of a deep purple colour, of fine shape ; sepals broad and well reflexed ; a splendid dark variety, of good habit and very free-flowering. 5*s.*

EGERIA, short tube and well-recurved sepals of an intensely rich crimson colour ; stout long purple corolla. 1*s.*

*ELFIN, light crimson tube and sepals, the latter elegantly reflexed ; rich purple corolla, flaked with rose ; very full and double. 1*s.*

EMILY LYE, a very fine variety ; large flowers, with white tube and sepals and shaded purple corolla ; free and showy. 1*s.*

FLAMBEAU, short tube, and well reflexed crimson sepals ; very large and full corolla of a dark violet colour, shaded with azure, and striped and spotted with scarlet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*FRANCISQUE SARCEY, a very free blooming variety, of dwarf compact habit, with very full double flowers; corolla bluish violet; large reflexed sepals of a dark rose colour on the inside and bright red on the exterior. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GALATEA, rosy carmine tube and sepals; stout well-formed corolla of a rich and bright bluish purple colour; a remarkable flower from its size and immensely thick corolla. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GASPAR, the corolla of this variety is distinctly striped and flaked with rose on a violet purple ground; tube and sepals bright coral red, the sepals very broad and partly overlapping the corolla, which is of large size and extremely attractive. 5*s.*

GEM OF THE WEST, short tube, and short recurved sepals of a rich bright crimson colour; large expanded corolla of a rich purplish crimson colour changing to reddish crimson. 1*s.*

GEORGE FREDERICK, tube and sepals rich scarlet crimson; tube short, sepals broad and thick and nicely reflexed; large corolla, of a rich purple crimson colour. 1*s.*

*GRAND DUCHESS, large pure white double corolla of fine form; brilliant carmine tube and sepals, the latter broad and well reflexed; of good habit and very free-flowering; one of the largest and finest of the double whites. 5*s.*

HIGHLAND CHIEF, tube and sepals bright crimson; tube short, sepals elegantly reflexed, leaving completely exposed the large bell-shaped deep purple corolla. 1*s.*

HUME, *vide* page 21.

INDIAN CHIEF, tube and sepals carmine pink, the latter recurved; large violet blue corolla, shaded with red from the base. 1*s.*

JASON, a distinct variety; the flowers have a very fine corolla about 1½ inch long, and of an intense black purple colour; the sepals which are very large, long and reflexed, are of a deep crimson colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

JOHN GIBSON, bright scarlet tube and sepals, the latter well reflexed; lavender purple corolla of beautiful shape. 1*s.*

KING ALFONSO, a fine flower; rich crimson tube and sepals, the latter broad and of great substance; corolla deep violet. 1*s.*

*KINGSBURYANA, a variety of good habit and a most abundant bloomer, producing fine flowers with bright red tube and sepals, the latter reflexed, and large double open and spreading white corolla. 1*s.*

LAMUS, tube and sepals rich deep scarlet; tube short, and sepals prettily recurved, corolla of a dark satiny purple colour. 5*s.*

LITTRÉ, a beautifully formed flower, with long corolla of a dark violet colour, whitish at the base; short tube, and large and elegantly recurved sepals of a soft rose colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LYE'S FAVOURITE, white tube and sepals, rich magenta corolla; flowers large and of fine form, borne in elegant clusters; a splendid variety of good habit. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*MADAME GALLI-MARIÉ, very large full double flowers, with long recurved sepals of a brilliant rosy red colour, and alabaster white corolla. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MAGNUM BONUM, a very showy variety, with broad stout brilliant red sepals, and large well-formed rich violet corolla. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MEMPHIS, tube and sepals of a bright and rich crimson colour, the sepals gracefully reflexed; large and well-expanded corolla of a rich purple colour; a fine large flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*MINERVA, a splendid flower with large and very full double white corolla, bright carmine tube, and reflexed sepals; it is one of the finest double whites in cultivation. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MISS LYE, a splendid flower, with long white tube and well-recurved white sepals; corolla rose colour, slightly shaded with violet. 1*s.*

*MONSTRUOSA PLENA, this variety is of good habit and vigorous growth, producing enormous flowers, with short tube and well-recurved sepals of very dark coral red colour, and an immense extended corolla of a clear bright reddish crimson colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

M. DUFAURE, a very floriferous variety of good habit, producing beautifully-formed flowers, with rosy salmon corolla and elegantly recurved sepals of a yellowish salmon colour, with green tips; extremely distinct. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*M. LOMBARD, tube and sepals rosy carmine, the latter reflexed; fine double white corolla, the petals veined with carmine. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MONTGOMERY, *vide* page 21.

MRS. GRANT, a very beautiful flower, with blush tube and sepals, and orange rose corolla. 1*s.* 6*d.*

*NESTOR, a very fine variety, with large showy flowers; tube and sepals carmine, the latter reflexed; very large, full and much expanded corolla of a rich purplish-crimson colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*NOVEAU MASTODONTE, a splendid variety, of excellent habit and free growth; the flowers are very full and double, the corolla of globular form, and of a very dark violet colour veined with red; the sepals are beautifully reflexed, covering the brilliant red tube; it is extremely floriferous. 5*s.*

*ORLANDO, a very large flower, with double corolla of a light violet purple colour, and carmine tube and sepals; an attractive variety. 5*s.*

PATRIOTE, immense violet purple corolla of involute form; the petals veined with scarlet at the base; large tube and long reflexed sepals of a very rich carmine colour. 1*s.*

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS—continued.

PENTHEUS, rich deep crimson tube and sepals; large open saucer-shaped corolla of a rich dark purple plum colour. 1*s.*

PINK PERFECTION, a stout flower of fine form, with creamy white tube and sepals and rich pink and violet corolla, dashed with violet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PRESIDENT, a large flower of excellent form and good substance; tube and well-recurved sepals of a bright vermilion; beautifully formed corolla of the richest violet colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

*REAPER, short tube and extraordinary wide sepals, of a bright rosy carmine colour; short double corolla of a rich purplish crimson colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SALMO, tube and recurved sepals of a bright carmine scarlet colour; corolla rich purplish crimson. 5*s.*

SYROS, tube and sepals of a deep rose colour, the sepals very broad and horizontally reflexed; the corolla of great substance, and of a rich deep bluish purple colour; a very effective flower. 5*s.*

THERA, short tube and horizontally reflexed sepals of a light carmine rose colour; fine large wax-like corolla of a deep purplish plum colour; a fine showy flower. 5*s.*

TEKAPO, short tube and well-reflexed sepals, both of a rich rosy crimson colour; large expanded corolla of a deep purplish crimson colour. 5*s.*

*VILLE DE NANCY, tube and sepals of a pale carmine red colour, the latter very wide and well recurved; fine large double corolla, of a brilliant dark violet colour. 1*s.*

*VIOLLET-LE-DUC, a floriferous variety of good habit; fine full double flowers, with expanded corolla of a metallic violet colour, and short reddish reflexed sepals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VIRGO, tube and sepals pure white; the latter gracefully reflexed, and forming a perfect crown above the corolla, which is of a beautiful magenta colour, quite a novel shade. 1*s.*

*VOIX DU PEUPLE, large flowers, with fine expanded milky white corolla; sepals well recurved, of a rich rosy carmine colour. 1*s.*

WAGNERIAN, tube and sepals crimson; the latter beautifully reflexed; large and glossy corolla of a deep crimson purple colour. 1*s.*

*WHITE GIANT, a splendid variety, producing long racemes of flowers, of immense size; one of the largest double white corollas. 1*s.*

WORDSWORTH, *vide* page 21.

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *General Collection at* 9*s. and* 12*s. per dozen.*

FUCHSIAS.

HYBRIDS AND SPECIES.

BOLIVIANA, a remarkably ornamental and attractive species, discovered by M. Roezl in Bolivia; it is of compact growth, and its branches terminate in large bunches of beautiful drooping flowers, about three inches long and of a rich carmine crimson colour, with bright carmine corolla. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CANARY BIRD, a showy and attractive variety; foliage of a golden yellow colour; leaves prettily veined; flowers well formed; tube and sepals scarlet, the latter broad and finely reflexed; corolla a rich dark purple colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CH. DARWIN, a dwarf and free-flowering variety, obtained from a cross between *F. Dominiana* and *F. serratifolia*; it has tubular flowers of a brilliant rosy carmine colour; the sepals long, slightly reflexed, rose tipped with yellowish green; long expanded corolla of a reddish yellow colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

DR. GORDON, this variety is from the same cross as the preceding; it is of dwarf habit and produces drooping flowers nearly four inches long; the tube is of a brilliant purplish rose colour; the sepals pointed with orange yellow; the corolla is very wide and of a rich orange vermilion colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ED. ANDRE, an extremely free flowering variety, obtained from a cross between *F. Dominiana* and *F. serratifolia*, resembling the latter in its narrow foliage and in the form of its flowers, which are very large, with open corolla of a pale orange colour and long carmine tube and sepals, which are yellowish at the points. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GRACILIS VARIEGATA, an elegant variety of good habit, with lance-oval leaves, broadly margined with white. 1*s.* 6*d.*

H. LECOQ, an attractive variety, obtained from a cross between *F. Dominiana* and *F. serratifolia*; it has large tube-shaped flowers about one and a half to two inches long, carmine red at the base and dark rose at the summit; straw coloured recurved sepals; rosy orange corolla; dwarf habit. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MICROPHYLLA, a distinct species with miniature foliage, flowers and growth. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PROCUMBENS, a distinct and interesting species; the flowers are about three-quarters of an inch long, with a linear-oblong ovary, surmounted by an orange-yellow funnel-shaped calyx tube which is divided at the throat into four reflexed segments, nearly as long as the tube and of a deep violet colour edged with green. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 6139. 1*s.* 6*d.*

FUCHSIAS—continued.

RAINBOW, an extremely pretty variety with attractively variegated leaves, the colours of which are rose, white and crimson on a light green ground; the flowers have a double white corolla contrasting well with the bright carmine tube and sepals, the latter being nicely reflexed. 3*s.* 6*d.*

RICCARTONI, a beautiful hardy variety, useful for out-door planting. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SPLENDENS, a free-blooming attractive species, producing rich crimson flowers with the ends of the sepals light green; it is of free growth and easy cultivation, continues a long time in beauty, and is very useful as a winter-flowering plant. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SUNRAY, a beautiful plant, with leaves of a rich bright crimson, white and bronzy green, in about equal parts; the flowers are of fine form; scarlet tube and sepals; light purple corolla. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

When in Japan, the late Mr. Fortune sent to this country seven remarkable Chrysanthemums, which proved exceedingly distinct in size, form and colour, from the ordinary kinds grown here. From the types then introduced, have been raised the following, which are still more remarkable for their diversity, possessing as they do either enormous size, peculiarity of form or novelty of colour. Although of a distinct type from the Chrysanthemums in general cultivation, no difference in treatment or soil is necessary to secure a succession of Flowers from November until January or February. Many of them remain longer in bloom, and bloom later than the Chinese kinds, so that we may have our greenhouses gay with them all through the dull winter months, when flowers are scarce. The effect produced in the conservatory by their fantastic forms and brilliant colours, is most novel and pleasing, many of their immense blooms having more the appearance of tassels formed of the gay plumage of tropical birds than of flowers.

Excepting those priced, all 6*d. each, or* 40*s. per* 100.

AGRÉMENTS DE LA NATURE, golden yellow shaded with reddish brown; a fine large well-formed flower. 5*s.*

ALPHONSE XII., a fine large flower of a rich reddish salmon colour; very distinct and showy. 3*s.* 6*d.*

AMARANTINA CARMINATA, bright amaranth tipped with white; a fine flower.

ARLEQUIN, dark crimson tipped and blotched with gold; a very effective variety.

BELLE GABRIELLE, a very full flower of a rich rosy violet colour, the reverse of the florets silvery and tipped with pure white. 5*s.*

BERTIER RENDATLER, bright canary, the florets darkly tipped; a fine large showy flower. 1*s.*

BISMARCK, bright orange shaded with amber.

BOUQUET FAIT, immense flowers with twisted florets; colour rich rose and silvery white, with golden centre; very fine. 1*s.*

CERÈS, a magnificent flower of a beautiful blush pink colour. 5*s.*

COMTESSE DE BEAUREGARD, light rose; a beautiful flower.

DAIJ GAKKO, reddish bronze colour; the reverse of the florets orange. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DIAMOND, bronze mixed with orange; a fine large flower.

DR. AUDIGUIER, rich amaranth crimson, marbled white; reverse of florets silvery white. 1*s.*

DR. MASTERS, a very distinct and showy variety, with long sword-like florets, opening with a large centre of bright yellow, the exterior being formed of showy red florets, and the centre changing to red as the flower-heads expand, the florets then becoming tipped with gold.

DOLORES, a fine flower with very large florets of a rich dark violet colour. 5*s.*

DUCHESS DE GEROLSTEIN, a very fine full flower, the large florets of a pure rose colour, with whitish reflections. 5*s.*

ELAINE, white, the reverse of the florets slightly tinted with carmine; a very fine large free flower.

ELÉGANCE, a very full flower with curled florets of a dark violet colour, with lighter shade and white centre. 5*s.*

EMERANDE, a fine large flower, with very long recurved florets of a reddish salmon colour shaded with yellow; golden centre. 5*s.*

ESPÉRANCE, a fine large flower with curiously twisted florets of a rosy lilac colour, tipped with white; very distinct and beautiful.

ETHEL, pure white; a beautifully formed flower with broad florets; very fine.

ETOILE DU MIDI, a very large full flower of a bright orange red colour; the centre florets slightly curled. 5*s.*

FAIR MAID OF GUERNSEY, pure white; a fine large flower.

FLAMBEAU, a fine large round flower with recurved florets of a rich orange crimson colour; the reverse of the florets of a beautiful golden yellow. 5*s.*

FULGARE, a large full flower, with long twisted florets of a rosy purple colour.

FULTON, a large and fine flower, with long twisted florets of a clear bright yellow colour.

GARNET, light blood red or garnet; flower-heads composed of long curled florets, which form a kind of drooping fringe round an anemone centre.

GLOIRE DE TOULOUSE, rich amaranth crimson; a very fine flower.

GLOIRE RAYONNANTE, an enormous flower, with quilled florets of a clear satiny rose colour, with slight lilac shade. 5*s.*

GLORIOSUM, flower-heads of large size, composed of very long slender florets of a bright orange colour, curiously twisted and curled.

GRANDIFLORUM, a fine large tasselled flower of a golden yellow colour.

GUILLAUME DELAUX, an immense flower with very long florets of a rich orange red colour; golden yellow on the reverse side; very distinct and attractive. 1*s.* 6*d.*

HIVER FLEURI, very large double flowers, cream colour, tinted with rosy violet, the edges of the florets and centre of the flower buff yellow; novel and distinct.

HOFGAERTNER LEBL, a beautifully formed flower, with curled and twisted florets of a magenta rose colour, striped with white. 5*s.*

ILLUSTRATION, an extremely distinct and effective variety, producing fine large flowers of a shaded golden yellow colour. 5*s.*

JAMES SALTER, clear lilac or mauve, shaded towards the centre; flower-heads very double, and of immense size, composed of broad curled florets.

JANE SALTER, white, bordered and striped with rosy lilac; large flower-heads composed of long broad curled florets; early and very free flowering. Illustrated in the *Floral Magazine*.

KATAKANA, brilliant orange, shaded saffron, and striped with yellow; the reverse of the florets yellow.

LA CHARMEUSE, very large flowers of a rich bright amaranth colour.

LA FRISURE, a fine large full flower, with peculiarly twisted and curled florets of a soft rose colour marked with white; the under side of the florets being of a silvery shade. 1*s.*

LA NUIT, an immense flower, with very long quilled florets of a dark reddish crimson colour, the reverse of the florets golden yellow; a very curious and showy variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LA NYMPHE, a very pretty flower of a delicate peach colour shaded with white.

LAURENCE, a magnificent flower, of a soft rose colour, with silvery reflections and violet rose markings; golden centre. 5*s.*

LE NEGRE, blackish maroon, tipped with fiery red; very fine. 1*s.*

LILACEUM ROSEUM, rosy lilac; a very fine large flower, with broad florets. 1*s.*

MADAME BERTIER RENDATLER, large flowers, very double and of fine form; nankeen shaded with rose; quite a novel colour; a free blooming and attractive variety. 1*s.*

MADAME BOUCHARLET AINÉ, a magnificent flower, with long quilled florets of a beautiful canary yellow colour; one of the finest varieties of this colour. 1*s.*

MADAME CLEMENCE AUDIGEUR, a magnificent variety, producing immense flowers of fine shape, with broad florets of a soft rosy lilac colour shaded with mauve. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME EMILE DUFOUR, rosy mauve with light back, a fine flower; very pretty and effective. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MDLLE. ANNA DELAUX, a beautiful variety, producing fine large white flowers, shaded with rosy violet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MARGUERITE MONARCH, rich bronzy crimson, tipped with gold, the reverse of the florets bright yellow; a remarkably fine showy flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MAGNUM BONUM, rosy lilac, with lighter back; the flower-heads, which are very large, are composed of broad flat fringed florets.

M. BOUSQUET, clear yellow and chamois; a fine showy flower. 5*s.*

M. BRUNET, a very large flower, with long florets of a lilac colour, tipped with white; a fine and distinct variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

M. CASTEL, a very large, fine, full flower, of a rich bright crimson colour, the reverse of the florets golden yellow; remarkably distinct and showy. 3*s.* 6*d.*

M. CHARLES HUBERT, an enormous flower, very double, with vertical florets, of a canary yellow colour; producing large trusses of from eight to ten very fine flowers.

M. CROUSSE, crimson, central florets incurved, and of a golden yellow colour. 1*s*.

M. DELAUX, a very fine full large flower, of a rich reddish crimson colour; the florets which are long and twisted, are of a beautiful golden yellow colour on their under side. 1*s*.

M. EUGÈNE POURQUIÉ, a fine full flower, with very long curled florets of a reddish salmon colour with golden shading; extremely attractive. 5*s*.

M. JUAN CRUZ DE EGUILEOR, an immense flower, with very long recurved florets, of a bright reddish crimson colour; the reverse of the florets is golden yellow, giving the flower the appearance of a large golden ball. 5*s*.

M. LEMOINE, a large double flower of a rich reddish crimson colour, tipped with bright yellow; golden centre, the reverse of the florets buff yellow; distinct and striking.

M. P. WOLKENSTEIN, a fine large flower, with very long curled florets of a bright rose colour, flaked with pure white. 5*s*.

M. RICHARDS LARIOS, an enormous flower, with very large florets of a rich dark rose and brilliant violet colour, tipped with pure white; very novel and attractive. 3*s*. 6*d*.

M. RIEUX, a very large and full flower of a mahogany red colour, changing to golden yellow and purple; very distinct and beautiful. 2*s*. 6*d*.

M. ROUX, a large flower, with laciniated florets of a beautiful dark reddish crimson colour, marked with white in the centre; a superb variety. 2*s*. 6*d*.

NEC PLUS ULTRA, dark chamois, spotted with yellow, well formed and very double.

NUIT D'AUTOMNE, a very fine variety, with partially incurved flowers of a fiery crimson amaranth colour. 1*s*.

NUIT D'HIVER, saffron bronze, tinted with brown and tipped with golden yellow; the reverse of the florets sulphur yellow; dwarf and free.

PARASOL, a very large and fine incurved flower of a golden buff colour, shaded with rich salmon; very free blooming and attractive. 2*s*. 6*d*.

PÈRE DÉLAUX, an attractive variety, with immense flowers of a rich velvety reddish brown colour; remarkably showy. 1*s*.

PETER THE GREAT, fine large flowers of a lemon yellow colour; very free.

PLUIE D'OR, a well formed full flower, with large florets of a beautiful jonquil yellow colour; a very fine and distinct variety. 5*s*.

PURPUREUM ALBUM, rich purple, mottled and spotted white; flower heads of medium size, and not unlike a bunch of purple and white ribbon formed into a loose tassel.

RED DRAGON, red chestnut, tipped with yellow, and sometimes spotted with gold; flower-heads very double, and of immense size.

REINE DES BEAUTÉS, small double flowers, with long recurved florets of a most brilliant crimson colour; the reverse of the florets golden yellow; very fine. 1*s*.

RÊVE DE PRINTEMPS, a dwarf growing variety, producing fine heads of large flowers of a rich dark violet carmine colour; the florets are silvery white on the reverse side, and incurved over the centre. 5*s*.

RICHE BOUQUET, white, striped with lilac and rose; the florets bordered with pure white; golden centre; a dwarf and very free flowering variety. 5*s*.

ROB ROY, tubular florets purple red, with the expanded portions pale amber, like the colours of the wild honeysuckle.

ROSA BONHEUR, immense flowers of a rich deep violet colour, shaded with carmine; a novel and attractive variety. 1*s*.

ROSE SUPRÊME, delicate rose, lighter towards the edge of the flower, and slightly tinted with lilac in the centre. 1*s*.

ROSETTA, dark rose purple, back of the florets, which are of great length and twisted and curled in the most fantastic manner, of a silvery-lilac colour; a novel and curious variety.

R. T. BIGGS, a very fine large showy flower of a rich crimson colour.

RUBRA STRIATA, a fine large full flower of a light golden yellow colour, striped and flaked with violet and reddish crimson; remarkably effective. 5*s*.

SARNIA, white, with a beautiful stripe down each floret; very novel and distinct.

SOURCE D'OR, golden yellow, rayed and speckled with dark yellow; a very fine large flower. 1*s*.

SOUVENIR DE REINE MARIE, a fine large full flower of a beautiful rosy violet colour, with silvery reflections, each floret bordered with silvery white; a very pretty variety. 5*s*.

STAR, very large orange yellow florets, of great breadth and length, radiating from a golden disc.

STRIATUM, white striped with rose. 1*s*.

STRIATUM PERFECTUM, a very fine flower with large florets; white, beautifully striped and flaked with violet rose. 5*s*.

JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS—continued.

TENDRESSE, large and very full flowers of a soft chamois colour, bordered with rose; a beautiful variety, novel and distinct.

THE COSSACK, maroon and yellow; a showy and attractive flower.

THE DAIMIO, pale pink, changing to rosy-lilac; flower-heads large, double, and of great substance; an attractive variety of the ribbon-formed section.

THE SULTAN, flower-heads of immense size, composed of a mass of bright rosy-purple florets, with a lighter back; a highly ornamental variety.

TOKIO, rich deep bright crimson; a magnificent shade of colour; reverse of florets gold colour; a splendid flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TRIOMPHE DE LA RUE DU CHATÊLET, an immense flower, of beautiful form and very distinct; colour salmon, shaded rose, with golden yellow centre; very fine. 1*s.*

TRIOMPHE DE SAINT MARTIN, an enormous flower; the outer florets very long and quilled; the central florets flat and short; colour silvery white shaded with violet rose; golden centre bordered with rosy carmine; unique and attractive. 5*s.*

VICEROY OF EGYPT, deep rosy crimson and white back, first row of florets quilled, the rest very broad and curled inwards.

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

Excepting those priced, all 6*d. each, or* 40*s. per* 100.

ABBÉ PASSAGLIA, brassy amber, broad incurved florets; a beautiful show flower.

AIMÉE FERRIÈRE, silver white, beautifully tipped with rose pink, incurved and very fine.

ALFONSO, a late-blooming variety, producing very fine large flowers of a bright glowing crimson colour, tipped with gold; extremely showy and attractive.

ALFRED SALTER, delicate pink; a very large, fine and beautifully incurved flower.

ARIADNE, cream and rose, a very pleasing colour; large and fine for specimens.

AUREUM MULTIFLORUM, bright pure yellow, incurved, of medium size, dwarf and fine.

BARBARA, an exceedingly fine variety, of a very rich and bright golden yellow colour; it is a splendid incurved show flower, very full, double, and perfectly symmetrical.

BARON BEUST, red chestnut, with gold tips on the under surface; florets smooth and finely incurved.

BEAUTY, peach blush; a beautiful flower.

BEETHOVEN, bronzed red, with slight golden tips on the under surface; florets broad, stiff and finely incurved; very double and of free habit.

BEVERLEY, large ivory white broad incurved florets of exquisite form; a splendid show flower.

BOULE DE NEIGE, a splendid white flower of large size and good form. 5*s.*

BRONZE JARDIN DES PLANTES, bronzed orange, with yellow centre; a very fine incurved flower.

C. E. WATERS, a fine show flower of a rich amber colour, beautifully incurved.

CHERUB, golden amber, with rosy tint; a large and finely incurved flower.

CHEVALIER DOMAGE, bright gold, splendid colour.

CLEOPATRA, blush, with rosy shade, beautifully incurved.

DAPHNE, sulphur, incurved; a fine pot plant.

DIANE, very pure white; a fine flower of excellent shape. 5*s.*

DIDO, sulphur white, with stiff incurved florets, very double, dwarf compact habit and very fine.

DR. LINDLEY, a large flower, dark orange, with amber centre; broad incurved florets.

DR. ROZAS, rose crimson, incurved and very fine.

DR. SHARPE, a very fine flower of a crimson magenta colour.

DUKE OF EDINBURGH, rose lilac with lighter centre, very large and finely incurved.

EMBLEM, a fine large flower of a light rosy purple colour; very showy and effective.

EMPRESS OF INDIA, *vide* WHITE QUEEN OF ENGLAND.

E. SANDERSON, a very fine flower of a bronzy red colour; showy and attractive. 1*s.*

EVE, sulphur yellow, incurved; a delicate flower.

EXQUISITE, a fine variety, with very full and double blossoms, of exquisitely incurved form; colour a bright golden yellow, the outer petals shaded orange and reflected salmon. 1*s.*

FAUST, bronze crimson purple, incurved and very full, extra fine dwarf habit and foliage.

FINGAL, a large flower, rose violet with lighter back, very double and symmetrical, florets wide and finely incurved, a noble show flower.

FLORA, bright lilac peach, shading off to white ; florets broad and finely incurved.

FRÉMY, a beautiful flower with laciniated florets of a rich orange colour tipped with bright gold ; extremely attractive. 5*s.*

GARIBALDI, red chestnut, very large attractive flower-heads.

GAZELLE, bright crimson tipped with yellow ; an exceedingly attractive variety, of dwarf compact growth ; flowers large and of fine form.

GEORGE PEABODY, pearl white, back of florets dark lilac purple, beautifully incurved and very double ; a first-rate show flower. Figured in the *Floral Magazine.*

GLOBE WHITE (WHITE GLOBE), incurved and fine.

GLORIA MUNDI, brilliant golden yellow, beautifully incurved, very high in the centre, fine dwarf habit and very free.

GOLDEN BEVERLEY, golden canary colour ; a beautiful incurved show flower.

GOLDEN CHRISTINE, golden buff, large and fine for specimens.

GOLDEN EMPRESS OF INDIA, fine incurved flower, of a beautiful golden yellow colour.

GOLDEN JOHN SALTER, golden yellow changing to amber ; a very fine flower.

GOLDEN QUEEN OF ENGLAND, golden canary ; very large and fine.

GOLDEN TRILBY, clear yellow ; a finely incurved flower.

HERCULES, large red carmine, incurved ; this, when well grown, is the largest variety known.

HERO OF STOKE NEWINGTON, rosy blush shaded with purple.

IONA, bright citron yellow, beautifully incurved, high centre and a model of form.

JARDIN DES PLANTES, bright golden orange ; a splendid colour ; flowers finely incurved.

JOHN SALTER, reddish crimson shading off to orange in the centre ; a fine incurved flower.

JULIE LAGRAVÈRE, dark velvety crimson, finer colour than *Bob ;* extra fine.

KING OF DENMARK, bright rosy lilac ; incurved and fine.

LADY HARDING, delicate rosy pink, tipped with blush, large and finely incurved.

LADY SLADE, delicate lilac pink with blush centre ; beautifully incurved.

LADY TALFOURD, delicate rose lilac with silvery back, florets beautifully incurved and of a shell-like form, very double and of medium size.

LEDA, large white ; a fine late flowering variety.

LE GRAND, extra large, florets broad and stout, elegantly incurved, colour delicate rosy peach, shading to fawn, the florets next the centre faintly striped.

L'ÈMIR, light crimson, incurved and fine.

LORD DERBY, very dark purple, florets broad and finely incurved, flower-heads globular or cone-shaped ; a most splendid variety either for cut blooms or specimens.

LORD PALMERSTON, rose amaranth, tipped silvery blush, incurved, distinct and fine.

LORD STANLEY, large orange amber, finely incurved.

LUNA, golden yellow, with small brown tips, incurved ; a fine show flower.

MADAME CHATÈ, large flower, fine broad florets ; white, striped lilac ; cream coloured centre. 1*s.*

MADAME PAGES, creamy white ; yellowish towards the centre of the flower ; a very pretty variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME ROUX, a fine incurved flower, of a beautiful reddish amaranth colour ; the reverse of the florets light violet. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MARÉCHAL DUROC, fine rose and lilac, incurved.

MONARCH, dark Indian red ; back of the florets golden yellow ; finely incurved and of immense size ; a magnificent show flower.

MOUNT EDGCUMBE, transparent sulphur white, delicately tinted with rose ; very large, double and beautifully incurved. Figured in the *Floral Magazine.*

MOUNT ETNA, a fine flower of a chestnut red colour.

M. DUARTE OLIVEIRA JUNIOR, a large imbricated flower of good form, with florets of an orange yellow colour, striped, maculated and margined with bright carmine. 5*s.*

MR. BRUNLEES, large Indian red, with tips incurved ; a fine showy flower.

MR. COBAY, a splendid flower of a ruby red colour ; fine for specimens and cut blooms.

MR. GEORGE GLENNY, a very fine large flower of a bright amber or straw colour.

MR. JAMES LAING, a very finely-formed flower, with broad incurving florets of a bright yellow colour slightly suffused at the base ; dwarf and of excellent habit.

MR. W. H. MORGAN, a very fine large flower of a bright yellow colour.

MRS. DIXON, a remarkably fine flower of a rich golden yellow colour ; very attractive.

MRS. G. RUNDLE, white, beautifully incurved.

MRS. HALIBURTON, sulphur white ; a fine incurved flower.

MRS. HEALE, pure white ; flowers of exquisite form.

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERING CHRYSANTHEMUMS—continued.

MRS. W. SHIPMAN, incurved large flower, beautiful fawn shade; fine and distinct. 1*s.*
MULBERRY, dark mulberry, not large, but incurved; fine and very distinct.
NIL DESPERANDUM, dark red and orange; a fine showy flower.
NOVELTY, large blush, beautifully incurved, but requires good cultivation.
ONDINE, cream, tipped rose-lilac and lighter centre, fine incurved form.
ORANGE ANNIE SALTER, bright orange; well adapted for specimens or the conservatory.
OSSIAN, large rose, incurved, very double and free; an attractive conservatory plant.
PATRIE, a very fine flower with large florets of a clear rose colour. 5*s.*
PINK PERFECTION, soft pink, the lower florets tinted with a darker shade; flower-heads large and of exquisite form, composed of broad incurved wax-like florets of great substance.
PRINCE ALFRED, a very large and fine flower of a rosy-crimson colour.
PRINCE OF WALES, dark purple-violet, with lighter shade, beautifully incurved.
PRINCESS BEATRICE, this variety has grand incurved flower-heads, of the finest form and style, and the colour is a beautiful lively tint of rosy-pink; a splendid show flower.
PRINCESS OF WALES, pearl white; a very fine flower.
PROGNE, amaranth; a very brilliant colour; the flowers have the odour of violets.
PURPUREUM ELEGANS, rich purple-violet or crimson, with half-incurved florets, of medium size, very double and free; a scarce and most attractive shade of colour.
REFULGENS, a fine flower of good form; colour a deep claret-crimson; very attractive.
RIFLEMAN, dark ruby, beautifully incurved, fine for cut blooms or specimens.
RIVAL LITTLE HARRY, dark yellow or golden amber, very double and finely incurved; a seedling from *Little Harry*, with broader florets and more robust habit, but equally dwarf.
ROTUNDIFLORUM, pearl white, changing to pale lilac as the flower-head expands, when it becomes a complete ball; florets broad, stiff, and finely incurved.
SERAPH, sulphur, with yellow centre, finely incurved.
STAFFA, golden-yellow, with stiff incurved florets of wax-like appearance.
SULPHUREUM SUPERBUM, clear sulphur-yellow, very double and fine for specimens.
THE REV. C. BOYS, bright shining crimson, faintly shaded at tip of florets, which are very broad, stout and beautifully incurved; a splendid exhibition variety, very free and of good habit.
VIOLET UNIQUE, a beautifully formed flower of a dark carmine violet colour; very fine. 1*s.*
WHITE EVE, pure white, of exquisite form and wax-like appearance.
WHITE GLOBE, *vide* GLOBE WHITE.
WHITE QUEEN OF ENGLAND (EMPRESS OF INDIA), ivory white, finely incurved.
WHITE VENUS, pure white; a finely incurved flower.
ZEPHYR, salmon red and yellow, incurved and fine.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.—ANEMONE-FLOWERED.

ACQUISITION, bright rose-lilac and yellow disc; guard florets broad and regular; centre very high and round; a splendid flower.
BIJOU, bright rosy purple; guard florets broad and stiff; disc high and finely formed.
FAIR MARGARET, delicate rose-pink, distinct colour.
FINETTE, a delicate lilac-peach, with lighter centre; guard florets broad and well arranged.
FLEUR DE MARIE, a splendid large white flower.
GEORGES SAND, red with gold centre; a very attractive variety.
GLUCK, golden yellow; a very fine flower.
LADY MARGARET, large white anemone, with double row of guard florets.
L'AFRICAINE, a splendid flower with golden centre, and very large florets of a rich deep crimson colour, shaded with very dark brown, and tipped with golden yellow. 5*s.*
M. CHATÉ, a beautifully formed flower; outer florets rosy peach; centre white, tipped rose. 1*s.*
MISS EYRE, blush, with yellow centre, medium size, dwarf habit, and very free.
MRS. PETHERS, rosy-lilac; a beautiful flower.
PRINCE OF ANEMONES, large lilac blush, and fine high centre.
PRINCESS LOUISE, delicate rosy-lilac, with a full high centre; very fine.
PRINCESS MARGUERITE, lilac-pink, with lighter centre.
VIRGINALE, pure white; a very dwarf late-flowering variety.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.—POMPON, LILIPUTIAN AND HYBRID.

Excepting those priced, all 6d. each, or 40s. per 100.

AIGLE D'OR, hybrid, splendid canary yellow.

AMPHILLA, a most useful and effective variety, flowers of a bright glowing red colour.

ANNETTE, silvery lilac, tipped with purple; creamy white towards the centre of the flower; full, and of good form. 1*s.*

ARIOSTO, a fine flower of an attractive amaranth crimson colour, slightly shaded with yellow; very dwarf, and prettily fringed.

AURORE, very fine bright orange coloured flowers of perfect form.

BERROL, golden yellow; extra fine for specimen plants.

BOLIDE, a very full and regularly formed imbricated flower of a golden yellow colour. 1*s.*

CENDRILLON, a full double flower of a rosy lilac colour, the reverse of the florets white; a dwarf-growing and early-flowering variety.

CHAMPS ELYSÉES, an attractive flower of a rich violet-amaranth colour; extra fine.

CRIMSON PERFECTION, a most desirable and effective variety, with beautiful bright crimson flowers; one of the richest and best colours in the Pompon section.

DANAE, bright gold, very dwarf, abundant bloomer, and fine for specimens.

DRIN DRIN, clear yellow; very fine.

ERNEST BENARY, a full well-formed flower, white, tinted with rose; very dwarf and free.

FABIOLA, a very dwarf-habited variety, freely producing large corymbs of pretty lilac flowers with fine broad florets.

GÉNÉRAL CANROBERT, pure yellow; very fine for specimens.

GERBE D'OR, a well-formed flower of a beautiful Jonquil yellow colour; very fine. 5*s.*

GERMAINE CLERMONT, a fine imbricated flower of beautiful shape; colour rich violet-rose with silvery reflections; the base of the florets pure white. 5*s.*

HECLA, an attractive variety, producing flowers of a very bright amaranth colour.

IRIS, white, tipped with bright pink, double, and of fine form.

JASON, bright clear amaranth; a beautifully-formed medium-sized hybrid flower, distinct and attractive; of dwarf habit and very free-flowering.

JERSEY GEM, golden yellow; flowers of excellent form with the florets slightly and prettily laciniated, and lightly tipped with crimson on the back. 1*s.*

JULIA ENGLEBACK, yellow and brown points; very distinct and fine.

LA RENONCULE, rosy-carmine, tipped with gold; a fine flower. 1*s.*

LOUIS DE MORVAY, a very fine imbricated flower, with fimbriated florets of a lilac-rose colour, with silvery white reflections. 5*s.*

LUCIEN CABOCHE, light rose-pink; new colour and fine.

LUCRÈCE, a splendid variety, producing finely-formed fimbriated flowers of a very brilliant orange colour, shaded with reddish-brown.

MADAME DE VATRY, rose, lilac, and white.

MADAME EUGÈNE DOMAGE, pure white; very fine.

MADAME FERRAND, clear rosy-lilac, all the florets finely embroidered with pure white, flower medium, reflexed; a very fine variety.

MADAME RIEUX, a beautiful flower with laciniated florets of a soft rosy-peach colour, changing to creamy white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME RIVAL VERNE, a very dwarf and free-flowering variety, producing fine trusses of full well-formed creamy white flowers, with golden centre; excellent for bedding.

MADEMOISELLE ELISA LAYEILLON, a pretty little fimbriated flower with pure white centre, bordered with rosy-carmine; the florets lightly tipped with gold passing to white. 5*s.*

MADEMOISELLE MARTHE, pure white, good well-formed flowers; a useful variety.

MADEMOISELLE POURQUIÉ, a magnificent variety, producing fine heads of beautifully imbricated flowers of a rich lilac shaded carmine, the florets lightly bordered with white. 5*s.*

MARIE CROZAT, rich crimson-purple, with light tips to the florets; flowers of very fine form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

M. BONAMY AINÉ, clear amaranth; all the florets toothed and curled, and silvery white on the reverse side; very distinct and showy. 2*s.* 6*d.*

M. FÉLIX SEIGNOR, a large flower of a golden yellow ground colour, completely flamed and shaded with rich red. 5*s.*

POMPON, LILIPUTIAN AND HYBRID CHRYSANTHEMUMS—continued.

M. HOSTE, pure snowy white, finely-formed flowers ; excellent for bouquets. 1*s.*

M. JOSÉ MARQUÈS LOUREIRO, a beautifully imbricated flower of a reddish-orange colour, flaked and tipped with golden yellow ; very distinct and effective. 5*s.*

M. ULRICH, a very fine full flower, of a reddish-amaranth colour, tipped with white.

MUSTAPHA, dark brown-crimson ; very free.

OLIVAR, a fine hybrid, extremely dwarf and floriferous ; clear light brown flowers of excellent form ; very distinct and pretty.

ORNATA, a well-formed imbricated flower of an orange-red colour, shaded with gold ; extremely distinct and attractive. 5*s.*

PABLO, fine flowers, excessively full and beautifully fringed ; rose colour, slightly tinged with purple ; very showy and attractive.

POLYCARP, medium-sized flowers of a light rosy-peach colour ; prettily fringed.

PRESIDENT DECAISNE, rosy carmine, fine violet scented.

PRINCE VICTOR, dark red maroon, double, and fine.

PRINCESS MATHILDE, violet-rose, shaded with purple ; flowers of good form and beautifully imbricated. 5*s.*

PROSERPINE, a very dwarf variety, of a bright yellow colour.

RAJAH, a floriferous variety of dwarf habit, producing medium-sized bright rose flowers.

ROSE D'AMOUR, clear rose, full size, very fine and free, and of dwarf habit.

ROSE DE LA CASTILE, a small fimbriated flower of exquisite shape ; colour rich rose shaded with carmine ; base of the florets white ; centre pure white. 5*s.*

ROSE TREVENNA, rosy blush, extra fine.

ROSINA, a pretty flower, of a beautiful pink colour, with the back of the florets bright carmine.

SAINT JUSTIA, red and orange, fine.

SAINT MICHAEL, very bright gold, equal in colour to *Jardin des Plantes*, dwarf habit.

SALAMON, dark rose-carmine, very free and fine.

SANGUINEUM, rich dark reddish crimson with citron coloured centre ; very pretty. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SOIRÉE D'ETÉ, a beautifully formed flower with large flat petals ; white marked with bright rosy red ; golden centre ; very pretty. 5*s.*

VARIEGATUM, an exceedingly pretty variety with large well-formed flowers of a light magenta colour, the florets tipped and margined with white. 1*s.*

CHRYSANTHEMUMS—ANEMONE-FLOWERED POMPON.

AGATHA, flowers very full and double, of a blush-pink colour, tipped with gold ; a pretty dwarf variety. 1*s.*

CALLIOPE, bright ruby-red, with full high centre, very fine.

DICK TURPIN, guard petals bright magenta, centre deep orange.

EUGÉNE LAUJAULET, hybrid, yellow, with orange centre, fine.

FIREFLY, bright capucin-scarlet, with high centre, a very distinct and striking colour.

GRACE DARLING, fine lilac, with blush centre.

LILAC CEDO NULLI, rose-lilac, fine for specimens.

MADAME MONTELS, hybrid, white, with yellow centre, very distinct and beautiful.

MARIE STUART, lilac-blush, with high sulphur centre, very fine.

MISS NIGHTINGALE, blush, with white centre, very full and fine.

MR. ASTIE, golden yellow, dwarf and splendid form.

MRS. WYNESS, rose-lilac, high centre, free and fine.

SIDONIE, lilac, with high blush centre, full sized.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS—SUMMER-FLOWERING.

These varieties bloom during the month of June, July, August, September and October.

CASSY, a light flower, tipped with lilac.

HENDERSONI, yellow, a very early variety.

LE LUXEMBOURG, yellow, an attractive flower.

LUCINDA, rosy lilac and blush, full and fine.

SUMMER-FLOWERING CHRYSANTHEMUMS—continued.

MADAME C. DESGRANGE, medium-sized white flowers of Japanese character; very useful and effective.

MADAME DUFOY, pure white; a very fine flower. 1*s.*

NANUM, a very free-blooming variety of dwarf branching habit, producing beautiful blush-white flowers.

PRÉCOCITÉ, a remarkably free-blooming variety, producing its pretty light yellow flowers in the utmost profusion.

SCARLET GEM, fine bright reddish crimson, very dwarf.

SNOWDROP, white, a useful and free-flowering variety.

SOUVENIR DE M. RAMPONT, a dwarf and free-blooming variety, flowers of a beautiful rich reddish brown colour. 1*s.*

SOUVENIR D'UN AMI, snow-white flowers of good shape; dwarf habit and very free blooming. 1*s.* 6*d.*

Excepting those priced, all the preceding Chrysanthemums 6*d. each, or* 40*s. per* 100.

NEW COLEUS.

For new varieties offered for the first time, vide pages 24 and 25.

ANNIHILATOR, rich dark velvety maroon; the centre of the leaf beautifully rayed with bright magenta-crimson, and the serrated margin tipped with green; a very showy variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ATTRACTION, ground colour of the leaf golden yellow, reticulated and blotched with rosy crimson; in some leaves the lower half is entirely of a rich rosy crimson colour; the leaves are narrowly edged with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BRIGHTNESS, rich bright crimson with slight purplish shade; the leaf is margined with chocolate, and tipped with green on the edge; it is a bright looking and effective kind. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CHAMPION, chocolate colour; the midrib and side-veins marked out with lines of bright magenta-crimson, margined with greenish yellow and slightly spotted with green; a beautiful variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CUPID, the leaves of this variety are of a very light pale green shade with creamy white centre, which radiates outwards in the course of the veins towards the margin. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DELIGHT, centre of the leaf soft rosy purple, ornamented with patches of bronzy green between the veins; the margin of the leaf is bronzy green and the teeth are tipped with bright green. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DIAMOND, ground colour of leaves soft rose with slight violet tint veined with purple, and occasionally blotched with bronzy green; the margins tipped with yellow. 3*s.* 6*d.*

FIREBALL, intensely bright reddish crimson; the serrated margin tipped with gold; the centre of the leaf slightly marked with bronze. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ILLUMINATOR, centre of leaf rich rosy magenta, surrounded with dark velvety bronze colour, and margined with green. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MAGNIFICENT, rich velvety bronze, the whole surface of the leaf attractively veined and blotched with magenta-rose, the margins tipped with yellowish green. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NIMROD, the leaves of this showy variety are of a bright green colour, veined with rich magenta-crimson, and marked on each side of the midrib with dark crimson-maroon; the outer part of the leaf is slightly spotted with maroon. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NONSUCH, small green centre blotched with maroon; outer portion of leaf of a rich velvety crimson colour with chocolate markings; margined with golden yellow. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SOVEREIGN, rich dark velvety bronze with feathered centre of magenta-rose; the edges of the leaf tipped with green. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SPANGLE, rich bright amaranth-crimson, with small greenish centre, and bright golden yellow margin; a rich velvety-looking leaf. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SULTANA, a showy variety with foliage of a rich bright velvety crimson colour, shaded with maroon and irregularly blotched with golden yellow; the margin of the leaf toothed and tipped with greenish yellow. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ADMIRATION, 1*s.*
ALARM, 2*s.* 6*d.*
ALLIANCE, *vide* page 24.
AMAZEMENT, 2*s.* 6*d.*
AMI CONSTANT, 1*s.*
ANGELIC, *vide* page 24.
ANNETTE, *vide* page 24.
ARTHUR W. SUTTON, 1*s.*
AURORA, 1*s.*
AUTOCRAT, *vide* page 24.
BEAUTY, 1*s.*
BIJOU, 1*s.* 6*d.*
BRIGADE, *vide* page 24.
BRILLIANT, 2*s.* 6*d.*
BUTTERFLY, 1*s.*
CAPTIVATION, 2*s.* 6*d.*
CHELSEA BEAUTY, 2*s.* 6*d.*
CHERUB, 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW COLEUS.

CLAIRE DE CHANDENEUX, 1*s.*
CLOWN, 1*s.*
COMTESSE AGUADO, 1*s.*
CONRAD ROSENTHAL, 1*s.*
CORSAIR, 1*s.*
DAZZLE, 2*s.* 6*d.*
DIADEM, 2*s.* 6*d.*
DIAN, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DISPLAY, *vide* page 24.
DUCHESS OF TECK, 1*s.* 6*d.*
ECLIPSE, 1*s.*
ELDORADO, 1*s.*
ELFRIDA, *vide* page 24.

NEW COLEUS—continued.

EMBLEM, 1*s.* 6*d.*
EMPRESS OF GERMANY, 1*s.* 6*d.*
ERNEST, *vide* page 24.
ERNST BENARY, 1*s.*
EUREUS, *vide* page 24.
FAME, 1*s.*
FASCINATION, 1*s.*
FAVOURITE, 1*s.*
FIREFLY, 1*s.*
FLAMBEAU, 2*s.* 6*d.*
GAIETY, 2*s.* 6*d.*
GARNET, 1*s.*
GEM, 1*s.*
GENERAL, *vide* page 24.
GERTRUDE, *vide* page 24.
GLITTER, 1*s.* 6*d.*
GLOIRE DE MONCEAU, 1*s.*
GLOW, 1*s.*
GOLDEN BEAUTY, 2*s.* 6*d.*
HARLEQUIN, 1*s.*
HARRY VEITCH, 1*s.*
HEBE, *vide* page 24.
HERALD, *vide* page 24.
HESPERUS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
HIEROGLYPHICA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
JAMES BARNSHAW, 1*s.* 6*d.*
JASON, 3*s.* 6*d.*
JOHN BENARY, 1*s.*
JUBILEE, 2*s.* 6*d.*
JUNO, 1*s.* 6*d.*
KAISER WILHELM, 1*s.*
KENTISH FIRE, 1*s.*
LAVINIA, *vide* page 24.
LE COUTANÇONNAIS, 1*s.*
LILIAN, 2*s.* 6*d.*
LONGIFOLIUS PICTUS, 1*s.*
LORD FALMOUTH, 1*s.*
LOVELY, 1*s.* 6*d.*
LURLINE, *vide* page 24.
MAGIC, 1*s.*
MDLLE. LUCIE THOMAS, 1*s.*
MARINER, *vide* page 24.
MARKSMAN, *vide* page 24.
MEDINA, *vide* page 24.
MEMNON, 3*s.* 6*d.*
M. ALFRED DUMESNIL, 1*s.*
M. CASIMIR PERIER, 1*s.*
M. COLMET D'AAGE, 1*s.*
M. DELAUX, 1*s.*
M. DELEUIL, 1*s.*
M. DESBROSSES, 1*s.*
M. J. LINDEN, 1*s.*
M. P. HOCHET, 1*s.*
M. THIBAUT, 1*s.*
MRS. G. SIMPSON, 1*s.* 6*d.*
MULTICOLOR, 1*s.*
MULTICOLOR SPLENDENS, 1*s.*
MUSAICA, 1*s.*
NEPTUNE, *vide* page 24.
NOBILIS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
NON PLUS ULTRA, 1*s.*
ORACLE, *vide* page 24.
PARAGON, 1*s.*
PEGASUS, *vide* page 24.
PERICLES, 2*s.* 6*d.*
PHŒBUS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
PILLAR OF GOLD, 2*s.* 6*d.*
PLACIDA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
PORTIA, 1*s.*
PRINCE OF WALES, 1*s.*
PRINCESS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
QUADRICOLOR, 1*s.*
RAINBOW, 2*s.* 6*d.*
REINE DES BELGES, 7*s.* 6*d.*
ROYAL PURPLE, 1*s.* 6*d.*
ROYALTY, 1*s.*
RUHM VON ERFURT, 1*s.*
SENSATION, 1*s.* 6*d.*
SOWTERII, 2*s.* 6*d.*
SPARKLER, 1*s.*
STARLIGHT, 3*s.* 6*d.*
STELLA, 1*s.*
SULMO, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SUNBEAM, 1*s.*
SUPREME, *vide* page 24.
SURPRISE, 1*s.*
SYBIL, *vide* page 24.
TURBAN, 2*s.* 6*d.*
VICTORY, 2*s.* 6*d.*
WIZARD, 1*s.*
WONDER, 1*s.*
YELLOW GEM, 2*s.* 6*d.*
ZELINDA, *vide* page 24.

NEW AND CHOICE BEDDING AND SOFT-WOODED PLANTS.

ABUTILON, of sorts, *vide* pages 63 and 64.
AGERATUM, of sorts, 6*s.* per dozen.
ALTERNANTHERA, of sorts, 6*s.* per dozen.
BOUVARDIA ALFRED NEUNER, new double white, *vide* page 26.
—— CANDIDISSIMA, 1*s.* 6*d.*

BOUVARDIA DAZZLER.

A splendid variety of bushy compact habit, vigorous growth and extremely floriferous, producing fine clusters of attractive rich scarlet flowers; invaluable both for pot culture and cut blooms. 5*s.*

BOUVARDIA ELEGANS, 1*s.*
—— HUMBOLDTII, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— CORYMBIFLORA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— JASMINOIDES LONGIPETALA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
BOUVARDIA LONGIFLORA FLAMMEA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— MAIDEN'S BLUSH, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— QUEEN OF ROSES, 1*s.* 6*d.*

BOUVARDIA ROSEA OCULATA.

An exceedingly free-blooming variety, producing abundantly, on the lateral as well as terminal shoots, corymbs of delicate flesh-coloured flowers, with deep rose eye; extremely distinct and pretty. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BOUVARDIA UMBELLATA ALBA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— VREELANDII, 1*s.*
BOUVARDIA UMBELLATA CARNEA, 1*s.* 6*d.*

CALCEOLARIA BURBIDGEI.

A free-flowering variety, tho result of a cross between *C. fuchsiæfolia* and *C. Pavoni;* in growth it is intermediate between the two parents; of bushy habit, and produces its golden yellow flowers during the autumn and winter months. 5*s.*

CALCEOLARIA GLUTINOSA.

A distinct and pretty free-flowering species, producing a profusion of bright lemon-yellow coloured flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.* each; 12*s.* per dozen.

CANNAS.

These striking foliage plants, so effective for sub-tropical gardening and border grouping, 12*s.*, 18*s.* and 30*s.* per dozen.

CHRYSANTHEMUM FRUTESCENS, 1*s.*
—— —— ALICE CROUSSE, 5*s.*
—— —— COMTE DE CHAMBORD, 1*s.* 6*d.*
CHRYSANTHEMUM FRUTESCENS ETOILE D'OR, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— GRANDIFLORUM, 1*s.*

COPROSMA BAUERIANA PICTURATA.

A free-growing and effective bedding plant, differing from the *C. Baueriana variegata* in having central instead of marginal variegation. The leaves are ovate and bluntly rounded, and they have a smooth surface of pale green, marked with blotches of pale yellow and creamy white. 3*s.* 6*d.*

COPROSMA BAUERIANA VARIEGATA.

This is a very useful variegated-leaved bedding plant, and for border or ribbon planting is extremely effective; indeed it is one of the most attractive and useful of summer bedding plants. It has moderate-sized glossy obovate leaves, which are bright green in the centre, with very broad white marginal variegation, the marginal portion being creamy yellow in a young state. 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

DAHLIAS.

Choice Exhibition Varieties, 9*s.*, 12*s.*, 18*s.* and 30*s.* per dozen.
Choice Exhibition Varieties, Fancy Flowers, 9*s.*, 12*s.*, 18*s.* and 30*s.* per dozen.
Dwarf Bedding Varieties, 9*s.* and 12*s.* per dozen.
Bouquet or Pompon Varieties, 9*s.* and 12*s.* per dozen.

SINGLE-FLOWERED DAHLIAS.

These are extremely effective as decorative plants for grouping in beds or borders, and their blossoms are very useful for cutting; they bloom so continuously and profusely that they are highly attractive. 12*s.* and 18*s.* per dozen.

DELPHINIUMS.

These handsome-flowered perennials are extremely showy and effective; and from the various shades of blue to be met with in their fine spikes of blossom, they are among the most attractive features in a garden. 12*s.* and 18*s.* per dozen.

ECHEVERIA AGAVOIDES, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— CARINATA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— CŒRULESCENS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— GLAUCO-METALLICA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— GRANDISEPALA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— IMBRICATA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— METALLICA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— MUTABILIS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— OVATA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— PEACOCKII (DE SMETIANA), 2*s.* 6*d.*
ECHEVERIA PRUINOSA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— RETUSA FLORIBUNDA SPLENDENS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— GLAUCA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— ROSEO-PICTA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— SCAPHYLLA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— SCHEIDECKERI, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— SECUNDA, 9*d.* each; 6*s.* per dozen
—— —— GLAUCA, 9*d.* each; 6*s.* per dozen
—— SPATHULATA, 2*s.* 6*d.*

GAILLARDIA ADMIRATION.

A very fine free-blooming variety, producing large reddish crimson flowers bordered with citron-yellow. 2*s.* 6*d.*

IRESINE WALLISII, 1*s.*
LANTANAS, of sorts, 18*s.* per dozen.

LOBELIA ERINUS.

This dwarf-growing section of the Lobelias is exceedingly useful and effective. Their neat and compact habit and the redundancy with which their blossoms are produced, render them almost invaluable for bedding, especially for edgings and ribbon borders.

ANNETTE, lilac, with white eye prettily spotted with lilac. 1*s.*

BLUE BONNET, bright blue, with white centre spotted with dark blue. 1*s.*

CELESTIAL, celestial blue, with white centre, attractively spotted with indigo-blue. 1*s.*

IMPERIAL, a splendid variety, of a lovely torquoise-blue colour with attractive white centre. 1*s.*

OMEN, a beautiful rose-coloured flower, with distinct white eye. 1*s.*

SERENA, pure white, with upper lobes and tubes light blue. 1*s.*

SPECIOSA ALBA, an extremely useful and effective variety, resembling the old *L. speciosa* in habit and growth, but having pure white flowers, which are produced in great profusion. 1*s.*

VIOLETTA, charming light blue, with white eye; a fine large flower, very pretty. 1*s.*

MATRICARIA INODORA FLORE-PLENO.

A very useful and exceedingly free-blooming plant, producing in the utmost profusion pure white flowers, which resemble those of a Pompon Chrysanthemum. The blooms keep fresh a long time, and are therefore of the greatest service for cutting for decoration. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MIMULUS.

The new and improved varieties of this showy flower are very handsome, many of them blotched or freckled and spotted, on white, sulphur and yellow grounds; the lobes margined with crimson and maroon. Selections at 9*s.*, 12*s.* and 18*s.* per dozen.

PENTSTEMONS.

As attractive and decorative plants, either for flower beds or borders, the modern varieties of Pentstemon have scarcely any rival, their cultivation being of the easiest description, while they are suitable to almost any soil, and their large and showy flowers are given with a remarkable redundancy from June to September. Choice sorts, 12*s.* and 18*s.* per dozen.

NEW PENTSTEMONS.

AVALANCHE, a fine variety, producing large white flowers shaded with salmon; very pretty. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CRATÈRE, a very fine large flower, of a dark reddish amaranth colour; the throat veined with reddish crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DIANE, dark rosy violet, the throat maculated and veined with purple; a very large flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GAULOIS, an enormous flower of a dark rose colour; the exterior violet, and the throat cream colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

JOCELYN, a well formed flower of a clear violet colour; the interior white, veined with purple. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LAMARTINE, a very large flower of a shining violet colour; the interior marked with bright red. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LUCRÈCE, white, bordered with clear violet; the exterior violet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PAUL VÉRONÈSE, a large well-formed flower, of a very dark rose colour; white throat. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VERCINGÉTORIX, dark rosy purple; the throat maculated with carmine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PETUNIAS.

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ALOCASIA JOHNSTONI
ANÆCTOCHILUS CONCINNUS
—— HIEROGLYPHICUS
—— INSCRIPTUS
—— ORNATUS
ANEMIDICTYON PHYLLITIDIS TESSELLATA
APHELANDRA PUMILA
ARTOCARPUS EBURNEA
ARUNDINA BAMBUSÆFOLIA
ASPLENIUM HETEROCHROUM
AZALEA EMBLEM
—— MARVEL
BOMAREA CARDERI
CALYPTRONOMA SWARTZII
CROTON AUREO-LINEATUS
—— CHALLENGER
—— GLORIOSUS
—— PRINCEPS
—— ROSEO-PICTUS
—— SUPERBIENS
—— TORQUATUS
—— TRIUMPHANS
—— WILLIAMSII
DAVIDSONIA PRURIENS
DENDROBIUM SUPERBIENS
DIEFFENBACHIA SHUTTLEWORTHII
DRACÆNA CRISTULA
—— GLADILINA
—— LUCINDA
ERANTHEMUM NIGRESCENS
GYMNOTHECA RADDIANA
HOMALOMENA PELTATA
MASDEVALLIA BELLA
PLECTOCOMIA HIMALAYANA
RUELLIA ROSEA
SELAGINELLA PERELEGANS (BELLULA)
—— VICTORIÆ
THRINAX BARBADENSIS,

NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1879.

Antigonon insigne
Asparagus falcatus
—— virgatus
Astrocaryum decorum
Bambusa nana
Bertolonia vittata
Bignonia magnifica
Bulbophyllum Beccarii
Carludovica Drudei
Ceratozamia fusco-viridis
Crinum amœnum
Croton chelsoni
Cyathea pubescens
Cycas siamensis
Cyphomandra argentea
Dendrobium chrysanthum
microphthalmum
Dipladenia rosacea
Doodia aspera multifida
Dracontium sculpturatum
Encephalartos Friderici-
Guilielmi
Ficus exsculpta
Gardenia globosa
Gentiana Kurroo
Hæmanthus Kalbreyeri
Hibiscus (rosa-sinensis)
zebrina
Iris Kæmpferi Chelsea
Hero
Ixora chelsoni
—— profusa
Jussiæa macrocarpa ciliata
Lælia anceps alba
Lastrea aristata variegata
Litobrochia comans densa
Oreodoxa granatensis
Panax plumatum
Pandanophyllum humile
Phyllanthus Seemannianus
Pieris ovalifolia densiflora
Polystichum lentum
—— viviparum
Pteris umbrosa cristata
Ruellia acutangula
Sarracenia atrosanguinea
—— crispata
—— flava ornata
Selaginella Kraussiana
aurea.

NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1880.

Asparagus plumosus
Dieffenbachia amœna
—— Carderi
—— delecta
—— Leopoldii
—— splendens
Drosera dichotoma rubra
Heterospathe elata
Juncus lætevirens
—— zebrinus
Maranta nitens
Pavonia Makoyana
Pelaroonium Maid of Kent
—— Princess of Wales
Philodendron Carderi
Selaginella caulescens
gracilis
Senecio speciosus.

NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1881.

Adiantum aneitense
Anthurium insigne
—— Scherzerianum maxi-
mum
Antigramma brasiliensis
Aphelandra punctata
Arundinaria khasiana
Azalea balsamæflora
Carludovica Wallisii
Chamæcladon rubens
Cœlogyne cristata alba
Croton Broomfieldii
—— eburneus
—— elegantissimus
—— formosus
—— Kinoianus
—— ornatus
Croton vittatus
Davallia fijiensis
Dieffenbachia costata
—— insignis
—— nitida
—— triumphans
Dipladenia carissima
—— delecta
—— diadema
Dracæna Lindeni
Eranthemum eboracense
Heliconia aureo-striata
Isoloma hirsuta
Ixora bella
—— eximia
—— illustris
—— ornata
Ixora picturata
—— splendida
Lathyrus splendens
Microstylis chlorophrys
—— metallica
Musa uranoscopas
Pitcairnia bromeliæfolia
Pothos aurea
Pritchardia grandis
Rhododendron assamicum
Schismatoglottis longis-
patha
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